# LOCATION LOCATION LOCATION

The power of location.



## **Corporate Profile**

First Capital Realty (TSX: FCR) is Canada's leading owner, developer and manager of well-located, high quality urban retail-centered properties where people live and shop for everyday life. As at June 30, 2014, the Company owned interests in 164 properties, totalling approximately 24.4 million square feet of gross leasable area. First Capital Realty has an enterprise value of approximately \$7.9 billion and its common shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange.

## **Financial Highlights**

(thousands of dollars, except per share and other data) As at	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Total assets	\$ 8,018,000	\$ 7,596,000
Equity market capitalization (1)	\$ 3,905,000	\$ 3,690,000
Total enterprise value (2)	\$ 7,894,000	\$ 7,319,000
Number of properties	164	164
Gross leasable area (square feet)	24,373,000	24,462,000
Net debt to total assets (3)	43.1%	42.9%
Net debt to total market capitalization (3)	43.7%	44.3%
Common shares outstanding (in thousands)	209,736	208,356
Quarterly dividends per common share	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.21
Six months ended June 30		
(thousands of dollars, except per share and other data)	2014	2013
Property rental revenue (4)	\$ 326,348	\$ 317,832
Net Operating Income ("NOI") (2) (4)	\$ 202,235	\$ 198,570
Funds from Operations ("FFO") (2)		
FFO	\$ 107,492	\$ 106,186
FFO per diluted share	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.51
FFO payout ratio	82.1%	82.5%
FFO excluding other gains (losses) and (expenses)	\$ 107,485	\$ 105,734
FFO per diluted share excluding other gains (losses) and (expenses)	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.51
Adjusted Funds from Operations ("AFFO") (2)		
AFFO	\$ 110,939	\$ 111,951
AFFO per diluted share	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.50
AFFO payout ratio	85.9%	84.3%
AFFO excluding other gains (losses) and (expenses)	\$ 110,299	\$ 106,915
AFFO per diluted share excluding other gains (losses) and (expenses)	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.48

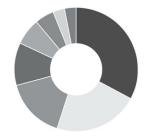
 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{(1)}}$  Equity market capitalization includes the market value of common shares.

<sup>(2)</sup> Enterprise value, Net Operating Income ("NOI"), Funds from Operations ("FFO") and Adjusted Funds from Operations ("AFFO") are measures of operating performance that are not defined by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Refer to the "Capital Structure and Liquidity – Capital Employed" and "Results of Operations" sections of this MD&A for details.

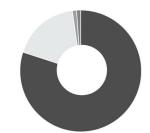
<sup>(3)</sup> Calculated with all joint ventures proportionately consolidated.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes the Company's share of property rental revenue and NOI relating to its joint venture accounted for on the equity basis in the interim consolidated financial statements. Refer to the "Results of Operations – Net Income" section of this MD&A.

### Markets\*



• Greater Toronto Area 32% Calgary/Edmonton/Red Deer 23% Greater Montreal Area 16% • Greater Vancouver Area Ottawa/Gatineau 7% Golden Horseshoe 6% Southwestern Ontario Quebec City 3% \* Annual Minimum Rents



- Large Urban Market 18% Medium Market Small Market A 1% Small Market B 1%
- DEFINITION

Large Urban Market: Population Greater Than 100,000 Medium Market: Population 30,000 – 100,000 Small Market A: Population 20,001 – 29,999 Small Market B: Population Smaller Than 20,000 Source: Statistics Canada As of June 30, 2014

# **Shopping For Everyday Life**®

	#of stores	% of rent	tenants
Supermarkets <sup>(1)</sup>	125	17.1%	TLoblaws Sobeys & METRO save@foods WHOLE FOODS Longois
Liquor Stores	91	3.1%	BC LIQUORSTORES L(B)
Banks & other Financial Institutions	306	9.8%	© Desjardins ID SEE SEE BMO C SECURIOR HSBC ▼
Drugstores	134	9.4%	SHOPPERS CONDON Rexal
Medical, Personal Services and Professional	1,265	12.6%	Alberta Health Services
Fitness	65	2.6%	Goodlife LAIFITNESS.
Daycare Centres and Schools	55	0.6%	edleun Street Internal powers MUMON OFFICE CHIEF PERCHADAL INC.
National & Discount Retailers	184	14.7%	WINNERS COLLABAMA(I) TO CAMETE STANCES RONA Walmart X WINNERS
Casual Dining & QSR	597	7.3%	aroma Tim Hortons ( SUESUEXT Magamen ( Wennys

As of June 30, 2014

(1) 43 of 125 supermarkets have a pharmacy

# MD&A

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# Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Position and Results of Operations

#### INTRODUCTION

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the financial position and results of operations for First Capital Realty Inc. ("First Capital Realty" or the "Company") is intended to provide readers with an assessment of performance and summarize the results of operations and financial position for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. It should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 contained in the Company's 2013 Annual Report. Additional information, including the Company's 2013 Annual Report and current Annual Information Form, is available on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com and on the Company's website at www.firstcapitalrealty.ca.

All amounts are in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted. Historical results and percentage relationships contained in the Company's interim unaudited and annual consolidated audited financial statements and MD&A, including trends which might appear, should not be taken as indicative of its future operations. The information contained in this MD&A is based on information available to Management, and is dated as of July 28, 2014.

First Capital Realty was incorporated in November 1993 and conducts its business directly and through subsidiaries.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT ADVISORY

Certain statements contained in the "Business Overview and Strategy", "Outlook and Current Business Environment", "Business and Operations Review", "Results of Operations", "Capital Structure and Liquidity", "Summary of Significant Accounting Estimates and Policies" and "Controls and Procedures" sections of this MD&A constitute forward-looking statements. Other statements concerning First Capital Realty's objectives and strategies and Management's beliefs, plans, estimates and intentions also constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements can generally be identified by the expressions "anticipate", "believe", "plan", "estimate", "project", "expect", "intend", "outlook", "objective", "may", "will", "should", "continue" and similar expressions. The forward-looking statements are not historical facts but, rather, reflect the Company's current expectations regarding future results or events and are based on information currently available to Management. Certain material factors and assumptions were applied in providing these forwardlooking statements. Forward-looking information involves numerous assumptions such as rental income (including assumptions on timing of lease-up, development coming on line and levels of percentage rent), interest rates, tenant defaults, borrowing costs (including the underlying interest rates and credit spreads), the general availability of capital and the stability of the capital markets, amount of development costs, capital expenditures, operating costs and corporate expenses, level and timing of acquisitions of income-producing properties, number of shares outstanding and numerous other factors. Moreover, the assumptions underlying the Company's forward-looking statements contained in the "Outlook and Current Business Environment" section of this MD&A also include that consumer demand will remain stable, and demographic trends will continue.

Management believes that the expectations reflected in forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions; however, Management can give no assurance that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from current expectations, including the matters discussed in the "Risks and Uncertainties" section of this MD&A and the matters discussed under "Risk Factors" in the Company's current Annual Information Form from time to time.

Factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those expressed, implied or projected by forward-looking statements, in addition to those factors referenced above, include, but are not limited to: general economic conditions; real property ownership; the availability of a new competitive supply of retail properties which may become available either through construction, lease or sublease; First Capital Realty's ability to maintain occupancy and to lease or re-lease space at current or anticipated rents; repayment of indebtedness and the availability of debt and equity financing; changes in interest rates and credit spreads; changes to credit ratings; tenant financial difficulties; defaults and bankruptcies; the relative illiquidity of real property; unexpected costs or liabilities related to acquisitions, development and construction; increases in operating costs and property taxes; residential development, sales and leasing; compliance with financial covenants; changes in governmental regulation; environmental liability and compliance costs; unexpected costs or liabilities related to dispositions; challenges associated with the integration of acquisitions into the Company;

uninsured losses and First Capital Realty's ability to obtain insurance coverage at a reasonable cost; risks in joint ventures; matters associated with significant shareholders; geographic concentration of assets; investments subject to credit and market risk; loss of key personnel; and the ability of health care tenants to maintain licenses, certifications and accreditations.

Readers, therefore, should not place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. Further, a forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made. First Capital Realty undertakes no obligation to publicly update any such statement or to reflect new information or the occurrence of future events or circumstances except as required by applicable securities law.

All forward-looking statements in this MD&A are made as of July 28, 2014 and are qualified by these cautionary statements.

#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND STRATEGY**

First Capital Realty (TSX:FCR) is Canada's leading owner, developer and manager of well-located, high quality urban retail-centered properties where people live and shop for everyday life. As at June 30, 2014, the Company owned interests in 164 properties, totalling approximately 24.4 million square feet of gross leasable area ("GLA").

First Capital Realty's primary strategy is the creation of value over the long term by generating sustainable cash flow and capital appreciation of its shopping centre portfolio. To achieve the Company's strategic objectives, Management continues to:

- undertake selective development, redevelopment and repositioning activities on its properties including land use intensification;
- be focussed and disciplined in acquiring well-located properties, primarily centres where there are value creation opportunities and sites adjacent to existing properties in the Company's target urban markets;
- proactively manage its existing shopping centre portfolio to drive rent growth;
- increase efficiency and productivity of operations; and
- maintain financial strength to achieve the lowest cost of capital.

#### Shopping for Everyday Life®

The Company owns, develops and manages properties that provide consumers with products and services that are considered to be daily necessities or non-discretionary expenditures. Currently, over 80% of the Company's revenues come from tenants providing these daily necessity products and services, including supermarkets, drugstores, banks, liquor stores, national discount retailers, quick service restaurants, fitness, medical and other personal services.

Management looks to implement a specific complementary tenant offering at each of its properties to best serve the needs of the local community. The Company is highly focussed on ensuring the competitive position of its assets in various urban and retail trade areas and closely follows demographics and shopping trends for both goods and services.

The Company continues to observe several demographic trends that may affect demand for retail goods and services, including a younger generation of consumers whose shopping patterns are influenced by wireless communications and on-line business and information and an aging population whose needs will increasingly focus on convenience and health related goods and services. Another trend that Management observes relates to lifestyles in urban markets, where consumers choose to incorporate visits to gyms, coffee shops and local restaurants into their everyday life. In Management's view, shopping centres and mixed-use properties located in urban markets with tenants providing daily necessities, including non-discretionary services and other personal services, will be less sensitive to both economic cycles and the current demographic trends, thus providing stable and growing cash flow over the long term.

#### **Urban Focus**

The Company targets specific urban markets with stable and/or growing populations. Specifically, the Company intends to continue to operate primarily in and around its target urban markets of the greater Toronto area, including the Golden Horseshoe area and London; the Calgary and Edmonton areas; the greater Vancouver area, including Vancouver Island; the greater Montreal area; the Ottawa and Gatineau region; and Québec City. Approximately 95% of the Company's annual minimum rent is derived from these urban markets.

The Company has achieved critical mass in its target markets, which helps generate economies of scale and operating synergies, as well as real-time local knowledge of its properties, tenants, neighbourhoods and the markets in which it operates. Within each of these markets, the Company targets well-located properties with strong demographics that Management expects will attract quality tenants with long lease terms. First Capital Realty assesses the quality of locations based on a number of factors in the trade area of a property, including demographic trends, potential for competitive retail space and existing and potential tenants in the market.

#### Acquisitions

Management seeks to acquire well-located, high quality urban retail-centered properties in the Company's target urban markets focussing on the quality, sustainability and growth potential of rental income. These properties are acquired when they complement or add value to the existing portfolio or provide opportunity for redevelopment or repositioning. Once the Company has acquired a property in a specific retail trade area, Management will look to acquire adjacent or nearby properties. These adjacent properties allow the Company to provide maximum flexibility to its tenant base to meet changing formats and size requirements over the long term. Adjacent properties also allow the Company to expand or intensify its existing property, providing a better retail product and service offering for consumers. Management believes that its adjacent site acquisitions result in a better mix of goods and services offered and, ultimately, a better long-term return on investment, with a lower level of risk.

Through acquisitions, the Company expands its presence in its target urban markets in Canada, and continues to generate greater economies of scale and leasing and operating synergies. Management will continue to look for strategic acquisitions, in both existing markets and markets where the Company does not yet have a presence.

The Company also recycles its capital to fund new investments by selling assets in certain markets that are no longer aligned with its core strategies.

#### Development, Redevelopment and Land Use Intensification

The Company pursues selective development and redevelopment activities including land use intensification projects, primarily on its own, but also with partners, in order to achieve a better return on its portfolio over the long term. The redevelopment activities are focussed primarily on the older, well-located shopping centres that the Company owns and actively seeks to acquire. These properties are redeveloped and expanded, over time, in conjunction with anchor tenant repositioning and changing retail environments. Redevelopment of existing properties generally carries a lower market risk due to the urban locations, existing tenant base and the land use intensification opportunities. Redevelopment projects are carefully managed to minimize tenant downtime. Typically, tenants continue to operate during the planning, zoning and leasing phases of the project with modest "holdover" income from tenants operating during this period. The Company will sometimes carry vacant space in a property for a planned future expansion of tenants or reconfiguration of a property.

Management believes that the Company's shopping centres, along with its portfolio of adjacent sites, gives it a unique opportunity to participate in urban land use intensification in its various markets. The land use intensification trend in the Company's target urban markets is driven by the costs for municipalities to expand infrastructure beyond existing urban boundaries, the desire by municipalities to increase their tax base, environmental considerations and the migration of people to vibrant urban centres. The Company's land use intensification activities are focussed primarily on increasing retail space on a property and, to a lesser degree, adding mixed-use density, including residential projects and office uses. The Company has proven development and redevelopment capabilities across the country to enable it to capitalize on these opportunities and expects these land use intensification activities to increase over the next several years. To a lesser degree, the Company develops new properties on ground-up sites and typically has at least one ground-up development project in the planning stage or underway in each region.

Investments in redevelopment and development projects are generally less than 10% of the Company's total assets (at invested cost) at any given time. Development activities are strategically managed to reduce leasing risks by obtaining lease commitments from anchor and major tenants prior to commencing construction. The Company also uses experts including architects, engineers and urban planning consultants, and negotiates competitive fixed-price construction contracts.

These development and land use intensification activities provide the Company with an opportunity to use its existing platform to sustain and increase cash flow and realize capital appreciation over the long term through its ownership and development activities.

#### **Proactive Management**

The Company views proactive management of its existing portfolio and newly acquired properties as a core competency and an important part of its strategy. Proactive management means the Company continues to invest in properties to ensure that they remain competitive by attracting quality retail tenants and their customers over the long term. Specifically, Management strives to create and maintain the highest standards in lighting, parking, access and general appearance of the Company's properties. The Company's proactive management strategies have historically contributed to improvements in occupancy levels and average lease rates throughout the portfolio.

The Company is fully internalized and all value creation activities, including development management, leasing, property management, lease administration, legal, construction management and tenant co-ordination functions, are directly managed and executed by experienced real estate professionals. Corporate financing, human resources, and most of senior management are centralized at the Company's head office location in Toronto. Property management and operations are centralized in order to ensure that consistent standards of operation and maintenance are achieved. Real estate acquisitions, development and redevelopment, leasing, and construction are executed through local teams located in the Company's offices in Toronto, Montreal, Ottawa, Calgary, Edmonton and Vancouver in order to effectively serve the major urban markets where First Capital Realty operates. In addition, the Company's management team possesses significant retail experience, which contributes to the Company's in-depth knowledge of its tenants and market trends.

The Company operates solely in Canada, in three operating regions, reporting to a regional executive, as follows: Eastern region, which primarily includes operations in Quebec and the Ottawa area; Central region, which includes the Company's Ontario operations, excluding Ottawa; and Western region, which includes operations in Alberta and British Columbia.

#### **Increasing Efficiency and Productivity of Operations**

The Company continues to focus on operating efficiency as it grows its business. Management is continuously implementing and improving processes and systems necessary to capture, record and report both operating and financial results, and effectively manage business execution while achieving higher levels of efficiency.

#### **Cost of Capital**

The Company seeks to maintain financial strength in order to achieve the lowest cost of debt and equity capital over the long term. The Company's capital structure is key to financing growth and providing sustainable cash dividends to its shareholders. In the real estate industry, financial leverage is used to enhance rates of return on invested capital. Management believes that First Capital Realty's capital structure composition of senior unsecured debt, mortgage debt, convertible debentures and equity provides financing flexibility and reduces risks, while generating an acceptable return on investment, taking into account the long-term business strategy of the Company. The Company uses convertible debentures where both the interest and principal are payable in shares. The Company also recycles capital through selective disposition of full or partial interests in properties. Where it is deemed appropriate, the Company will raise equity to finance its growth and strengthen its financial position.

DBRS Limited ("DBRS") has rated the Company's senior unsecured debentures as BBB(high), and Moody's has rated these debentures as Baa2, giving the Company the highest rating on unsecured debentures for a real estate entity in Canada (presently held by the Company and one other public Canadian real estate entity). Management believes that this, along with the quality of the Company's real estate portfolio and other business attributes, contribute to reducing the Company's cost of capital.

#### **Corporate Responsibility and Sustainability**

First Capital Realty builds value by creating and managing high-quality properties with long-term appeal in neighbourhoods and communities that the Company believes will have a good and growing customer base well into the future. The Company also takes a highly disciplined approach to the development and redevelopment of the Company's properties across Canada. In 2006, the Company embarked on the path towards sustainability with a commitment to develop all future properties to Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design ("LEED") standards. In 2009, the Company published its first Corporate Sustainability Report identifying five long-term goals. Since then, the Company has published Corporate Responsibility and Sustainability ("CRS") Reports for 2010, 2011 and 2012. These CSR reports comply with the Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI"), an international non-profit organization whose mandate is to establish guidelines for CRS reports. The Company is proud to be Canada's first publicly traded real estate company to issue a GRI-compliant and externally assured CRS report.

In April 2014, First Capital Realty was ranked sixth ranking in Corporate Knights Inaugural *Future 40 Responsible Corporate Leaders in Canada*. This ranking evaluated more than 200 companies with revenues of less than \$2.0 billion dollars for their sustainability and disclosure practices. First Capital Realty was the highest ranked real estate company in this list. In June 2014, the Company responded to the Investor 2014 Carbon Disclosure Project information request.

On the environmental front, the Company continues to develop its properties to LEED standards subject to tenant acceptance. As at June 30, 2014, 56 projects at 34 properties comprising over 1.2 million square feet of GLA were certified to LEED standards. Another 74 projects at 44 properties comprising over 2.6 million square feet of GLA are under development, in the process of construction or awaiting LEED certification.

Reducing energy and water consumption is also a key part of the sustainability strategy, and the Company continues to implement energy and water conservation measures, such as retrofitting lighting and water fixtures to more efficient technology. All of these initiatives enhance the properties' environmental performance and many of them reduce operating costs, benefiting the Company's tenants and shareholders.

Management strives to maintain the highest levels of integrity and ethical business practices in all that it does. The Company's governance structure, Code of Conduct and Ethics, and all of its employee guidelines and policies are aimed at ensuring that all employees remain good corporate citizens focussed on building the long-term value of the Company.

For more information on the Company's Corporate Responsibility and Sustainability practices, refer to the latest full report at www.firstcapitalrealty.ca.

#### **Adoption of New Accounting Standards**

The interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 have been prepared by applying the same accounting policies and methods of computation as compared with the most recent annual consolidated audited financial statements, except for the adoption of IFRIC 21, "Levies" ("IFRIC 21") and the interpretation of IAS 17, "Leases" ("IAS 17") with respect to the meaning of "incremental costs".

The Company adopted each of the standards below on January 1, 2014:

#### (a) Levies

IFRIC 21 clarifies that an entity recognizes a liability for a levy when the activity that triggers payment, as identified by the relevant legislation, occurs. It also clarifies that a levy liability is accrued ratably only if the activity that triggers payment occurs over a period of time, in accordance with the relevant legislation. The interpretation applies to realty taxes and has been applied retrospectively to the prior period presented. For a levy that is triggered upon reaching a minimum threshold, the interpretation clarifies that no liability should be anticipated before the specified minimum threshold is reached. The interpretation does not apply to accounting for income taxes or fines and penalties.

The primary consideration for the Company, in the adoption of IFRIC 21, relates to the timing of recognizing a liability to pay realty taxes. The adoption of IFRIC 21 did not result in a material impact to the interim consolidated financial statements, as the relevant municipal legislation governing realty taxes indicates that recognition progressively through the year is appropriate, which is consistent with the Company's current accounting.

#### (b) Internal Leasing Costs

In March 2014, the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") issued a decision related to the meaning of "incremental costs" in the context of initial direct leasing costs in IAS 17. The IFRIC determined that internal fixed costs, such as the salary costs of permanent staff involved in negotiating and arranging new leases, do not qualify as incremental costs within the context of IAS 17 and, therefore, should not be capitalized as initial direct leasing costs.

Prior to January 1, 2014, the Company's accounting policy was to capitalize internal leasing costs to investment properties, which was then adjusted to fair value through net income. Adoption of this interpretation resulted in an increase in corporate expenses and an increase in fair value gains (or decrease in fair value losses) on investment properties in the Consolidated Statements of Income, with no change in net income. There is no material impact on the Consolidated Balance Sheets or the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The impact of the Company's adoption of the interpretation on the Consolidated Statements of Income for the year ended December 31, 2013 is as follows:

(thousands of dollars)		Year ended			
	March 31, 2013	June 30, 2013	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Increase in value of investment properties, net	\$ 1,436 \$	1,103	\$ 1,125	\$ 1,083	\$ 4,747
Increase in corporate expenses	1,436	1,103	1,125	1,083	4,747
Net income impact	_	_	_	_	_

#### **SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED INFORMATION AND HIGHLIGHTS**

As at June 30		
(thousands of dollars, except other data)	2014	2013
Operations Information		
Number of properties	164	164
GLA (square feet)	24,373,000	24,123,000
Occupancy – same property – stable (1)	96.8%	96.4%
Total portfolio occupancy	95.5%	95.2%
Pipeline of development and adjacent land (GLA) (2)	2,249,000	2,529,000
Average rate per occupied square foot	\$ <b>18.13</b> \$	17.73
GLA developed and brought on line year-to-date (square feet)	55,000	199,000
Same property – stable NOI (3) (4)		
– increase over prior year	1.5%	3.2%
Total same property NOI (3) (4)		
– increase over prior year	2.5%	3.7%
Financial Information		
Investment properties – shopping centres (5)	\$ <b>7,283,908</b> \$	6,920,530
Investment properties – development land (5)	\$ <b>154,465</b> \$	134,425
Total assets	\$ <b>8,017,673</b> \$	7,531,620
Mortgages and credit facilities	\$ <b>1,269,633</b> \$	1,387,240
Senior unsecured debentures payable	\$ <b>2,313,149</b> \$	1,812,483
Convertible debentures payable	\$ <b>375,876</b> \$	373,356
Shareholders' equity	\$ <b>3,363,510</b> \$	3,304,866
Capitalization and Leverage		
Shares outstanding (in thousands)	209,736	207,594
Enterprise value (6)	\$ <b>7,894,000</b> \$	7,310,000
Net debt to total assets (6) (7)	43.1%	41.9%
Net debt to enterprise value (6) (7)	43.7%	42.8%
Net debt to EBITDA – based on run rate on components of EBITDA (5) (6) (10)	8.28	7.96
Weighted average maturity on mortgages and senior unsecured debentures (years) (8)	5.9	5.9

	Т	hree month	s en	ded June 30		Six months ended June 30					
(thousands of dollars, except per share and other data)		2014		2013		2014		2013			
Revenues, Income and Cash Flows											
Revenues <sup>(9)</sup>	\$	163,996	\$	161,323	\$	329,473	\$	320,411			
Net operating income (3) (9)	\$	102,042	\$	99,392	\$	200,626	\$	197,135			
Corporate expenses, excluding non-cash compensation and incremental leasing costs											
As a percentage of rental revenue		3.49	6	3.49	6	3.49	6	3.3%			
As a percentage of total assets	0.27%			0.28%	6	0.28%	6	0.28%			
Increase in value of investment properties, net	\$	43,476	\$	41,848	\$	37,188	\$	57,446			
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$	77,707	\$	73,163	\$	112,921	\$	125,883			
Net income per share attributable to common shareholders (diluted)	\$	0.36	\$	0.34	\$	0.53	\$	0.60			
Adjusted cash flow from operating activities (6)	\$	57,265	\$	56,476	\$	120,210	\$	112,422			
Dividends											
Regular dividends	\$	44,214	\$	43,759	\$	88,181	\$	87,345			
Regular dividends per common share	\$	0.21	\$	0.21	\$	0.42	\$	0.42			
Weighted average number of common shares – diluted (in											
thousands)		231,141		225,785		231,162		224,735			
Funds from Operations ("FFO") (3)											
FFO	\$	54,031	\$	53,305	\$	107,492	\$	106,186			
FFO per diluted share	\$	0.26	\$	0.26	\$	0.51	\$	0.51			
FFO excluding other gains (losses) and (expenses)	\$	55,412	\$	53,846	\$	107,485	\$	105,734			
FFO per diluted share excluding other gains (losses) and (expenses)	\$	0.26	\$	0.26	\$	0.51	\$	0.51			
Adjusted Funds from Operations ("AFFO") (3)											
AFFO	\$	56,961	\$	57,699	\$	110,939	\$	111,951			
AFFO per diluted share	\$	0.25	\$	0.26	\$	0.49	\$	0.50			
AFFO excluding other gains (losses) and (expenses)	\$	56,805	\$	55,158	\$	110,299	\$	106,915			
AFFO per diluted share excluding other gains (losses) and (expenses)	\$	0.25	\$	0.24	\$	0.49	\$	0.48			

<sup>(1)</sup> Same property – stable comparative information is revised to reflect property categories consistent with current period status.

<sup>(2)</sup> Square footage does not include potential development on properties held through the Company's Main and Main Developments subsidiary. See the "Business and Operations Review – 2014 Investment Property Development and Redevelopment Activities" section of this MD&A.

NOI, FFO and AFFO are measures of operating performance that are not defined by IFRS. See the "Results of Operations" section of this MD&A.

<sup>(4)</sup> Calculated based on the year-to-date NOI.

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes properties classified as held for sale.

<sup>(6)</sup> Enterprise value, debt, net debt, EBITDA, run rate and adjusted cash flow from operating activities (adjusted for the net change in non-cash operating items, receipt of proceeds from sales of residential inventory and expenditures on residential development inventory) are measures not defined by IFRS. See the "Capital Structure and Liquidity" section of this MD&A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(7)</sup> Calculated with the joint venture and Main and Main Developments proportionately consolidated.

<sup>(8)</sup> Weighted average term to maturity is calculated net of cash balances as at the end of the period.

 $<sup>^{(9)}</sup>$  Calculated excluding the Company's proportionate share of the joint venture.

<sup>(10)</sup> Calculated with the joint venture proportionately consolidated and cash balances reducing debt.

#### **BUSINESS AND OPERATIONS REVIEW**

#### **Real Estate Investments**

#### **Investment Property Categories**

The Company categorizes its properties for the purposes of evaluating operating performance including same property NOI. This enables the Company to reflect better its development, redevelopment and repositioning activities on its properties, including land use intensification, and its completed and planned disposition activities. In addition, the Company revises comparative information to reflect property categories consistent with current period status. The property categories are as follows:

Investment properties – shopping centres: Same property consisting of:

Same property – stable – includes stable properties where the only significant activities are leasing and ongoing maintenance. Properties that will be undergoing a redevelopment in a future period, including adjacent parcels of land, and those having planning activities underway are also in this category until such development activities commence. At that time, the property will be reclassified to either same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion activities or to major redevelopment.

Same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion – includes properties that are largely stable, including adjacent parcels of land, but are undergoing incremental redevelopment or expansion activities (pads or building extensions) which intensify the land use. Such redevelopment activities often include facade, parking, lighting and building upgrades.

*Major redevelopment* – includes properties in planning or undergoing multi-year redevelopment projects with significant intensification, reconfiguration and building and tenant upgrades.

Ground-up development – consists of new construction, either on a vacant land parcel typically situated in an urban area or on an urban land site with conversion of an existing vacant building to retail use.

Acquisitions and dispositions – includes properties and properties adjacent to the Company's existing properties included in other categories that were acquired during the period. Dispositions include information for properties disposed of in the period.

*Investment properties classified as held for sale* – represents those properties classified on the Consolidated Balance Sheets which meet the criteria as described in the "Business and Operations Review – Investment Properties Classified as Held For Sale" section of this MD&A.

*Investment properties – development land –* comprises land sites where there are no development activities underway, except for those in the planning stage.

The Company has applied the above property categorization to the fair value, capital expenditures and leasing and occupancy activity on its shopping centre portfolio, and to its same property NOI analysis to further assist in understanding the Company's real estate activities and its operating and financial performance.

# Reconciliation of Investment Properties – Shopping Centres, as presented, to the Company's Proportionate Interest

Proportionate interest is not an IFRS measure, but is defined by Management as the Company's proportionate share of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities in all of its real estate investments. This presentation is reflected throughout this MD&A to indicate the Company's equity accounted joint venture and the related share of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities from its equity accounted joint venture on a proportionately consolidated basis at the Company's ownership percentage in the joint venture.

The following table provides the reconciliation of the Company's investment properties – shopping centres, as presented in its interim consolidated financial statements to proportionate interest.

(millions of dollars)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Fair value of investment properties – shopping centres, as presented	\$ 7,284	7,126
Investment in joint venture: fair value of investment properties – shopping centres	49	49
Proportionate interest in fair value of investment properties – shopping centres	\$ 7,333	7,175

#### Portfolio Overview

As at June 30, 2014, the Company had interests in 164 investment properties – shopping centres, that were 95.5% occupied with a total GLA of 24.4 million square feet. This compares to 164 investment properties – shopping centres which were 95.5% occupied with a total GLA of 24.5 million square feet as at December 31, 2013. The average size of the shopping centres is approximately 150,000 square feet, with sizes ranging from approximately 20,000 to over 575,000 square feet.

The same property portfolio includes shopping centres categorized in same property – stable and same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion. The same property portfolio is comprised of 131 properties totalling 19.0 million square feet of GLA with a fair value of \$5.4 billion. These properties represent 80% of the Company's property count, 78% of its GLA and 74% of its fair value. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, these properties generated \$152.3 million of NOI which is 75% of the Company's total NOI for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The stability of the portfolio is reflected in the high occupancy of 96.4% as at June 30, 2014, slightly lower than 96.5% as at December 31, 2013.

The Company's proportionate interest in its shopping centre portfolio based on property categorization is summarized as follows:

				June 3	30, 2014				December 3	31, 2013
(millions of dollars, except other data)	Number of Properties	Gross Leasable Area (000s sq. ft.)	Fair Value	Occupancy %	Weighted Average Rate per square foot	Number of Properties	Gross Leasable Area (000s sq. ft.)	Fair Value	Occupancy %	Weighted Average Rate per square foot
Same property – stable	106	14,508 \$	4,095	96.8% \$	18.04	106	14,604	\$ 4,108	96.8% \$	17.94
Same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion	25	4,480	1,305	95.3%	17.84	25	4,463	1,186	95.6%	17.64
Total same property	131	18,988	5,400	96.4%	17.99	131	19,067	5,294	96.5%	17.87
Major redevelopment	13	3,015	1,041	91.8%	17.91	13	3,089	1,004	91.1%	17.89
Ground-up development	5	674	348	98.4%	22.87	4	674	320	98.2%	22.80
Acquisitions – 2014 (1)	1	203	56	92.2%	26.26	_	_	_	-%	_
Acquisitions – 2013 (1)	2	278	230	92.7%	28.10	2	287	226	94.0%	27.92
Investment properties classified as held for sale	12	1,215	258	90.6%	14.42	12	1,318	294	91.0%	14.81
Dispositions – 2014	_	_	_	-%	_	2	27	37	100.0%	8.50
Total	164	24,373 \$	7,333	95.5% \$	18.13	164	24,462	\$ 7,175	95.5% \$	17.96

<sup>(1)</sup> Acquisitions square footage and fair value includes eight adjacent properties and land parcels (2013 – 16 adjacent properties and land parcels) to the Company's existing properties reflected in other categories in the table.

The balance of the Company's real estate assets consist of shopping centres with significant value enhancement opportunities that are in various stages of redevelopment, shopping centres and properties adjacent to existing properties acquired in 2014 or 2013, and properties held for sale. The Company pursues selective development and redevelopment activities including land use intensification projects, primarily on its own, but also with partners, in order to achieve a better return on its portfolio over the long term. The redevelopment activities are focussed primarily on older, well-located shopping centres that the Company owns and actively seeks to acquire. These properties are redeveloped and expanded, over time, in conjunction with anchor tenant repositioning and changing retail environments.

Redevelopment of existing properties generally carries a lower market risk due to the urban locations, existing tenant base and land use intensification opportunities.

A summary of the Company's shopping centre portfolio by property count and status of value enhancement activities as at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (as previously reported) is as follows:

As at June 30, 2014								
	Same property – stable	Same property with incremental expansion	Major redevelopment	Ground-up development	Acquisitions – CY and PY	Held for sale	Total	Development land
Stabilized	87	7	_	_	3	12	109	_
At completion	_	4	4	2	_	_	10	_
Active development	_	3	3	3	_	_	9	_
In pre-development	_	4	6	_	_	_	10	_
Early planning stages	19	7	_	_	_	_	26	_
Total property count	106	25	13	5	3	12	164	_
As at December 31, 2013	92	30	16	4	15	7	164	1

Refer to the "Business and Operations Review – 2014 Investment Property Development and Redevelopment Activities" section of this MD&A for further discussion relating to the Company's value enhancement activities.

The Company's shopping centre portfolio summarized by region is as follows:

As at					June	30, 2014		December 31, 2013							
(millions of dollars, except other data)	Number of Properties	Gross Leasable Area (000s sq. ft.)	Fair Value	Percent Occupied	Weighted Average Rate per Occupied Square Foot	% of Annual Minimum Rent	Number of Properties	Gross Leasable Area (000s sq. ft.)	Fair Value	Percent Occupied	Weighted Average Rate per Occupied Square Foot	% of Annual Minimum Rent			
Central Region															
Greater Toronto area	45	6,512	\$ 2,501	95.9% \$	20.88	32%	45	6,565	\$ 2,452	96.0%	\$ 20.58	32%			
Kitchener/ Waterloo	10	1,735	417	98.8%	15.08	6%	10	1,746	410	98.1%	14.78	6%			
London area	7	693	161	95.2%	15.07	2%	7	803	160	93.8%	14.22	3%			
	62	8,940	3,079	96.4%	19.28	40%	62	9,114	3,022	96.2%	19.08	41%			
Eastern Region															
Québec City	5	1,005	163	95.9%	10.85	3%	5	1,004	155	93.3%	11.32	3%			
Greater Montreal area	35	4,870	1,106	94.6%	14.80	16%	36	4,841	1,080	95.2%	14.84	16%			
Ottawa/Gatineau	13	1,949	438	96.5%	16.70	7%	13	1,929	423	96.7%	16.67	7%			
Other	1	121	22	98.2%	13.83	-%	1	122	22	98.2%	13.67	-%			
	54	7,945	1,729	95.3%	14.75	26%	55	7,896	1,680	95.4%	14.84	26%			
Western Region															
Calgary	17	2,837	992	96.9%	21.18	14%	16	2,705	947	96.9%	20.21	13%			
Edmonton	12	2,396	678	94.2%	18.13	9%	11	2,397	652	94.5%	18.04	9%			
Greater Vancouver area	19	2,255	855	92.8%	21.60	11%	20	2,350	874	92.9%	21.42	11%			
	48	7,488	2,525	94.8%	20.33	34%	47	7,452	2,473	94.9%	19.89	33%			
Total	164	24,373	\$ 7,333	95.5% \$	18.13	100%	164	24,462	\$ 7,175	95.5%	\$ 17.96	100%			

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - continued

Among First Capital Realty's portfolio are 25 retail assets (at 100%) each with a value greater than \$85 million or size greater than 300,000 square feet. Together, these 25 assets comprise \$3.0 billion or 40% of \$7.4 billion in aggregate IFRS value. Eighteen of these assets are categorized as stable or stable with incremental redevelopment and expansion and the balance of seven assets are in the major redevelopment or ground-up development category.

As at June 30, 2014, the weighted average occupancy on these stable assets is 97.4% and the weighted average run rate yield on invested cost and fair value is 7.65% and 5.53%, respectively. Same property NOI growth on these assets was 1.3% and 4.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. As at June 30, 2014, the weighted average occupancy on these stable assets with incremental redevelopment or expansion activities is 94.9% and the weighted average run rate yield on cost and fair value is 6.67% and 5.43%, respectively. The same property NOI growth on these assets was 7.8% and 10.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Once stabilized in terms of incremental redevelopment or expansion activities, the occupancy and yields are expected to increase.

As at June 30, 2014, the remaining large assets which comprise the seven development assets have a weighted average occupancy rate of 93.0% and a weighted average run rate yield on cost and fair value of 5.54% and 5.33%, respectively. These assets are expected to have improved operating metrics following completion of their various value creation activities.

The Company's largest properties (100% owned) as at June 30, 2014 are listed below:

Property Name, City, Province	Gross Leasable Area (sq. ft.)	IFRS Value (000s)	Invested Cost (000s)	Pr	eDev/UD <sup>(2)</sup> Bal (000s)	Q2 201 NOI Run Rat (000:	000000000
Same Property — Stable						•	
Cedarbrae Mall Assets, Toronto, ON	547,000	\$ 152,800	\$ 110,112	\$	_	\$ 8,88	1 98.4%
Northgate Centre, Edmonton, AB	487,000	151,441	77,697		_	8,15	0 94.7%
Meadowvale Town Centre Assets, Mississauga, ON	424,000	144,697	90,973		_	8,11	6 96.5%
Shops at New West, New Westminster, BC	202,000	120,430	119,877		_	4,51	8 88.6%
York Mills Gardens Assets, Toronto, ON	190,000	109,430	78,423		_	5,59	6 95.8%
Royal Oak Centre, Calgary, AB	336,000	102,272	57,849		_	5,82	0 100.0%
South Park Centre, Edmonton, AB	375,000	100,317	68,240		_	6,00	7 100.0%
Morningside Crossing Assets, Toronto, ON	304,000	99,943	86,549		_	5,62	3 97.4%
Appleby Village Assets, Burlington, ON	251,000	95,388	70,873		_	4,75	6 93.2%
Fairview Mall Assets, St. Catharines, ON	388,000	94,900	74,125		_	6,30	9 100.0%
Meadowlark Health and Shopping Centre, Edmonton, AB	299,000	88,237	86,772		_	5,68	4 100.0%
Brampton Corners Shopping Centre, Brampton, ON	302,000	75,052	44,374		_	4,42	5 100.0%
Same Property — with incremental redevelopment	t and expansion						
Shops at King Liberty Assets, Toronto, ON	293,000	148,391	124,266		6,191	7,61	3 99.3%
Westmount Shopping Centre Assets, Edmonton, AB	509,000	137,596	125,332		1,873	6,49	3 88.0%
Rutherford Marketplace, Vaughan, ON	194,000	117,294	108,544		16,318	5,55	1 100.0%
McKenzie Towne Centre Assets, Calgary, AB	214,000	98,497	50,169		319	5,32	5 97.7%
Carrefour St-Hubert Assets, Longueuil, QC	322,000	86,219	77,468		2,285	5,20	1 96.9%
Gloucester City Centre, Ottawa, ON	357,000	72,793	56,779		_	4,22	7 94.7%
Major redevelopment or ground-up development							
Yorkville Assets, Toronto, ON <sup>(1)</sup>	230,000	278,386	278,413		106,367	5,89	3 80.4%
Place Viau Assets, Montreal, QC	211,000	137,266	127,947		68,915	3,92	5 100.0%
Victoria Park Centres, Toronto, ON	484,000	130,946	131,018		53	7,28	0 95.5%
Mount Royal Village Assets, Calgary, AB	207,000	119,572	121,162		38,138	4,75	1 84.1%
Macleod Trail Assets, Calgary, AB	300,000	102,944	92,091		12,635	6,61	2 93.7%
Semiahmoo Shopping Centre, Surrey, BC	297,000	103,919	96,651		8,196	5,05	0 94.6%
Place Portobello Assets, Brossard, QC	575,000	91,999	89,213		3,474	5,22	5 95.5%
	8,298,000	\$ 2,960,729	\$ 2,444,917	\$	264,764	\$ 147,03	1 95.6%
Remainder of portfolio	16,075,000	4,419,255	3,725,621		153,188	268,49	0 95.5%
	24,373,000	\$ 7,379,984	\$ 6,170,538	\$	417,952	\$ 415,52	1 95.5%

<sup>(1)</sup> Fair value includes mortgage investment of \$47 million.

Refer to the Company's 2013 Annual Report for a brief profile of each of these properties.

<sup>(2)</sup> Pre-development/underdevelopment costs are included in the IFRS Value and Invested Cost.

#### Valuation of Investment Properties Under IFRS

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the weighted average stabilized capitalization rate of the Company's investment property portfolio decreased from 5.86% at December 31, 2013 to 5.85%, including the impact of dispositions, acquisitions, and development activities. The net increase in value of investment properties was \$37.2 million from December 31, 2013 to June 30, 2014, which was primarily due to compression in capitalization rates combined with higher stabilized net operating income ("SNOI"), partially offset by a 25 bps increase to capitalization rates relating to the Company's Vancouver Island investment property portfolio during Q1 2014. For the three months ended June 30, 2014, the fair value of the Company's investment properties increased by \$43.5 million.

The Company has three approaches to determine the fair value of an investment property at the end of each reporting period:

- 1. External appraisals by an independent national appraisal firm, in accordance with professional appraisal standards and IFRS. On an annual basis, the Company has an annual minimum threshold of approximately 25% (as measured by fair value) of the portfolio requiring external appraisal.
- 2. Internal appraisals by staff appraisers employed by the Company, in accordance with professional appraisal standards and IFRS.
- 3. Value updates primarily consisting of Management's review of the key assumptions from previous appraisals and updating the value for changes in the property cash flow, physical condition and changes in market conditions.

The selection of the approach for each property is made based upon the following criteria:

- Property type this includes an evaluation of a property's complexity, stage of development, time since acquisition, and other specific opportunities or risks associated with the property. Stable properties and recently acquired properties will generally receive a value update, while properties under development will typically be valued using internal or external appraisals until completion.
- Market risks specific risks in a region or a trade area may warrant a full external or internal appraisal for certain properties.
- Changes in overall economic conditions significant changes in overall economic conditions may increase the number of external or internal appraisals performed.
- Business needs financings or acquisitions and dispositions may require an external appraisal.

#### **Shopping Centres Valuation Method**

Shopping centres are appraised primarily using stabilized cash flows from existing tenants with the property in its existing state, since purchasers typically focus on expected income. External and internal appraisals are conducted using and placing reliance on both the direct capitalization method and the discounted cash flow method (including the estimated proceeds from a potential future disposition). Value updates are calculated using the direct capitalization method.

Properties undergoing development, redevelopment or expansion are valued using the stabilized cash flows expected upon completion, with a deduction for costs to complete the project; capitalization rates are adjusted to reflect lease-up assumptions and construction risk, when appropriate. Adjacent land parcels held for future development are valued based on comparable sales of commercial land. Fair value of properties under development includes a deduction for costs to complete of \$269.8 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, approximately 10% of the total fair value of shopping centres was determined through external appraisals (year ended December 31, 2013 – approximately 16%) and nil was determined through internal appraisals (year ended December 31, 2013 – approximately 10%).

The values of the Company's proportionate interest in its shopping centres and associated capitalization rates by region are as follows as at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

June 30, 2014							
		Са	pitalization	Rate			
(millions of dollars, except other data)	Number of Properties	Weighted Average	Median	Range		Fair Value	SNOI (1)
Central Region	62	5.71%	5.92%	5.25%-8.22%	\$	3,079	\$ 168
Eastern Region	54	6.26%	6.00%	5.75%-9.00%		1,729	107
Western Region	48	5.76%	5.75%	5.00%-7.00%		2,525	142
	164	5.85%	6.00%	5.00%-9.00%	\$	7,333	\$ 417

		Ca	pitalization	Rate		
(millions of dollars, except other data)	Number of Properties	Weighted Average	Median	Range	Fair Value	SNOI (1)
Central Region	62	5.75%	5.96%	5.25%-8.22%	\$ 3,022	\$ 167
Eastern Region	55	6.31%	6.25%	5.64%-9.00%	1,680	104
Western Region	47	5.70%	5.75%	5.00%-7.25%	2,473	143
	164	5.86%	6.00%	5.00%-9.00%	\$ 7,175	\$ 414

<sup>(1)</sup> SNOI is not a measure defined by IFRS. SNOI reflects long-term, stable property operations, assuming a certain level of vacancy, capital and operating expenditures required to maintain a stable occupancy rate. The average vacancy rates used in determining SNOI for non-anchor tenants generally range from 2% to 5%.

The sensitivity of the fair values of shopping centres to capitalization rates as at June 30, 2014 is set out in the table below:

Capitalization rate	Resulting increase (decrease) in value of shopping centres
(Decrease) increase	(millions of dollars)
(0.75)%	\$ 988
(0.50)%	\$ 628
(0.25)%	\$ 300
0.25%	\$ (275)
0.50%	\$ (529)
0.75%	\$ (763)

#### **Development Land Valuation Method**

The primary method of appraisal for development land is the comparable sales approach, which considers recent sales activity for similar land parcels in the same or similar markets to estimate a value on either a per acre basis or on a basis of per square foot buildable. Such values are applied to the Company's properties after adjusting for factors specific to the site, including its location, zoning, servicing and configuration. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, nil (year ended December 31, 2013 – approximately 17%) of the total fair value of development land was determined through external appraisals.

#### **Investment Properties – Shopping Centres**

A continuity of the Company's proportionate interest in investments in its shopping centre acquisitions, dispositions, development and portfolio improvement activities is summarized below:

Three months ended June 30		2014		2013
(millions of dollars)	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 7,210 \$	<b>6,052</b> \$	6,941 \$	5,810
Acquisitions				
Additional space adjacent to existing properties	_	_	74	74
Additional land parcels adjacent to existing properties	4	4	1	1
Development activities and portfolio improvements	50	50	60	60
Reclassifications from development land	18	18	_	_
Fair value increase	45	_	42	_
Dispositions	(35)	(34)	(197)	(178)
Other changes	(8)	(6)	_	_
Balance at end of period	\$ 7,284 \$	<b>6,084</b> \$	6,921 \$	5,767
Investment in joint venture – shopping centres	49	40	49	40
Proportionate interest end of period	\$ 7,333 \$	<b>6,124</b> \$	6,970 \$	5,807

Six months ended June 30		2014		2013
(millions of dollars)	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 7,126 \$	<b>5,963</b> \$	6,849 \$	5,732
Acquisitions				
Shopping centres	37	37	14	14
Additional space adjacent to existing properties	15	15	99	99
Additional land parcels adjacent to existing properties	6	6	2	2
Development activities and portfolio improvements	89	89	119	119
Reclassifications from development land	18	18	2	2
Fair value increase	40	_	58	_
Dispositions	(39)	(37)	(224)	(201)
Other changes	(8)	(7)	2	_
Balance at end of period	\$ 7,284 \$	<b>6,084</b> \$	6,921 \$	5,767
Investment in joint venture – shopping centres	49	40	49	40
Proportionate interest end of period	\$ 7,333 \$	<b>6,124</b> \$	6,970 \$	5,807

#### **Investment Properties – Development Land**

A continuity of the Company's proportionate interest in investments in its development land acquisitions, dispositions and development activities is summarized below:

Three months ended June 30	·		2014		2013
(millions of dollars)		Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost
Balance at beginning of period	\$	171 \$	<b>168</b> \$	137 \$	134
Acquisitions		15	15	_	_
Development activities		4	4	3	3
Dispositions		(17)	(13)	(7)	(7)
Reclassifications to shopping centres		(18)	(18)	_	_
Fair value increase (decrease)		(2)	_	1	_
Other		1	(1)	_	_
Balance at end of period	\$	154 \$	<b>155</b> \$	134 \$	130

Six months ended June 30	'	'	2014		2013
(millions of dollars)		Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost
Balance at beginning of period	\$	166 \$	<b>161</b> \$	127 \$	123
Acquisitions		19	19	12	12
Development activities		7	7	6	6
Dispositions		(17)	(13)	(10)	(9)
Reclassifications to shopping centres		(18)	(18)	(2)	(2)
Fair value increase (decrease)		(3)	_	1	_
Other		_	(1)	_	_
Balance at end of period	\$	154 \$	<b>155</b> \$	134 \$	130

#### 2014 Acquisitions

Total acquisitions of investment properties, which include shopping centres, additional space and adjacent lands and development lands, amounted to \$76.2 million, adding 0.2 million square feet of gross leasable area and 2.8 acres of land for future development.

Management will continue to be selective and take a highly disciplined approach to increasing the size and quality of the Company's property portfolio, seeking acquisitions that are operationally, financially and qualitatively accretive over the long term. Management looks for benefits from economies of scale and operating synergies in order to strengthen the Company's competitive position in its target urban markets. As well, Management seeks to enhance the tenant and geographic diversification of the portfolio.

#### **Shopping Centres**

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company invested \$36.7 million in the acquisition of a 50% interest in one shopping centre, comprising 128,000 square feet. The acquisition was in a new trade area in the Company's target urban markets and demonstrates the Company's continuing focus on acquiring well-located, high quality urban retail-centered properties. The acquisition is summarized in the table below:

Property Name	City	Province	Quarter Acquired	New Trade Area	Supermarket- Anchored	Drugstore- Anchored	Gross Leasable Area (square feet)	Acquisition Cost (in millions)
Western Region								
Seton Gateway	Calgary	AB	Q1	✓	✓	✓	128,000	\$ 36.7

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm (1)}$  The acquisition cost is at the Company's 50% ownership interest.

#### Shopping Centres – Additional Space and Adjacent Land Parcels

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company acquired eight properties adjacent to existing shopping centres adding 78,800 square feet of gross leasable area and 2.4 acres adjacent to existing properties in established retail nodes. Total expenditures on these adjacent parcels amounted to \$20.5 million. These acquisitions are set out in the table below:

Property Name	City	Province	Quarter Acquired	Gross Leasable Area (square feet)		equisition Cost millions)
Central Region						
Shops at King Liberty Assets (Retail)	Toronto	ON	Q1	4,200 <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>-</b> \$	1.4
Other	Toronto	ON	Q1	_	_	0.7
Leaside Village Assets (25 Industrial Road)	Toronto	ON	Q2	_	1.3	2.9
Eastern Region						
Centre Commerciale Beaconsfield (Plaza Baie d'Urfe, 90 Morgan St.)	Baie d'Urfe	QC	Q1	60,600	_	9.4
Western Region						
Broadmoor Shopping Centre (8031 Williams Road)	Richmond	ВС	Q1	_	0.3	1.8
Old Strathcona (10416 – 80 Avenue)	Edmonton	AB	Q1	14,000	_	3.0
Kingsway Mews (adjacent land)	Edmonton	AB	Q1	_	0.3	0.5
Langley Mall (Douglas Crescent)	Langley	ВС	Q2	_	0.5	0.8
Total				78,800	2.4 \$	20.5

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company previously owned 50% interest in the property, and the Company acquired the remaining 50% interest during the first quarter of 2014. The square footage acquired was previously included in the Company's total gross leasable area.

#### **Development Lands**

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company invested \$19.0 million in the acquisition of two development land parcels, comprising 0.4 acres for future development of retail and mixed-use space. Refer to the "Business and Operations Review – 2014 Investment Property Development and Redevelopment Activities" section of this MD&A for further discussion.

Property Name	Percentage Ownership	City	Province	Quarter Acquired	Acreage	Acquisition Cost (in millions)
Main and Main Developments (1)	67%	Toronto	ON	Q1	0.2 \$	3.6
Main and Main Developments (1)	67%	Toronto	ON	Q2	0.2	15.4
Total					0.4 \$	19.0

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company consolidates the activities of Main and Main Developments in its interim consolidated financial statements and information presented is at 100%.

#### **2014** Dispositions

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company sold two properties representing 131,000 square feet of GLA and four land parcels representing 24.1 acres. Gross proceeds of these dispositions were \$56.4 million.

Property Name	City	Province	Quarter Sold	Gross Leasable Area (square feet)	Acreage	Gross Sales Price (in millions)
Village des Valeurs	Laval	QC	Q1	26,800	_	
Kingsway Mews (adjacent land)	Edmonton	AB	Q1	_	0.2	
Longwood Station	Nanaimo	ВС	Q2	104,200	_	
Creditview & Mayfield	Brampton	ON	Q2	_	10.8	
Burnhamthorpe & Trafalgar	Oakville	ON	Q2	_	12.5	
Edmonton Brewery District (land parcel) (1)	Edmonton	AB	Q2	_	0.6	
800 King Street (2)	Toronto	ON	Q2	_	_	
Total				131,000	24.1 \$	56.4

 $<sup>^{\</sup>left(1\right)}$  The Company has 50% ownership interest in the property.

In aggregate, the gross sales price on the 2014 sales have exceeded invested cost by approximately \$6.8 million. The 2014 dispositions are in line with the Company's ongoing strategy of increasing the portfolio's focus on core urban markets.

#### **Investment Properties Classified as Held For Sale**

Investment property is classified as held for sale when it is expected that the carrying amount will be recovered principally through sale rather than from continuing use. Investment property held for sale must be available for immediate sale in its present condition, subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such property, and its sale must be highly probable. Upon designation as held for sale, the investment property continues to be measured at fair value and is presented separately on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Included in investment properties as at June 30, 2014 are 13 shopping centres and three development land parcels with an approximate value of \$285.4 million that meet the financial reporting criteria to be classified as held for sale. These properties are considered to be non-core assets. Disposition of these investment properties will provide the Company with the opportunity to redeploy capital to uses more aligned with the Company's urban focus.

In addition to the properties which meet the criteria for classification as held for sale, the Company is also considering, in the remainder of 2014 and into 2015, subject to market conditions, the sale of an additional four properties comprising 271,000 square feet of GLA and two land parcels with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$58.4 million.

<sup>(2)</sup> The property was owned through Main and Main Developments. The Company consolidates the activities of Main and Main Developments in its interim consolidated financial statements and information presented is at 100%.

#### Acquisitions and Dispositions Subsequent to June 30, 2014

Consistent with past practices and in the normal course of business, the Company is engaged in discussions, and has various agreements, with respect to possible acquisitions of new properties and dispositions of existing properties in its portfolio. However, there can be no assurance that these discussions or agreements will result in acquisitions or dispositions or, if they do, what the final terms or timing of such acquisitions or dispositions would be. First Capital Realty expects to continue current discussions and actively pursue other acquisition, investment and disposition opportunities.

#### 2014 Investment Property Development and Redevelopment Activities

Development and redevelopment activities are completed selectively, based on opportunities in the Company's properties or in the markets where the Company operates. The Company's development projects comprise ground-up projects, major redevelopment and other incremental redevelopment and expansions on stable properties. All development activities are strategically managed to reduce risk and properties are generally developed after obtaining anchor lease commitments. A summary of the Company's development portfolio is as follows:

As at June 30, 2014	'					
(thousands of dollars, except for other data)						
	Planned Square Feet Upon Completion	Gross Leasable Area (square feet)	Square Feet Under Development	Total Est. Cost incl. Land	Investment Cost	Estimated Cost to Complete
Same property with incremental redevelopment	and expansion					
Active development and at completion	_	_	18,580	\$ 12,321	\$ 4,985	\$ 7,336
In pre-development	_	_	186,560	34,347	18,419	15,928
	_	_	205,140	46,668	23,404	23,264
Major redevelopment						
Active development and at completion	1,168,931	950,073	218,858	612,131	472,159	139,972
In pre-development	TBD	1,990,310	TBD	TBD	523,888	TBD
	1,168,931	2,940,383	218,858	612,131	996,047	139,972
Ground-up development						
Active development and at completion	1,254,273	665,927	588,346	407,533	301,013	106,520
Total	2,423,204	3,606,310	1,012,344	\$ 1,066,332	\$ 1,320,464	\$ 269,756

Costs to complete the development, redevelopment and expansion activities underway are estimated to be approximately \$269.8 million. Costs to complete major redevelopments and ground-up developments, respectively, are planned at \$24 million and \$30 million in the remainder of 2014, and \$116 million and \$76 million in 2015 and beyond. The cost to complete major redevelopments that are currently in the pre-development stage are labelled "to be determined" (TBD) as they have not yet been finalized.

The properties in the development pipeline are summarized in the tables below by property category (same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion; major redevelopments and ground-up development) and by development status (active development, at completion, in pre-development).

#### Same Property with Incremental Redevelopment and Expansion

Highlights of the Company's current same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion projects are summarized in the table below. As at June 30, 2014, the invested cost in these projects totalled \$23 million, and includes incremental investment primarily related to pads or building extensions and often includes facade, parking, lighting and building upgrades. Of the 18,580 square feet under active redevelopment, 15,708 square feet is subject to committed leases at a weighted average rate of \$26.87 per square foot. The Company is currently in various stages of negotiations for the remaining planned space.

(thousands of dollars, except for o	ther data)						
Count/Property	Building to LEED Standards <sup>(1)</sup>	Tenants	Square Feet Under Development	Target Completion Date	Est. Cost incl. Land Total	Investment Cost	Cost to
Same property with increme	ental redevelopr	ment and expansion –	active developi	ment			
Carrefour St-Hubert Assets, Longueuil, QC	✓	RBC Royal Bank, TD Canada Trust	7,580	Q3, 2016	\$ 3,008	\$ 458	\$ 2,550
Tomken Plaza, Mississauga, ON	✓	Bulk Barn	6,130	Q3, 2014	3,503	1,848	1,655
Grimsby Square Shopping Centre, Grimsby, ON	✓	Various tenants	4,870	Q4, 2014	4,382	2,679	1,703
3			18,580		\$10,893	\$ 4,985	\$ 5,908
Same property with increme	ental redevelopr	nent and expansion – a	at completion (2	2)			
Galeries des Chesnayes, Terrebonne, QC	✓	RBC Royal Bank	_	Q4, 2013	65	_	65
Gloucester City Centre, Ottawa, ON	✓	Rexall, Pet Valu	_	Q4, 2013	1,267	_	1,267
Place Nelligan, Gatineau, QC	✓	Dollarama	_	Q4, 2013	37	_	37
Red Deer Village, Red Deer, AB	✓	Various tenants	_	Q1, 2014	59	_	59
4			_		\$ 1,428	\$ -	\$ 1,428
Same property with increme	ental redevelopr	ment and expansion –	in pre-developi	ment			
Place Lorraine, Lorraine, QC	✓		6,200	Q4, 2014	\$ 3,240	\$ 368	\$ 2,872
Carrefour Belvedere, Sherbrooke, QC			14,200	Q3, 2015	14,924	8,751	6,173
Loblaws Plaza, Ottawa, ON	✓		8,000	Q2, 2016	6,904	3,109	3,795
Shops at King Liberty Assets (KingsClub), Toronto, ON <sup>(3)</sup>	<b>√</b>		158,160		9,279	6,191	3,088
4			186,560		\$34,347	\$ 18,419	\$ 15,928
Total same property with ince	remental redeve	elopment and	205,140		\$46,668	\$ 23,404	\$ 23,264

<sup>(1)</sup> The square footage listed in this table may not match to the square footage registered for LEED certification as the associated tenants' premises may or may not be part of a LEED application.

In addition to the projects listed in the table above, the same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion projects include seven properties with projects completed in prior periods. A further seven properties have projects in the early pre-development and advanced planning stages. These projects, together with the projects listed in the table above, make up the 25 properties classified as same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion. For details on select same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion, refer to the Company's 2013 Annual Report.

 $<sup>^{(2)}</sup>$  Costs to complete relate to tenant improvements and other similar residual expenditures.

 $<sup>^{(3)}</sup>$  Costs represent the Company's 50% ownership interest.

#### Major Redevelopment and Ground-up Development

The Company's properties with major redevelopment or ground-up development currently in progress or at completion are expected to yield a weighted average going-in NOI yield of 6.1% on completion, and range from 5.5% to 7.4%. This yield is derived from the expected run rate based on stabilized leasing and operations following completion of the development, and includes all building cost, land cost, interest and other carrying costs as well as capitalized staff compensation and other expenses. However, actual rates of return could differ if final lease terms include shortfalls from operating cost or property tax recoveries, or if there are unforeseen events that cause actual results to differ from assumptions. The yield reflects the Company's high standards in construction, lighting, parking, access, pedestrian amenities, accessibility as well as development to LEED standards. The quality of the Company's construction is consistent with its strategy of long term ownership and value creation.

#### **Major Redevelopment**

The Company classifies 13 properties totalling \$1.1 billion in invested cost as properties with major redevelopment activities. Of the 218,858 square feet under active redevelopment, 108,782 square feet is subject to committed leases, including a supermarket tenant, at a weighted average rate of \$35.44 per square foot. In addition, approximately 11,000 square feet of space is in the latter stages of lease negotiations with two national retailers. As construction on these redevelopment projects is phased, there continues to be ongoing negotiations in various stages with certain retailers for the remaining planned space. For details on certain major redevelopment properties, refer to the Company's 2013 Annual Report.

Highlights of the Company's current major redevelopment underway, including costs for completed phases, are as follows:

As at June 30, 2014										
(thousands of dollars, ex	cept for other	data)								
Count/Property	Building to LEED Standards <sup>(1)</sup>	Major Tenants	Planned Square Feet Upon Completion	Completed Square Feet	Square Feet Under Development	Target Completion Date	Total Est. Cost incl. Land	Investment Cost	Estimated Cost to Complete	Fair Value
Major redevelop	ment – with	active developm	ent							
Centre D'achats Ville Mont- Royal, Montreal, QC	✓	Provigo, Pharmaprix	130,215	119,262	10,953	Q3, 2016	\$ 58,628	, ,	\$ 29,473	
Mount Royal Village Assets, Calgary, AB		London Drugs, GoodLife Fitness, Oasis Spa and Wellness	299,598	207,181	92,417	Q4, 2016	168,128	121,162	46,966	
Yorkville Assets, Toronto, ON	✓	Whole Foods Market	216,990	101,502	115,488	Q2, 2016	232,557	169,109	63,448	
3			646,803	427,945	218,858		\$459,313	\$319,426	\$139,887	

(the second of dellers of second	C 11 1- 1 -	,										
(thousands of dollars, except f	or other data	)										
Count/Property	Building to LEED Standards <sup>(1)</sup>	Major Ten	ants	Planned Square Feet Upon Completion	Completed Square Feet	Square Feet Under Development	Target Completion Date	Total Est. Cost incl. Land	Investmen Cos	t (	mated Cost to nplete	Fai Valu
Major redevelopment	t – at compl	etion										
5051 – 5061 Yonge St.,Toronto, ON		Michael' Jack	's, Astor's	37,307	37,307	_	2013	\$ 27,004	\$ 27,004	1 \$	-	
Chartwell Shopping Centre, Toronto, ON	✓	Bestco F Dollar	ood, CIBC, rama	150,486	150,486	_	2013	51,764	51,764	1	-	
Carrefour Soumande Quebec City, QC		Super C,	Bouclair	118,858	118,858	_	2013	21,764	21,764	1	_	
Deer Valley Marketplace, Calgary, AB		Shopp Mart, Dollar CIBC,	rama, RBC Royal Liquor	215,477	215,477	-	2013	52,286	52,201	L	85	
4				522,128	522,128	_		\$152.818	\$ 152,733	3 \$	85	
·		·										
As at June 30, 2014 (thousands of dollars, except f	for other data Buildin LEEC Standan	g to	Developmen	t Status Squ	Current are Feet <sup>(4)</sup>		Total Est. Co		nent (	mated Cost to	Fa	ir Valu
(thousands of dollars, except f	Buildin LEED Standar	g to ) ds <sup>(1)</sup>	•	t Status Squ	Current are Feet <sup>(4)</sup>				nent (	Cost to	Fa	ir Valu
(thousands of dollars, except f	Building LEEC Standar nt – in pre-d	g to ) ds <sup>(1)</sup>	•	t Status Squ	Current are Feet (4)			d	nent ( Cost Cor	Cost to	Fa	ir Valu
Count/Property  Major redevelopmen  Humbertown Shopping Centre,	Building LEEC Standar nt – in pre-d	g to ) ds <sup>(1)</sup>	ent Advanced	it Status Squ	are Feet (4)		incl. Lan	g \$ 57,0	nent (Cost Cor	Cost to	Fa	ir Valu
Count/Property  Major redevelopmen  Humbertown Shopping Centre, Toronto, ON Victoria Park Centres,	Buildin, LEEC Standar <b>nt — in pre-d</b>	g to ) ds <sup>(1)</sup>	ent  Advanced entitleme	it Status Squ	109,080		\$ 57,60	9 \$ 57,0 8 131,0	nent Cost Con  609	Cost to	Fa	ir Valu
Count/Property  Major redevelopment  Humbertown Shopping Centre, Toronto, ON  Victoria Park Centres, Toronto, ON  Place Portobello Assets	Buildin, LEEC Standar <b>nt — in pre-d</b>	g to ) ds <sup>(1)</sup>	Advanced entitleme Planning underway Planning	it Status Squ	109,080 485,125		\$ 57,60	9 \$ 57,0 8 131,0 2 85,0	ment (Cost Corr 609 018	Cost to	Fa	ir Valu
Count/Property  Major redevelopment  Humbertown Shopping Centre, Toronto, ON  Victoria Park Centres, Toronto, ON  Place Portobello Assets Brossard, QC  Semiahmoo Shopping Centre,	Buildin, LEEC Standar <b>nt — in pre-d</b>	g to ) ds <sup>(1)</sup>	Advanced entitlement Planning underway Planning underway Planning	it Status Squ	109,080 485,125 574,691		\$ 57,60 131,01 85,89	9 \$ 57,0 8 131,0 2 85,0 1 96,0	ment Cost Cor 609 018 892 651	Cost to	Fa	ir Valu
Count/Property  Major redevelopment  Humbertown Shopping Centre, Toronto, ON  Victoria Park Centres, Toronto, ON  Place Portobello Assett Brossard, QC  Semiahmoo Shopping Centre, Surrey, BC  Macleod Trail Assets,	Buildin, LEEC Standar <b>nt — in pre-d</b>	g to ) ds <sup>(1)</sup>	Advanced entitlement Planning underway Planning underway Planning underway Planning underway Planning	it Status Squ	109,080 485,125 574,691 296,600		\$ 57,60 131,01 85,89 96,65	9 \$ 57,0 8 131,0 2 85,0 1 96,0	ment Cost Cor  609  018  892  651  091	Cost to	Fa	ir Valu
Count/Property  Major redevelopment Humbertown Shopping Centre, Toronto, ON Victoria Park Centres, Toronto, ON Place Portobello Assets Brossard, QC Semiahmoo Shopping Centre, Surrey, BC Macleod Trail Assets, Calgary, AB 3080 Yonge Street,	Buildin, LEEC Standar <b>nt — in pre-d</b>	g to ) ds <sup>(1)</sup>	Advanced entitlement Planning underway Planning underway Planning underway Planning underway Planning underway Planning	t Status Squ	109,080 485,125 574,691 296,600 299,906		\$ 57,60 131,01 85,89 96,65	9 \$ 57,0 8 131,0 2 85,0 1 96,0 1 92,0	ment Cost Cor  609  018  892  651  091  627	Cost to	Fa	ir Valu

<sup>(1)</sup> The square footage listed in this table may not match to the square footage registered for LEED certification as the associated tenants' premises may or may not be part of a LEED application.

62,303

62,300

Properties adjacent acquired in 2014 and 2013 included in acquisitions  $^{(5)}$ 

 $<sup>^{\</sup>left(2\right)}\,$  Represents the square footage of the existing area that will be demolished.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>left( 3\right) }$  Investment cost includes adjacent land held for future development.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes vacant units held for redevelopment.

<sup>(5)</sup> Refer to the "Business and Operations Review – 2014 Acquisitions" section of this MD&A and "Business and Operations Review – 2013 Acquisitions" of the Company's 2013 Annual Report.

#### **Ground-up Development**

The Company classifies five properties totalling \$317 million of invested cost as ground-up development properties underway or completed. Of the 326,016 square feet under active development, 180,842 square feet is subject to committed leases at a weighted average rate of \$18.69 per square foot, including a 86,000 square foot pad being delivered to an anchor tenant. As construction on ground-up developments is phased, there continues to be ongoing negotiations in various stages with certain retailers for the remaining planned space. For details of select ground-up development properties, refer to the Company's 2013 Annual Report.

Highlights of the Company's current ground-up projects underway, including costs for completed phases, are as follows:

As at June 30, 2014										
(thousands of dollars, exc	ept for other	data)								
Count/Property	Building to LEED Standards <sup>(1)</sup>	Major Tenants	Planned Square Feet Upon Completion	Completed Square Feet	Square Feet Under Development	Target Completion Date	Total Est. Cost incl. Land	Investment Cost	Estimated Cost to Complete	Fair Value
Ground-up develo	pment – w	ith active develop	ment							
Place Viau Assets, Montreal, QC	✓	Walmart	335,724	211,273	124,451	Q4, 2014	\$134,950	\$ 124,789	\$ 10,161	
Carrefour du Plateau-des- Grives, Gatineau, QC	✓	Canadian Tire, Sports Experts	221,743	114,743	107,000	Q2, 2015	68,408	39,186	29,222	
The Brewery District Edmonton, AB <sup>(3)</sup>	✓	Loblaws City Market, GoodLife Fitness	356,895	_	356,895	Q1, 2016	86,515	19,760	66,755	
Total ground-up develog 3 with active develo			914,362	326,016	588,346		\$ 289,873	\$ 183,735	\$106,138	
Ground-up develo	pment – at	completion								
Leaside Village Toronto, ON	✓	Longo's, The Beer Store, CIBC, Linen Chest, Pet Valu	111,765	111,765	_	Q1, 2013	\$ 48,284	\$ 48,284	\$ -	
Clairfield Commons (Pergola Commons), Guelph, ON	✓	RBC Royal Bank, Bank of Montreal, The Beer Store, Cineplex, Dollarama, GoodLife Fitness	228,146	228,146	_	Q4, 2013	69,376	68,994	382	
Total ground-up devo	elopment –		339,911	339,911			\$117,660	\$ 117,278	\$ 382	
5 Total ground-up dev	elopment		1,254,273	665,927	588,346		\$407,533	\$ 301,013	\$106,520	\$ 347,742
Properties adjacent a included in acquis		014 and 2013						\$ 15,743		\$ 15,426

<sup>(1)</sup> The square footage listed in this table may not match to the square footage registered for LEED certification as the associated tenants' premises may or may not be part of a LEED application.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to the "Business and Operations Review – 2014 Acquisitions" section of this MD&A and "Business and Operations Review – 2013 Acquisitions" of the Company's 2013 Annual Report.

 $<sup>^{(3)}</sup>$  The Company has 50% ownership interest in the property.

#### Investment Properties at Cost with Bifurcation of Income Producing and Development Activity Components

A summary of the Company's proportionate interest in total investment properties at cost as at June 30, 2014, with bifurcation of the income producing and development activity components, is as follows:

	Number of Sites/ Properties (1)	Square Feet (2) (in thousands)	Investment Cost (in millions) (3)	Fair Value (in millions)
Shopping centres – income-producing only	164	24,373	\$ 5,706	
Shopping centres with development activities (1) (3)				
Same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion	11	205	23	
Major redevelopment	13	219	200	
Ground-up development	5	588	93	
	29	1,012	316	
Adjacent land parcels (1)				
Land parcels adjacent to/part of existing properties	33	792	84	
Land parcels adjacent to/part of existing properties available for expansion	4	43	_	
Property held for redevelopment	_	_	_	
Other development related costs	_	_	18	
	37	835	102	
Total shopping centres with development activities or potential development activities	66	1,847	418	
Total shopping centres			\$ 6,124	\$ 7,333
Development land (4)	4	402	155	154
Total		2,249	\$ 6,279	\$ 7,487

<sup>(1)</sup> Property counts of shopping centres undergoing development activities and adjacent land parcels are included in the total property count for income-producing shopping

The Company has currently identified 2.2 million square feet available in the portfolio for future development of retail space, excluding 489,000 square feet classified as held for sale (December 31, 2013 – 3.2 million square feet, including 183,000 square feet classified as held for sale), as follows:

#### **Shopping Centres with Development Activities**

The Company currently has 1,012,000 square feet of retail space consisting of incremental redevelopment and expansion, major redevelopment and ground-up development that is planned with some buildings under construction. Refer to the "Business and Operations Review – 2014 Investment Property Development and Redevelopment Activities" section of this MD&A.

#### **Adjacent Land Parcels**

The Company has 37 land parcels adjacent to existing shopping centres with future redevelopment or expansion potential of approximately 835,000 square feet. Certain of these adjacent land parcels are in various stages of development and in various property categories.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes both municipally approved developable commercial square feet and square feet the Company expects to be approved, excluding residential density until the zoning process is complete.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes cost for phases under development only. Aggregate cost of the Company's investment under development is approximately \$598 million, which includes shopping centres with development activities or potential of development activities of approximately \$418 million, development land of approximately \$155 million and residential development inventory of approximately \$25 million. Refer to the "Business and Operations Review – 2014 Investment Property Development and Redevelopment Activities" section of this MD&A.

<sup>(4)</sup> Number of sites and square feet do not include properties held through Main and Main Developments. Refer to the "Business and Operations Review – 2014 Investment Property Development and Redevelopment Activities" section of this MD&A.

#### **Development Lands**

The Company has seven land sites of which three are classified as held for sale. The four land sites being retained have potential, if developed, to provide a further 0.3 to 0.4 million square feet of GLA. For details on select development land projects, refer to the Company's 2013 Annual Report.

Development land by region is as follows:

Region	Number of Sites/ Properties	Square Feet (in thousands)	Acreage	Fair Value (in millions)
Central	2	174	16 \$	24
Eastern	2	228	14	10
Western	_	_	_	_
Total	4	402	30 \$	34

The development land in the above table also includes the Company's investment in Main and Main Developments, which is discussed below.

#### **Main and Main Developments**

The Company is partnering with a private developer to acquire strategic assets in underserviced transit-oriented retail nodes (the partnership is known as "Main and Main Developments"). A core component of Main and Main Developments' acquisition strategy revolves around identifying and acquiring assets that have the potential to increase in value as a result of demographic growth, income growth and new urban retail formats. Main and Main Developments will seek to generate profits through acquisition, rezoning and redevelopment of real estate with a focus in Toronto and Ottawa. Value creation will be accomplished through rezoning and redevelopment of the properties to their highest and best use and/or mixed use development. The Main and Main Developments team brings a skill set and focus to the assembly and redevelopment of sites which are much smaller than the Company's typical properties and are normally acquired or assembled via multiple adjacent parcel acquisitions, often from private individuals. The Company has a 67% equity interest in Main and Main Developments and consolidates its activities in its consolidated financial statements. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, Main and Main Developments completed one acquisition in an existing assembly project for \$3.6 million and one acquisition in a new assembly for \$15.4 million. Since inception, Main and Main Developments has completed acquisitions of 34 parcels making up 16 assemblies for future development projects, which have an aggregate fair value of approximately \$149 million as at June 30, 2014, which compares to \$124 million as at December 31, 2013. As at June 30, 2014, Main and Main Developments had no additional acquisitions underway. Each of the 16 assembly projects is located on a major street in Toronto or Ottawa. Two projects in Toronto and one project in Ottawa are currently in the pre-development planning stage.

In the second quarter of 2014, Main and Main Developments completed a \$45.0 million secured credit facility with a maturity date of May 25, 2017. The facility pricing is Canadian bankers' acceptance + 1.50% or the bank's prime rate. As at June 30, 2014, \$38.4 million in cash advances had been drawn against this credit facility.

Main and Main Developments generally expects to partner with residential developers in executing value creation opportunities on sites with residential density and intends to retain the retail component and in some cases may retain the rental residential component upon stabilization of the asset. The Company has provided Main and Main Developments with senior and mezzanine debt financing in connection with the acquisition and development of sites.

#### **Residential Development Inventory**

As at June 30, 2014									
(thousands of dollars, except for or	ther data)								
Property	Number of Units Constructed	Number of Units Pre-Sold	% of Units Pre-Sold	Number of Units Occupied	Target Fully Occupied/ Completion Date	Total Est. Cost incl. Land (at 50%)	Investment Cost, net of Cost of Sales (at 50%)	Estimated Costs to Complete (at 50%	
Shops at King Liberty (Fuzion)	246	246	100.0%	246	Q1, 2014	\$ 28,204	\$ 1,343	(1) \$ -	- \$ —
Shops at King Liberty (KingsClub)	TBD	181	TBD	_	2015 / 2016	_	19,700	-	- 3,573
1071 King Street						_	3,657	-	
As at June 30, 2014							\$ 24,700		

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  Remaining balance relates to 35 unsold parking spots and the geothermal HVAC system.

The Company is partnering with a Toronto-based condominium developer to develop its residential density project at Shops at King Liberty in Toronto. The Company has a 50% interest in the project and recognizes its right to the assets and obligations for liabilities in its financial results. The project includes two phases: Fuzion and KingsClub. The Company's residential development inventory comprises the construction and sale or rental of residential condominium units. The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of residential units upon substantial completion. The Company considers substantial completion for each residential unit to be the point in which the purchaser has paid all amounts due on interim closing and has the right to occupy the premises, has demonstrated collectability of the balance due at closing, and has received an undertaking from the property owners to be assigned title in due course, or when title has transferred.

Fuzion consists of 246 residential units in a condominium tower and approximately 9,000 square feet of retail space. Interim occupancy for the Fuzion residential units commenced during the first quarter of 2013 and registration and final closings occurred on all units in Q1, 2014. As at June 30, 2014, all units were sold, with possession and occupancy taken. Proceeds at the Company's 50% interest of approximately \$27 million were received of which approximately \$22 million was directed to repay the Company's indebtedness on the project's credit facility. The Company's total gain realized on its share of the project was \$3.0 million. During Q1 2014, the Company acquired the remaining 50% interest in the retail space from its partner.

The second phase, KingsClub, is in pre-sale phase with construction underway in the excavation stage. Management expects that there will be approximately 160,000 square feet of retail in this phase and approximately 500 residential units for sale or rental based on current entitlements, and based on current market and site conditions. The expected timing for occupancy is estimated to be 2016 with unit closings in 2017. The KingsClub sales centre is open at the 1071 King Street, Toronto location.

The following table summarizes the Company's residential inventory investment activity:

	Three months end	ed June 30	Six months ended June 3		
(millions of dollars)	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ <b>25</b> \$	30 \$	22 \$	33	
Expenditures	_	2	4	8	
Recognized as cost of sales	_	(16)	(1)	(25)	
Balance at end of period	\$ 25 \$	16 \$	<b>25</b> \$	16	

#### **Capital Expenditures on Investment Properties**

Capital expenditures are incurred by the Company for maintaining and/or renovating its existing shopping centres. In addition, the Company also incurs expenditures for the purposes of expansion, redevelopment and development activities.

Revenue sustaining capital expenditures are required for maintaining the Company's shopping centre infrastructure and revenues from leasing of existing space. Revenue sustaining capital expenditures are not recoverable from tenants. Typical costs relate to ongoing investments of capital for tenant leasing costs related to new and renewal leasing, and capital to maintain physical aspects of its shopping centres such as roof replacement programs and resurfacing of parking lots.

Revenue enhancing capital expenditures are those expenditures that increase the revenue generating ability of the Company's shopping centres. Revenue enhancing capital expenditures are incurred in conjunction with or in contemplation of a development or redevelopment strategy, or related to acquisition, disposition or the same property categories. Capital expenditures incurred in development and redevelopment projects include pre-development costs, direct construction costs, borrowing costs, and overhead including applicable salaries and other direct costs of internal staff directly attributable to the projects under active development.

Additionally, certain tenant leases provide the ability to recover from tenants over time a portion of capital investments to maintain physical aspects of the Company's shopping centres as property operating costs.

Revenue enhancing or sustaining capital expenditures are dependent upon many factors, including the age and location of the Company's shopping centres. The Company owns and actively seeks to acquire older, well-located shopping centres in urban locations, where expenditures tend to be higher when they are subsequently repaired or conditions brought up to the Company's standards or redeveloped.

In addition to property category, the Company also considers property age, the potential effects on occupancy and future rents per square foot, the time leasable space has been vacant and other factors when assessing whether a capital expenditure is revenue enhancing or sustaining.

Historically, the Company's revenue sustaining expenditures on same property range from \$0.81 to \$0.87 per square foot per annum. The three-year weighted average rate of revenue sustaining expenditures on a same property basis for the six months ended June 30, 2014 on an estimated annualized basis was \$0.84 per square foot compared to \$0.84 per square foot for fiscal year 2013. Over the past three years, the Company has increased its expenditures on roof and parking lot replacements in the same property category at several of its shopping centres, which will reduce its ongoing maintenance expenditures at these centres going forward.

Revenue sustaining and enhancing capital expenditures on investment properties, which include shopping centres and development land, are as follows:

	Three mont	hs ended June 30	Six month	s ended June 30
(thousands of dollars)	 2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenue sustaining – same property – stable	\$ 3,590	\$ 2,350	\$ 5,400	\$ 5,009
Revenue sustaining – same property with incremental development and expansion	325	294	612	1,725
Revenue sustaining – total same property	3,915	2,644	6,012	6,734
Enhancing capital expenditures				
Revenue enhancing and other	7,986	14,356	17,308	24,115
Expenditures recoverable from tenants	4,669	2,448	7,127	3,510
Development expenditures	37,234	43,228	65,232	90,119
Total	\$ 53,804	\$ 62,676	\$ 95,679	\$ 124,478

Capital expenditures on the shopping centre portfolio by property categorization are as follows:

Six months ended June 30								
(thousands of dollars)				2014				2013
	Sam	e Property – Stable	Property with incremental velopment and expansion	Total	Sa	ame Property – Stable	Same Property with incremental redevelopment and expansion	Total
Revenue sustaining	\$	5,400	\$ 612	\$ 6,012	\$	5,009	\$ 1,725	\$ 6,734
Revenue enhancing and other		6,842	1,887	8,729		8,482	9,926	18,408
Expenditures recoverable from tenants		2,750	1,051	3,801		1,280	1,227	2,507
Development expenditures		_	7,670	7,670		_	16,172	16,172
Total – Same property	\$	14,992	\$ 11,220	26,212	\$	14,771	\$ 29,050	\$ 43,821
Major redevelopment				37,339				30,855
Ground-up development				16,771				35,232
Acquisitions – current year				304				711
Acquisitions – prior year				3,148				7,117
Investment properties classified as held for sale				5,671				461
Dispositions – current and prior year				112				1,170
Development land				6,122				5,111
Total			·	\$ 95,679				\$ 124,478

#### 2014 Leasing and Occupancy

Same property portfolio occupancy as at June 30, 2014 of 96.4% compares to 96.2% as at March 31, 2014 and 96.5% as at December 31, 2013, and comprises 18.3 million occupied square feet. Occupancy for the remainder of the portfolio, including major redevelopments, ground-up developments, acquisitions, dispositions and assets held for sale, totalled 92.4% as at June 30, 2014, compared to 92.6% as at March 31, 2014 and 92.2% as at December 31, 2013, and comprises 5.0 million occupied square feet, providing potential net operating income growth as the redevelopment, development and expansion activities are completed. Total portfolio occupancy as at June 30, 2014 of 95.5% compares to 95.3% as at March 31, 2014 and 95.5% as at December 31, 2013.

Occupancy comparing the Company's shopping centre portfolio by property categorization as at June 30 is as follows:

		Jun	e 30, 2014		Decem	ber 31, 2013
(square feet in thousands, except other data)	Total Occupied Square Feet	% Occupied S	Weighted Average Rate per Occupied quare Foot	Total Occupied Square Feet		Weighted Average Rate per Occupied Square Foot
Same property – stable	14,040	96.8% \$	18.04	14,135	96.8% \$	17.94
Same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion	4,270	95.3%	17.84	4,266	95.6%	17.64
Total same property	18,310	96.4%	17.99	18,401	96.5%	17.87
Major redevelopment	2,767	91.8%	17.91	2,813	91.1%	17.89
Ground-up development	664	98.4%	22.87	663	98.2%	22.80
Investment properties classified as held for sale	1,101	90.6%	14.42	1,200	91.0%	14.81
Total portfolio before acquisitions and dispositions	22,842	95.6% \$	17.95	23,077	95.6% \$	17.86
Acquisitions – 2014	187	92.2% \$	26.26	_	<b>-</b> % \$	<del>-</del>
Acquisitions – 2013	258	92.7%	28.10	269	94.0%	27.92
Dispositions – 2014	_	-%	_	26	100.0%	8.50
Total	23,287	95.5% \$	18.13	23,372	95.5% \$	17.96

For the three months ended June 30, 2014, gross new leasing on the same property portfolio totalled 155,000 square feet including incremental development spaces coming on line. This gross new leasing on the same property portfolio will generate additional minimum rent of approximately \$3.0 million. The Company achieved an 11.6% increase on 493,000 square feet of renewal leases over the expiring lease rates on a same property basis. Net tenant openings totalled 52,000 square feet for the period on a same property basis.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014, gross new leasing for the same property portfolio totalled 252,000 square feet including incremental development spaces coming on line. This gross new leasing on the same property portfolio will generate additional minimum rent of approximately \$5.0 million. The Company achieved an 11.7% increase on 741,000 square feet of renewal leases over the expiring lease rates on a same property basis. Net tenant closures totalled 8,000 square feet for the period on a same property basis. The net increase of 6.3% on net tenant openings versus all closures comprises an increase in the Western portfolio offset by a decrease in the Eastern portfolio where the Company leased several larger spaces to ancillary tenants which typically have a lower rent per square foot.

For the remainder of the portfolio (comprising major redevelopment, ground-up, acquisitions and dispositions), gross new leasing totalled 35,000 square feet, for the three months ended June 30, 2014, including development spaces coming on line and tenancies during construction. This gross new leasing on the remainder of the portfolio will generate additional minimum rent of approximately \$0.7 million. The Company achieved a 5.4% increase on 142,000 square feet of renewal leases over the expiring lease rates for the remainder of the portfolio. Net lease closures totalled 27,000 square feet for the period on the remainder of the portfolio.

For the remainder of the portfolio (comprising major redevelopment, ground-up, acquisitions and dispositions), gross new leasing totalled 80,000 square feet, for the six months ended June 30, 2014, including development spaces coming on line and tenancies during construction. This gross new leasing on the remainder of the portfolio will generate additional minimum rent of approximately \$1.5 million. The Company achieved a 9.6% increase on 224,000 square feet of renewal leases over the expiring lease rates for the remainder of the portfolio and net lease closures totalled 7,000 square feet for the period. The total net average rental rate decrease in all lease openings versus closures of 11.7% in these properties is primarily due to redevelopment and repositioning activities underway. Spaces closed for redevelopment were in markets with higher rents than the portfolio average. Furthermore, new leasing completed at properties being prepared for future redevelopment are typically at lower rates and for shorter terms to allow the Company to have relocation or termination rights.

The average rental rate per occupied square foot for the same property portfolio increased to \$17.99 as at June 30, 2014 from \$17.87 as at December 31, 2013. Management believes that the weighted average rental rate per square foot for the portfolio would be in the range of \$23.00 to \$25.00, if the portfolio were at market. The Company continues to seek well-located properties in urban markets with below market rent for future value creation activities. The weighted average lease term for the portfolio is 5.8 years as at June 30, 2014, excluding options in favour of tenants, and including month-to-month and other short-term leases with tenants in properties with pre-development activities underway. The weighted average lease term for the Company's top 10 tenants is 7.0 years as at June 30, 2014, excluding options in favour of tenants.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - continued

Changes in the Company's gross leasable area and occupancy for the total portfolio are set out below:

Three months ended June 30, 2014	Total S	ame Property		evelopment, ground- ions and dispositions		Vacan	су		P	ortfolio Total
	Occupied Square Feet (thousands)	Weighted Average Rate per Occupied % Square Foot	Occupied Square Feet (thousands)	Weighted Average Rate per Occupied Square % Foot	Under Redevelop- ment Square Feet (thousands)	%	Vacant Square Feet (thousands)	%	Total Square Feet (thousands)	Weighted Average Rate Occupied Square Occupied Feet % Square Foot
March 31, 2014 <sup>(1)</sup>	18,261	96.2% \$ 17.92	5,122	92.6% \$ 18.55	162	0.7%	980	4.0%	24,525	95.3% \$ 18.06
Tenant openings	146	19.06	24	14.22	_		(170)	_	_	18.37
Tenant closures	(94)	(19.89)	(51)	(14.13)	_		145	_	_	(17.85)
Tenant closures for redevelopment	(2)	(23.99)	(16)	(15.89)	18		_	_	_	(16.81)
Developments – tenant openings coming on line	9	26.55	11	30.21	_		_	_	20	28.53
Redevelopments – tenant openings coming on line	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Demolitions	_	_	_	_	(34)		_	_	(34)	_
Reclassification	(10)	_	(16)	_	4		(12)	_	(34)	_
Total portfolio before dispositions and acquisitions	18,310	96.4% \$ 17.99	5,074	92.4% \$ 17.75	150	0.6%	943	3.8%	24,477	95.5% \$ 18.14
Dispositions (at date of disposition)	_		(97)	92.9% (20.14)	_	_	(7)	_	(104)	<b>—</b> (20.14)
Acquisitions (at date of acquisition)	_		_	- 0.00	_	_	_	_	-	
June 30, 2014	18,310	96.4% \$ 17.99	4,977	92.4% \$ 18.64	150	0.6%	936	3.8%	24,373	95.5% \$ 18.13
Renewals	493	\$ 18.90	142	\$ 21.07	'				635	\$ 19.39
Renewals – expired	(493)	\$ (16.94)	(142)	\$ (20.00)					(635)	\$ (17.62)
Net increase per squa	re foot from re	enewals \$ 1.96		\$ 1.07						\$ 1.77
% Increase on renewa	al of expiring re	ents 11.6%		5.4%						10.0%

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  Opening balance is revised to reflect property categories consistent with current period status.

Six months ended June 30, 2014	Total	Same Prope	erty			nt, ground- dispositions		Vaca	incy		Р	ortfolio Tot	al
	Occupied Square Feet (thousands)	% S	Weighted Average Rate per Occupied quare Foot	Occupied Square Feet (thousands)	%	Weighted Average Rate per Occupied Square Foot	Under Redevelop- ment Square Feet (thousands)	%	Vacant Square Feet (thousands)	%	Total Square Feet (thousands)	Occupied Square Feet %	Weighted Average Rate per Occupied Square Foot
December 31, 2013 <sup>(1)</sup>	18,401	96.5% \$	17.87	4,971	92.2%	\$ 18.29	179	0.8%	911	3.7%	24,462	95.5%	\$ 17.96
Tenant openings	229		19.59	68		16.31	_		(297)		_		18.84
Tenant closures	(237)		(18.39)	(75)		(17.42)	_		312		_		(18.15)
Tenant closures for redevelopment	(2)		(23.99)	(44)		(20.25)	46		_		_		(20.41)
Developments – tenant openings coming on line	23		23.38	12		30.19	_		20		55		25.63
Redevelopments – tenant openings coming on line	_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Demolitions	_		_	_		_	(63)		(1)		(64)		_
Reclassification	(104)		_	(20)		_	(12)		(16)		(152)		_
Total portfolio before dispositions and acquisitions	18,310	96.4% \$	17.99	4,912	92.4%	\$ 18.33	150	0.6%	929	3.8%	24,301	95.6%	\$ 18.07
Dispositions (at date of disposition)	_	_	_	(124)	94.4%	(17.62)	_	_	(7)	_	(131)	_	(17.62)
Acquisitions (at date of acquisition)		_	_	189	93.1%	25.92	_	_	14	_	203	_	25.92
June 30, 2014	18,310	96.4% \$	17.99	4,977	92.4%	\$ 18.64	150	0.6%	936	3.8%	24,373	95.5%	\$ 18.13
Renewals	741	\$	20.51	224		\$ 20.78					965		\$ 20.57
Renewals – expired	(741)	\$	(18.36)	(224)		\$ (18.96)					(965)		\$ (18.50)
Net increase per square renewals	e foot from	\$	2.15			\$ 1.82							\$ 2.07
% Increase on renewal	of expiring re	ents	11.7%			9.6 %							11.2%
% Increase in rate per sopenings versus all			6.3%			(11.7)%							2.2%

<sup>(1)</sup> Opening balance is revised to reflect property categories consistent with current period status.

Total development and redevelopment of 20,000 square feet was completed in the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared with 63,000 square feet developed in the three months ended June 30, 2013. The occupied development and redevelopment space was leased at an average rental rate of \$28.53 per square foot for the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to \$25.85 per square foot during the comparative period of 2013.

Total development and redevelopment of 55,000 square feet was completed in the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared with 199,000 square feet developed in the six months ended June 30, 2013. The occupied development and redevelopment space was leased at an average rental rate of \$25.63 per square foot for the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to \$24.89 per square foot during the comparative period of 2013.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - continued

Development and redevelopment coming on line during the six months ended June 30, 2014 included the following:

Property Name	Building to LEED standards (1)	City	Province	Square Feet	Major Tenants of Developed Space
Same property with incremental r	edevelopment a	and expansion	-		
Shops at New West		Westminster	ВС	5,000	Various tenants
Carrefour St-Hubert Assets	✓	Longueuil	QC	4,000	TD Canada Trust
Eagleson Place	✓	Ottawa	ON	10,000	Kids & Company (Daycare)
Hunt Club Marketplace (2)		Ottawa	ON	12,000	Spaces with leasing underway
Red Deer Village	✓	Red Deer	AB	5,000	Spaces with leasing underway
Other				8,000	
Major redevelopment					
Centre D'achats Ville Mont-Royal		Mount Royal	QC	10,000	Scotiabank
Ground-up development					
Place Viau Assets	✓	Montreal	QC	1,000	Spaces with leasing underway
Total development brought on line	!			55,000	

<sup>(1)</sup> The square footage listed in this table may not match to the square footage registered for LEED certification as the associated tenants' premises may or may not be part of a LEED application.

Individual buildings within a development are generally constructed only after obtaining commitments on a substantial portion of the space. Development and redevelopment coming on line include both leased and unleased space brought on line at completion of construction. The Company's completed development projects illustrate the potential future value of investments in ongoing development initiatives that are not yet generating income, but are expected to contribute to the growth of the Company. The balance of the space brought on line is expected to be leased in the next 12 months.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Company has 33.33% ownership interest in the property. The square footage represents 100% of GLA that came on line.

**Lease Maturities** 

The Company's lease maturity profile for its shopping centre portfolio as at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Maturity Date <sup>(1)</sup>	Number of Stores	Occupied Square Feet (000s)	Percent of Total Square Feet	Annualized Minimum Rent at Expiration (000s)	Percent of Total Annualized Minimum Rent	Average Annual Minimum Rent per Square Foot at Expiration
Month-to-month tenants (2)	209	318	1.3% \$	5,533	1.2%	\$ 17.42
2014 (remainder of the year)	287	1,091	4.5%	15,478	3.5%	14.18
2015	618	2,439	10.0%	42,117	9.5%	17.27
2016	545	2,214	9.1%	36,184	8.1%	16.34
2017	592	2,957	12.1%	53,004	11.9%	17.92
2018	583	2,840	11.7%	52,020	11.7%	18.32
2019	397	2,299	9.4%	48,296	10.8%	21.00
2020	209	1,073	4.4%	22,467	5.0%	20.94
2021	200	1,302	5.3%	28,556	6.4%	21.93
2022	241	1,620	6.6%	38,270	8.6%	23.62
2023	180	1,658	6.8%	31,938	7.2%	19.26
2024	134	923	3.8%	18,753	4.2%	20.31
Thereafter	118	2,553	10.5%	52,752	11.9%	20.68
Total/Average	4,313	23,287	95.5% \$	445,368	100.0%	\$ 19.13

 $<sup>\</sup>stackrel{\mbox{\scriptsize (1)}}{\sim}$  Excluding any contractual renewal options in favour of the tenants.

Included in 2014 lease maturities of 1,091,000 square feet is 717,000 square feet related to the same property portfolio, which represents 65.7% of the lease maturities for the total shopping centre portfolio. The expiring leases on the same property basis generate an annual minimum rent of \$11.8 million, representing 76.0% of the annual minimum rent from the expiring leases for the remainder of 2014 for the total shopping centre portfolio.

<sup>(2)</sup> Contains tenants on over hold including renewals and extensions under negotiation, month-to-month tenants and tenants in space at properties with future redevelopment.

# **Top Forty Tenants**

As at June 30, 2014, 55.1% of the Company's annualized minimum rent came from its top 40 tenants (December 31, 2013 – 54.4%). Of those rents, 80.9% in the top 40 are from tenants who have investment grade credit ratings and who represent many of Canada's leading supermarket operators, drugstore chains, discount retailers, banks and other familiar shopping destinations.

	Tenant	Number of Stores	Square Feet (thousands)	Percent of Total Gross Leasable Area	Percent of Total Annualized Minimum Rent	DBRS Credit Rating	S&P Credit Rating	Moody's Credit Rating
1	Loblaws (1)	100	2,497	10.2%	10.4%	BBB	BBB	
2	Sobeys (2)	58	2,012	8.3%	7.0%	BBB (low)	BBB-	
3	Metro	33	1,200	4.9%	3.6%	BBB	BBB	
4	Walmart	15	1,481	6.1%	3.0%	AA	AA	Aa2
5	Canadian Tire	25	830	3.4%	2.8%	BBB (high)	BBB+	
6	TD Canada Trust	46	245	1.0%	2.0%	AA	AA-	Aa1
7	RBC Royal Bank	46	258	1.1%	2.0%	AA	AA-	Aa3
8	CIBC	36	202	0.8%	1.6%	AA	A+	Aa3
9	Dollarama	42	436	1.8%	1.6%	BBB		
10	Rona	4	421	1.7%	1.4%	BB (high)	BB+	
Sub-1	total	405	9,582	39.3%	35.4%			
11	GoodLife Fitness	16	397	1.6%	1.4%			
12	LCBO	21	210	0.9%	1.3%	AA (low)	AA-	Aa2
13	Rexall	22	183	0.8%	1.2%			
14	Bank of Montreal	29	130	0.5%	1.0%	AA	A+	Aa3
15	London Drugs	9	231	1.0%	1.0%			
16	Scotiabank	23	132	0.5%	1.0%	AA	A+	Aa2
17	Staples	11	254	1.0%	0.9%		BBB-	Baa2
18	Tim Hortons	46	124	0.5%	0.8%	BBB		
19	Save-On-Foods	6	267	1.1%	0.7%			
20	Alberta Health Services	3	157	0.7%	0.7%	AAA	AAA	Aaa
21	Longo's	3	126	0.5%	0.7%			
22	Starbucks	43	70	0.3%	0.7%		A-	A3
23	Jean Coutu	12	155	0.6%	0.6%			
24	Subway	71	84	0.3%	0.6%			
25	Hudson's Bay Company	4	253	1.0%	0.5%		B+	B1
26	Toys "R" Us	4	156	0.6%	0.5%		B-	В3
27	Whole Foods Market	2	90	0.4%	0.5%		BBB-	
28	Michaels	4	87	0.4%	0.5%		В	В3
29	Cara	20	83	0.3%	0.5%			
30	Best Buy	5	140	0.6%	0.5%		BB	Baa2
31	Target	2	246	1.0%	0.5%		Α	A2
32	SAQ	22	95	0.4%	0.5%	A (high)	A+	Aa2
33	McDonalds	21	84	0.3%	0.4%		Α	A2
34	Yum! Brands	29	58	0.2%	0.5%		BBB	Baa3
35	Reitmans	26	132	0.5%	0.4%			
36	The Beer Store	11	66	0.3%	0.4%	AA (low)	AA-	Aa2
37	Winners	5	164	0.7%	0.4%	. ,	A+	A3
38	The Home Depot	2	219	1.0%	0.4%	Α	Α	A2
39	Pet Valu	19	51	0.2%	0.3%			
40	Bell Canada	29	49	0.2%	0.3%	A (low)	BBB+	Baa1
Tota	l: Top 40 Tenants	925	14,075	57.7%	55.1%	, ,		

<sup>(1)</sup> As at June 30, 2014, Loblaw Companies Limited ("Loblaws") comprises 10.4% of the Company's annualized minimum rent (December 31, 2013 – 4.2%) as a result of the merger of Loblaws and Shoppers Drug Mart completed in Q1 2014. The Company earned base rent revenue of \$10.5 million and \$20.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 from Loblaws, respectively.

 $<sup>^{(2)}</sup>$  Sobeys includes space occupied by Safeway Canada, resulting from the merger of the companies during 2013.

# Loans, Mortgages and Other Real Estate Assets

(thousands of dollars)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Loans and mortgages receivable (a)	\$ 63,901	68,150
Available-for-sale ("AFS") investments in equity securities	3,843	3,631
Total non-current loans, mortgages and other real estate assets	\$ 67,744 \$	71,781
Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") investments in equity securities (b)	\$ 31,005	27,764
AFS investments in equity securities	400	455
Loans and mortgages receivable (c)	47,017	24,457
Loans receivable from sales of residential inventory	_	22,522
Other receivable	2,251	2,251
Total current loans, mortgages and other real estate assets	\$ 80,673	77,449
Total mortgages and other real estate assets	\$ 148,417	149,230

- (a) Loans and mortgages receivable are secured by interests in investment properties or shares of entities owning investment properties and bear interest at a weighted average coupon and effective interest rate as at June 30, 2014 of 5.9% and 6.3% per annum, respectively (December 31, 2013 6.3% per annum). The loans and mortgages receivable mature between 2015 and 2025.
- (b) The Company invests from time to time in publicly traded real estate and related securities. These securities are recorded at market value. Unrealized gains and losses on FVTPL securities are recorded in other gains (losses) and (expenses).
- (c) The Company has loans and mortgages receivable secured by interests in investment properties or shares of entities owning investment properties and bear interest at a weighted average coupon and effective interest rate of 9.3% per annum (December 31, 2013 9.5% per annum). The loans and mortgages receivable mature between 2014 and 2015.

Scheduled principal receipts of loans and mortgages receivable as at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

(thousands of dollars, except other data)	Payments on Maturity	Total	Weighted Average Interest Rate
2014 (remainder of the year)	\$ 37,522	\$ 37,522	9.24%
2015	14,961	14,961	7.19%
2016	5,979	5,979	8.40%
2017	3,522	3,522	5.29%
2019 to 2025	47,833	47,833	5.53%
	\$ 109,817	\$ 109,817	7.17%
Unamortized deferred financing fees, premiums and discounts, net and interest receivable		1,101	
		\$ 110,918	
Current		\$ 47,017	9.33%
Non-current		63,901	6.30%
		\$ 110,918	7.17%

## **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

#### **Net Income**

	Three months en	ded June 30	Six months ended June 30		
(thousands of dollars, except share and per share amounts)	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$ 77,707 \$	73,163 \$	<b>112,921</b> \$	125,883	
Net income per share attributable to common shareholders (diluted)	\$ <b>0.36</b> \$	0.34 \$	<b>0.53</b> \$	0.60	
Weighted average number of common shares – diluted (in thousands)	231,141	225,785	231,162	224,735	

Net income attributable to common shareholders for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$77.7 million or \$0.36 per share (diluted) compared to \$73.2 million or \$0.34 per share (diluted) for the three months ended June 30, 2013. Net income attributable to common shareholders for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$112.9 million or \$0.53 per share (diluted) compared to \$125.9 million or \$0.60 per share (diluted) for the six months ended June 30, 2013.

For the three months ended June 30, 2014, the increase in net income as compared to the same prior year period is primarily due to a \$1.6 million increase in fair value gain on investment properties and the related increase in deferred income taxes, as well as an increase in NOI resulting from net acquisitions, development and redevelopment projects coming on line and same property NOI growth.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014, the decrease in net income as compared to the same prior year period is primarily due to a \$20.3 million decrease in fair value gain on investment properties and the related reduction in deferred income taxes, offset by an increase in NOI resulting from net acquisitions, development and redevelopment projects coming on line and same property NOI growth.

# Reconciliation of Consolidated Statements of Income, as presented, to the Company's Proportionate Interest

The following table provides the reconciliation of the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income, as presented in the interim consolidated financial statements, to proportionate interest.

						Three months	ended June 30
(thousands of dollars)				2014			2013
	Statements of equity method to Statement Income (Equity proportionate Proportionate Incomethod) interest interest (Equity method)		Consolidated Statements of Income (Equity method)	Statements of Income quity method to proportionate interest			
					(Restated) <sup>(1)</sup>		(Restated) <sup>(1)</sup>
Net operating income							
Property rental revenue	\$	161,197	\$ 1,110	\$ 162,307	\$ 157,910	\$ 1,027	\$ 158,937
Property operating costs		59,155	290	59,445	58,518	329	58,847
		102,042	820	102,862	99,392	698	100,090
Other income and expenses							
Interest and other income		2,799	_	2,799	3,413	(14)	3,399
Interest expense		(42,697)	(123)	(42,820)	(42,283)	(135)	(42,418)
Corporate expenses		(7,041)	_	(7,041)	(7,239)	_	(7,239)
Abandoned transaction costs		(233)	_	(233)	(83)	_	(83)
Amortization expense		(1,067)	_	(1,067)	(945)	_	(945)
Share of profit from joint venture		706	(706)	_	558	(558)	_
Other gains (losses) and (expenses)		(2,369)	_	(2,369)	(4,105)	_	(4,105)
Increase in value of investment properties, net		43,476	9	43,485	41,848	9	41,857
		(6,426)	(820)	(7,246)	(8,836)	(698)	(9,534)
Income before income taxes		95,616	_	95,616	90,556	_	90,556
Deferred income taxes		17,870	_	17,870	17,332	_	17,332
Net income	\$	77,746	\$ _	\$ 77,746	\$ 73,224	\$ -	\$ 73,224

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  Refer to the "Adoption of New Accounting Standards" section of this MD&A for further details.

									Six months 6	end	ed June 30
(thousands of dollars)						2014					2013
	S	Consolidated tatements of come (Equity method)	(	Adjustment for equity method to proportionate interest	Pr	oportionate interest	Consolidated Statements of Income (Equity method)		Adjustment for uity method to proportionate interest		oportionate interest
							(Restated) <sup>(1)</sup>			(R	estated) <sup>(1)</sup>
Net operating income											
Property rental revenue	\$	324,064	\$	2,284	\$	326,348	\$ 315,707	\$	2,125	\$	317,832
Property operating costs		123,438		675		124,113	118,572		690		119,262
		200,626		1,609		202,235	197,135		1,435		198,570
Other income and expenses											
Interest and other income		5,409		_		5,409	4,704		2		4,706
Interest expense		(85,054)		(254)		(85,308)	(82,860)	)	(272)		(83,132)
Corporate expenses		(15,057)		_		(15,057)	(14,438)	)	_		(14,438)
Abandoned transaction costs		(281)		_		(281)	(554)	)	_		(554)
Amortization expense		(2,090)		_		(2,090)	(1,923)	)	_		(1,923)
Share of profit from joint venture		1,391		(1,391)		_	1,120		(1,120)		_
Other gains (losses) and (expenses)		(1,123)		_		(1,123)	(4,267)	)	_		(4,267)
Increase (decrease) in value of investment properties, net		37,188		36		37,224	57,446		(45)		57,401
		(59,617)		(1,609)		(61,226)	(40,772)	)	(1,435)		(42,207)
Income before income taxes		141,009		_		141,009	156,363		_		156,363
Deferred income taxes		28,354		_		28,354	30,459		_		30,459
Net income	\$	112,655	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	112,655	\$ 125,904	\$	_	\$	125,904

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to the "Adoption of New Accounting Standards" section of this MD&A for further details.

## **Funds from Operations and Adjusted Funds from Operations**

In Management's view, funds from operations ("FFO") and adjusted funds from operations ("AFFO") are commonly accepted and meaningful indicators of financial performance in the real estate industry. First Capital Realty believes that financial analysts, investors and shareholders are better served when the clear presentation of comparable period operating results generated from FFO and AFFO disclosures supplement IFRS disclosure. These measures are the primary methods used in analyzing real estate organizations in Canada. FFO and AFFO are not measures defined by IFRS and, as such, neither of them has a standard definition. The Company's method of calculating FFO and AFFO may be different from methods used by other corporations or REITs (real estate investment trusts) and, accordingly, may not be comparable to such other corporations or REITs. FFO and AFFO: (i) do not represent cash flow from operating activities as defined by IFRS, (ii) are not indicative of cash available to fund all liquidity requirements, including payment of dividends and capital for growth, and (iii) are not to be considered as alternatives to IFRS net income for the purpose of evaluating operating performance.

# **Funds from Operations**

First Capital Realty calculates FFO in accordance with the recommendations of the Real Property Association of Canada ("REALpac"), as issued in a White Paper on FFO for IFRS. It includes certain additional adjustments to FFO under IFRS from the previous definition of FFO under GAAP. The use of FFO has been included for the purpose of improving the understanding of the operating results of the Company.

FFO is considered a meaningful additional financial measure of operating performance, as it excludes fair value gains and losses on investment properties. FFO also adjusts for certain items included in IFRS net income that may not be the most appropriate determinants of the long-term operating performance of the Company including certain cash and non-cash gains and losses, incremental leasing costs, property taxes reflected ratably, as well as adjustments to non-controlling interest to reflect FFO attributable to the Company, and provides a perspective on the financial performance that is not immediately apparent from net income determined in accordance with IFRS. The weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding for FFO is calculated assuming conversion of only those convertible debentures outstanding that would have a dilutive effect upon conversion, at the holders' contractual conversion price.

FFO for the three months ended June 30, 2014 totalled \$54.0 million or \$0.26 per share (diluted) compared to \$53.3 million or \$0.26 per share (diluted) in the same prior year period. The increase in FFO is primarily due to the increase in NOI resulting from acquisitions, development and redevelopment projects coming on line, same property NOI growth, partially offset by the larger loss in other gains (losses) and (expenses).

FFO for the six months ended June 30, 2014 totalled \$107.5 million or \$0.51 per share (diluted) compared to \$106.2 million or \$0.51 per share (diluted) in the same prior year period. The increase in FFO is primarily due to the increase in NOI resulting from acquisitions, development and redevelopment projects coming on line, same property NOI growth and increased interest and other income, partially offset by the larger loss in other gains (losses) and (expenses).

The Company's net income with proportionate interest is reconciled to funds from operations below:

	,	Three months er	nded June 30	Six months ended June 30			
(thousands of dollars)		2014	2013	2014	2013		
			(Restated) <sup>(1)</sup>	·	(Restated) <sup>(1)</sup>		
Net income for the period	\$	<b>77,746</b> \$	73,224 \$	<b>112,655</b> \$	125,904		
Add (deduct):							
Increase in value of investment properties, net		(43,485)	(41,857)	(37,224)	(57,401)		
Incremental leasing costs		948	1,103	2,654	2,539		
Investment properties – selling costs		988	3,564	1,130	4,719		
Deferred income taxes		17,870	17,332	28,354	30,459		
Non-controlling interest		(36)	(61)	(77)	(34)		
FFO	\$	<b>54,031</b> \$	53,305 \$	<b>107,492</b> \$	106,186		

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  Refer to the "Adoption of New Accounting Standards" section of this MD&A for further details.

The components of FFO with proportionate interest are as follows:

		Thre	ee months end	ded June 30		9	Six months end	ed June 30
(thousands of dollars, except share and per share							,	
amounts and percentages)	% change		2014	2013	% change		2014	2013
			(	(Restated) <sup>(1)</sup>			(F	Restated) <sup>(1)</sup>
Net operating income		\$	<b>102,862</b> \$	100,090		\$	<b>202,235</b> \$	198,570
Interest expense			(42,820)	(42,418)			(85,308)	(83,132)
Corporate expenses			(6,093)	(6,136)			(12,403)	(11,899)
Abandoned transaction costs			(233)	(83)			(281)	(554)
Amortization expense (corporate assets and credit facility costs)			(1,067)	(945)			(2,090)	(1,923)
Interest and other income			2,799	3,399			5,409	4,706
Non-controlling interest			(36)	(61)			(77)	(34)
FFO excluding other gains (losses) and (expenses)	2.9%		55,412	53,846	1.7%		107,485	105,734
Other gains (losses) and (expenses) (2)			(1,381)	(541)			7	452
FFO	1.4%	\$	<b>54,031</b> \$	53,305	1.2%	\$	<b>107,492</b> \$	106,186
FFO per diluted share	_	\$	0.26 \$	0.26	_	\$	0.51 \$	0.51
FFO per diluted share excluding other gains (losses) and (expenses)	_	\$	<b>0.26</b> \$	0.26	_	\$	0.51 \$	0.51
Weighted average number of common shares – diluted – FFO (in thousands)	0.8%		210,786	209,010	0.8%		210,193	208,605

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to the "Adoption of New Accounting Standards" section of this MD&A for further details.

# **Adjusted Funds from Operations**

AFFO is calculated by adjusting FFO for non-cash and other items including interest payable in shares, straight-line rent adjustments, non-cash compensation expense, same property capital expenditures and leasing costs for maintaining shopping centre infrastructures, certain other gains or losses, and adjustments to non-controlling interest to reflect AFFO attributable to the Company. Residential inventory pre-sale costs are recognized in AFFO when the Company recognizes revenue from the sale of residential units. The weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding for AFFO is adjusted to assume conversion of the outstanding convertible debentures, calculated using the holders' contractual conversion price.

AFFO for the three months ended June 30, 2014 totalled \$57.0 million or \$0.25 per share (diluted) compared to \$57.7 million or \$0.26 per share (diluted) in the same prior year period. AFFO included \$0.2 million of other net gains in the quarter compared to \$2.5 million of other net gains in the same prior year period.

AFFO for the six months ended June 30, 2014 totalled \$110.9 million or \$0.49 per share (diluted) compared to \$112.0 million or \$0.50 per share (diluted) in the same prior year period. AFFO included \$0.6 million of other net gains in the period compared to \$5.0 million of other net gains in the same prior year period.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to the "Results of Operations – Other Gains (Losses) and (Expenses)" section in the following pages for details.

# AFFO is calculated as follows:

	Thre	e months end	ed June 30	Si	x months ende	ed June 30
(thousands of dollars, except share and per share amounts and percentages)	% change	2014	2013	% change	2014	2013
FFO	\$	<b>54,031</b> \$	53,305	\$	<b>107,492</b> \$	106,186
Add (deduct):						
Interest expense payable in shares		5,937	5,905		11,778	11,354
Rental revenue recorded on a straight-line basis		(1,708)	(2,418)		(3,460)	(5,760)
Non-cash compensation expense		703	855		1,399	1,568
Same property revenue sustaining capital expenditures (1)		(3,996)	(3,522)		(8,004)	(7,045)
Change in cumulative unrealized losses (gains) on marketable securities		54	(371)		(1,231)	965
Losses on prepayments of debt		76	3,923		338	4,035
Hedge accounting (gains) losses		(60)	(384)		39	(263)
Pre-selling costs of residential inventory units		18	(86)		37	(153)
Transition services and protective rights agreement		1,450	_		1,450	_
Costs not capitalized during development period (2)		549	566		1,266	1,216
Other adjustments		(93)	(74)		(165)	(152)
AFFO	(1.3)%	56,961	57,699	(0.9)%	110,939	111,951
Add/deduct: Other (gains) losses and (expenses) (3)		(156)	(2,541)		(640)	(5,036)
AFFO excluding other (gains) losses and (expenses)	3.0 % \$	<b>56,805</b> \$	55,158	3.2 % \$	<b>110,299</b> \$	106,915
AFFO per diluted share	(3.8)% \$	<b>0.25</b> \$	0.26	(2.0)% \$	0.49 \$	0.50
AFFO per diluted share excluding other (gains) losses and						
(expenses)	4.2 % \$	<b>0.25</b> \$	0.24	2.1 % \$	<b>0.49</b> \$	0.48
Weighted average number of common shares – diluted – AFFO (in thousands)	0.7 %	227,449	225,785	0.9 %	226,859	224,735

Estimated at \$0.84 per square foot per annum (2013 – \$0.84) on average gross leasable area of stable properties (based on an estimated three-year weighted average).

<sup>(2)</sup> The Company has added back costs not capitalized during the development period for accounting purposes that, in Management's view forms part of the cost of its development projects.

<sup>(3)</sup> Refer to the "Results of Operations – Other Gains (Losses) and (Expenses)" section in the following pages for details.

A reconciliation of cash provided by operating activities (an IFRS measure) to AFFO is presented below:

		Three months er	nded June 30	Six months e	nded June 30
(thousands of dollars)	-	2014	2013	2014	2013
			(Restated) <sup>(1)</sup>		(Restated) <sup>(1)</sup>
Cash provided by operating activities	\$	<b>56,016</b> \$	38,951 <b>\$</b>	<b>126,147</b> \$	77,170
Share of profit of joint venture		701	549	1,383	1,165
Distribution from joint venture		(649)	(503)	(1,133)	(989)
Realized gains on sale of marketable securities		156	172	637	2,247
Incremental leasing costs		948	1,103	2,654	2,539
Net change in non-cash operating items		768	15,372	17,666	27,586
Expenditures on residential development inventory		481	2,153	4,108	7,666
Receipts of proceeds from sales of residential inventory		_	_	(27,711)	_
Amortization expense		(1,067)	(945)	(2,090)	(1,923)
Non-cash interest expense and change in accrued interest		(4,224)	(4,410)	(7,030)	(2,972)
Convertible debenture interest paid in common shares		_	_	(9,980)	(8,768)
Convertible debenture interest payable in common shares		5,937	5,905	11,778	11,354
Costs not capitalized during development period		549	566	1,266	1,216
Pre-selling costs of residential inventory		17	(86)	36	(153)
Transition services and protective rights agreement		1,450	_	1,450	_
Gain on sale of residential inventory		_	2,499	_	2,965
Same property revenue sustaining capital expenditures		(3,996)	(3,522)	(8,004)	(7,045)
Non-controlling interest		(36)	(61)	(77)	(34)
Other adjustments		(90)	(44)	(161)	(73)
AFFO	\$	<b>56,961</b> \$	57,699 \$	<b>110,939</b> \$	111,951

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to the "Adoption of New Accounting Standards" section of this MD&A for further details.

# Net Operating Income ("NOI")

NOI is defined as property rental revenue less property operating costs. In Management's opinion, NOI is common and useful in analyzing the operating performance of the Company's shopping centre portfolio, and it is a primary method for analyzing real estate in Canada. NOI is not a measure defined by IFRS and as such there is no standard definition. As a result, NOI may not be comparable with similar measures presented by other entities. NOI is not to be construed as an alternative to net income or cash flow from operating activities determined in accordance with IFRS.

NOI increased to approximately \$102.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 from \$100.1 million for the comparative prior year period. NOI increased to \$202.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 from \$198.6 million for the same prior year period.

On a comparative period basis, the shopping centre portfolio size increased by 0.3 million square feet due to net property acquisitions and net development and redevelopment space coming on line. The overall occupancy increased by 0.3% as compared to 95.2% as at June 30, 2013. The increase in overall occupancy primarily arises as a result of the Company's development, redevelopment initiatives and leasing activities. On a same property – stable basis, occupancy has increased to 96.8% (June 30, 2013 – 96.4%). The increase in NOI resulted from growth in base rent from tenants due to increases in rental rates from step-ups and lease renewals, as well as acquisitions and developments coming on line, where average rental rates and recovery terms were higher than the rental rates and recovery terms of disposed properties and closures of spaces for redevelopment.

The Company's proportionate interest in net operating income for the shopping centre portfolio is presented below:

	Three months e	nded June 30	Six months end	ded June 30
(thousands of dollars, except other data)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Property rental revenue				
Base rent <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ <b>102,254</b> \$	98,948 \$	<b>204,301</b> \$	197,757
Operating cost recoveries	23,021	23,050	49,610	47,291
Realty tax recoveries	30,269	29,286	60,280	58,262
Straight-line rent	1,708	2,418	3,460	5,760
Lease surrender fees	485	240	900	394
Percentage rent	692	854	925	1,285
Prior year operating cost and tax recovery adjustments	(109)	286	(820)	341
Temporary tenants, storage, parking and other	3,987	3,855	7,692	6,742
Total property rental revenue	162,307	158,937	326,348	317,832
Property operating costs				
Recoverable operating expenses	27,241	26,724	58,386	55,226
Recoverable realty tax expenses	33,088	32,090	66,150	63,901
Prior year operating cost and tax expense adjustments	(854)	(458)	(1,257)	(492)
Other operating costs and adjustments	(30)	491	834	627
Total property operating costs	59,445	58,847	124,113	119,262
NOI	\$ <b>102,862</b> \$	100,090 \$	<b>202,235</b> \$	198,570
NOI margin	63.4%	63.0%	62.0%	62.5%
Operating cost recovery percentage	84.5%	86.3%	85.0%	85.6%
Tax recovery percentage	91.5%	91.3%	91.1%	91.2%

<sup>(1)</sup> Base rent includes annual minimum rents from gross and semi-gross leases.

The change in the shopping centre portfolio NOI margin is primarily driven by occupancy, operating costs and tax recovery margins and base rent growth. The overall shopping centre portfolio NOI margin has decreased to 62.0% from 62.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2014 in comparison to the prior year due to development and redevelopment activities, where margins will vary depending on the stage of activity, and due to acquisitions, where margins are impacted by the condition of acquired properties. The same property – stable NOI margin has decreased to 63.3% from 64.2% as at June 30, 2013 primarily as a result of increased non-recoverable operating costs. The stable properties typically have the highest NOI margins. NOI margin has increased only slightly by 0.2% during the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same prior year period. Consistent with the six months ended June 30, 2014, this change in NOI margin results from varying margins on development and redevelopment activities, and margins on acquisitions.

The operating cost and tax recoveries margin for same property – stable was 91.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to 91.8% for the same prior year period. The overall shopping centre portfolio operating cost and tax recoveries margin was 88.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to 88.6% for the same prior year period. The operating cost and tax recoveries margin for the same property – stable has decreased to 90.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2014, from 92.1% for the same prior year period. The overall shopping centre portfolio operating cost and tax recoveries margin has decreased to 88.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2014, from 89.0% for the same prior period. The decrease in recoveries margin results from the decrease in operating cost recovery margins, which are more sensitive to recoverability than tax recovery margins. For both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same prior year period, the operating cost recovery margins have decreased due to fluctuations in occupancy and the nature of the lease terms.

The following table summarizes the Company's NOI margin, operating costs and tax recoveries margin, and occupancy by property category:

		NOI Mar	gin		Operating (	Cost and Tax	Recoveries M	1argin	% Occı	ıpied
	Three m		Six mont	hs ended June 30	Three mont	hs ended June 30	Six mon	ths ended June 30	As a	t June 30
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Same property – stable	64.5%	64.6%	63.3%	64.2%	90.8%	92.1%	91.0%	91.8%	96.8%	96.4%
Same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion	65.3%	64.0%	63.0%	62.6%	90.5%	91.6%	90.0%	90.3%	95.3%	95.7%
Total same property	64.7%	64.5%	63.2%	63.8%	90.7%	92.0%	90.7%	91.4%	96.4%	96.3%
Major redevelopment	57.1%	56.9%	55.0%	56.4%	79.1%	80.3%	78.8%	80.8%	91.8%	91.4%
Ground-up development	60.5%	68.2%	58.3%	65.4%	93.4%	97.7%	89.7%	94.3%	98.4%	95.1%
Acquisitions – 2014	74.8%	-%	74.0%	-%	90.3%	-%	92.1%	-%	92.2%	-%
Acquisitions – 2013	59.1%	51.2%	60.0%	54.9%	83.8%	85.7%	84.9%	80.7%	92.7%	94.9%
Investment properties classified as held for sale	63.9%	60.7%	64.0%	59.8%	81.8%	85.1%	83.5%	83.0%	90.6%	91.4%
Dispositions and other	69.8%	60.4%	68.7%	61.2%	93.7%	70.0%	90.4%	74.1%	-%	100.0%
	63.4%	63.0%	62.0%	62.5%	88.3%	89.0%	88.2%	88.6%	95.5%	95.2%

Same property – stable NOI increased by 1.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same prior year period, primarily attributed to increases in rental rates due to step-ups, lease renewals, and tenant openings with higher rental rates than the rental rates on tenant closures. This is offset by the decrease in NOI margin due to an increase in other non-recoverable operating costs and prior year operating costs and tax recovery adjustments.

Same property – stable NOI increased by 2.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same prior year period, primarily attributed to increases in rental rates due to step-ups, lease renewals, and tenant openings with higher rental rates than the rental rates on tenant closures. This is offset by the decrease in NOI margin due to an increase in other non-recoverable operating costs and prior year operating costs and tax recovery adjustments.

The following table summarizes the Company's proportionate interest in NOI by property categorization:

	Thi	ree months end	ed June 30		Six months end	ded June 30
(thousands of dollars, except for percentages)	% change	2014	2013	% change	2014	2013
Same property – stable NOI	2.2% \$	<b>59,438</b> \$	58,137	1.5% \$	<b>117,418</b> \$	115,676
Same property with incremental redevelopment and expansion NOI	4.3%	17,697	16,964	6.1%	34,902	32,904
Total same property	2.7%	77,135	75,101	2.5%	152,320	148,580
Major redevelopment		12,496	12,171		23,634	23,494
Ground-up development		3,538	2,584		6,764	4,910
Acquisitions – 2014		640	_		906	_
Acquisitions – 2013		2,386	1,184		4,837	1,750
Investment properties classified as held for sale		3,913	3,705		8,454	7,186
Dispositions – 2014		557	519		1,085	1,036
Dispositions – 2013		_	2,406		_	5,722
Rental revenue recognized on a straight-line basis		1,709	2,418		3,461	5,760
Development land		488	2		774	132
NOI	\$	<b>102,862</b> \$	100,090	\$	<b>202,235</b> \$	198,570

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 in comparison to the same prior year period, each region experienced growth in base rent and recoveries from tenants resulting from an increase in rental rates due to step-ups and lease renewals, in addition to net acquisitions and developments coming on line, with average rental rates and recovery terms in excess of the rental rates and recovery terms of disposed properties and closures of spaces for redevelopment.

The shopping centre portfolio NOI by segment at the Company's proportionate interest is as follows:

Three months ended June 30, 2014	Cambual	F4	14/				
(thousands of dollars)	Central Region	Eastern Region	Western Region	Subtotal		Other <sup>(1)</sup>	Total
Property rental revenue	\$ 68,458	\$ 42,421	\$ 51,813	\$ 162,692	\$	(385) \$	162,307
Property operating costs	26,126	16,995	16,804	59,925		(480)	59,445
Net operating income	\$ 42,332	\$ 25,426	\$ 35,009	\$ 102,767	\$	95 \$	102,862
Three months ended June 30, 2013	Central	 Eastern	Western		-		
(thousands of dollars)	Region	Region	Region	Subtotal		Other <sup>(1)</sup>	Total
Property rental revenue	\$ 67,994	\$ 40,903	\$ 50,345	\$ 159,242	\$	(305) \$	158,937
Property operating costs	25,874	16,329	16,901	59,104		(257)	58,847
Net operating income	\$ 42,120	\$ 24,574	\$ 33,444	\$ 100,138	\$	(48) \$	100,090
Six months ended June 30, 2014	Central	Eastern	Western				
(thousands of dollars)	Region	Region	Region	Subtotal		Other <sup>(1)</sup>	Total
Property rental revenue	\$ 138,539	\$ 85,467	\$ 102,874	\$ 326,880	\$	(532) \$	326,348
Property operating costs	53,902	36,124	34,352	124,378		(265)	124,113
Net operating income	\$ 84,637	\$ 49,343	\$ 68,522	\$ 202,502	\$	(267) \$	202,235
Six months ended June 30, 2013	Central	Eastern	Western				
(thousands of dollars)	Region	Region	Region	Subtotal		Other <sup>(1)</sup>	Total
Property rental revenue	\$ 135,942	\$ 82,499	\$ 100,021	\$ 318,462	\$	(630) \$	317,832
Property operating costs	52,433	34,172	33,555	120,160		(898)	119,262
Net operating income	\$ 83,509	\$ 48,327	\$ 66,466	\$ 198,302	\$	268 \$	198,570

<sup>(1)</sup> Other items are principally operating costs and adjustments that are not attributable to a region.

# **Interest and Other Income**

The Company's interest and other income is as follows:

	Three months en	ded June 30	Six months ended June 30			
(thousands of dollars)	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Interest, dividend and distribution income from marketable securities and cash investments	\$ 952 \$	983 \$	1,811 \$	1,566		
Interest income from mortgages and loans receivable	1,847	1,670	3,598	2,358		
Fees and other income	_	746	_	782		
	\$ <b>2,799</b> \$	3,399 \$	<b>5,409</b> \$	4,706		

The increase in interest and other income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 is primarily due to an increase in mortgages and loans receivable and marketable securities balances.

Fee income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 includes approximately \$0.3 million of fees received in connection with the sale of a portfolio of properties and management fees earned from partners and other items.

#### **Interest Expense**

The Company's proportionate share of interest expense is as follows:

	Three month	ns ended June 3	)	Six month	s end	led June 30
(thousands of dollars)	2014	201	3	2014		2013
Mortgages and credit facilities	\$ 16,108 \$	19,68	\$	<b>32,755</b> \$	5	40,343
Senior unsecured debentures	27,005	22,31	5	51,945		42,416
Convertible debenture (cashless)						
Coupon interest (payable in shares)	4,977	5,00	5	9,898		9,632
Accretion of discounts on bifurcation for accounting purposes	400	38:	L	786		741
Amortization of deferred issue costs	560	519	)	1,094		981
	5,937	5,90	5	11,778		11,354
Interest capitalized to investment properties and residential inventory under development	(6,230)	(5,48	3)	(11,170)		(10,981)
Total interest expense	\$ 42,820	\$ 42,418	\$	85,308	\$	83,132

Mortgage and credit facilities interest expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 has decreased due to net repayments of mortgages during the past 18 months and due to the decrease in the weighted average borrowing rate from 5.31% per annum as at June 30, 2013 to 5.16% per annum as at June 30, 2014.

The increase in interest expense for the senior unsecured debentures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 is primarily due to the issuances of \$450 million principal amount senior unsecured debentures with a weighted average coupon rate of 4.63% (weighted average effective rate of 4.63%) during 2014 and the issuances of \$450 million principal amount of senior unsecured debentures with a weighted average coupon rate of 3.97% (weighted average effective rate of 4.12%) in 2013, partially offset by the repayment of \$54 million of principal amount with a weighted average coupon rate of 5.36% (weighted average effective rate of 5.52%) during the year ended December 31, 2013 as described in the "Capital Structure and Liquidity" section of this MD&A.

The increase in convertible debentures interest expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 is a result of net issuances in 2013 of \$55 million, partially offset by repurchases in the Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB") of \$3.2 million during 2013. Refer to the "Capital Structure and Liquidity" section of this MD&A.

During the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, approximately 11.6% and 11.7% of interest expense was capitalized to real estate investments for properties undergoing development or redevelopment projects. Amounts capitalized are based on development and redevelopment projects actively underway. The increase in capitalized interest is commensurate with the increase in development and redevelopment expenditure that qualifies for interest capitalization during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. This increase resulted from the commencement of certain significant development and redevelopment projects in the current year. The timing of completion of development and redevelopment projects compared to the commencement of new projects is commensurate with the increase in the level of interest expense capitalized compared to the same prior year period.

#### **Corporate Expenses**

	Three montl	ns end	ded June 30	Six months e	nded June 30
(thousands of dollars, except for percentages)	2014		2013	2014	2013
			(Restated)		(Restated)
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 5,927	\$	5,805 <b>\$</b>	<b>12,169</b> \$	11,628
Non-cash compensation	681		808	1,329	1,465
Other corporate costs	2,333		2,345	5,008	4,725
	8,941		8,958	18,506	17,818
Amounts capitalized to investment properties under development and residential inventory (1)	(1,900)		(1,719)	(3,449)	(3,380)
	\$ 7,041	\$	7,239 \$	<b>15,057</b> \$	14,438
Corporate expenses, excluding non-cash compensation and incremental leasing costs					
As a percentage of rental revenue	3.4%	,	3.4%	3.4%	3.3%
As a percentage of total assets	0.27%	,	0.28%	0.28%	0.28%

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to the "Adoption of New Accounting Standards" section of this MD&A.

The overall level of net corporate expenses has decreased by 2.7% and increased by 4.3% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, as compared to the same prior year period. The variances for the three and six months ended June 30 is primarily due to timing of quarterly expenses.

Non-cash compensation is recognized over the respective vesting periods for options, restricted share units and deferred share units. These items are considered part of the total compensation for directors, senior management and other team members.

The Company manages all of its acquisitions, development and redevelopment and leasing activities internally. Certain internal costs directly related to development, including salaries and related costs for planning, zoning, leasing, construction, etc., are capitalized in accordance with IFRS to development projects and residential inventory, as incurred.

In March 2014, the IFRIC issued a decision related to the meaning of "incremental costs" in the context of initial direct leasing costs in IAS 17. The IFRIC determined that internal fixed costs, such as the salary costs of permanent staff involved in negotiating and arranging new leases, do not qualify as incremental costs within the context of IAS 17 and, therefore, should not be capitalized as initial direct leasing costs. The Company has adopted the interpretation effective January 1, 2014, with retrospective restatement of prior period presented. Prior to the adoption of this interpretation, certain costs associated with the Company's internal leasing staff were capitalized to investment properties. The adoption of the interpretation has resulted in an increase in corporate expenses and an increase in fair value gains on investment properties. Refer to Note 3 to the interim consolidated financial statements for further details.

During the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, approximately 20.1% and 20.7% of compensation-related and other corporate expenses were capitalized to real estate investments for properties undergoing development or redevelopment projects. Amounts capitalized are based on development and pre-development projects underway. The increase in capitalized corporate expenses resulted from the commencement of certain significant development and redevelopment projects in the current year. As at June 30, 2014, costs being capitalized related largely to these significant projects, as well as to projects in the pre-development stage. The timing of completion of development and redevelopment projects compared to the commencement of new projects and pre-development activity is commensurate with the increase in the level of corporate expenses capitalized compared to the same prior year period.

# Other Gains (Losses) and (Expenses)

						Three months e	nded June 30
				2014			2013
(thousands of dollars)	Coi	ncluded in nsolidated ements of Income	Included in FFO	Included in AFFO	Included in Consolidated Statements of Income	Included in FFO	Included in AFFO
Realized gains on sale of marketable securities	\$	156 \$	156 \$	156	\$ 172	\$ 172	\$ 172
Change in cumulative unrealized gains (losses) on marketable securities classified as FVTPL		(54)	(54)	_	371	371	_
Losses on prepayments of debt		(76)	(76)	_	(3,923)	(3,923)	_
Unrealized losses on hedges		60	60	_	384	384	_
Gain on foreign currency exchange		_	_	_	18	18	18
Pre-selling costs of residential inventory		(17)	(17)	_	(62)	(62)	(148)
Transition services and protective rights agreement		(1,450)	(1,450)	_	_	_	_
Net gain on sale of residential inventory		_	_	_	2,499	2,499	2,499
Investment properties – selling costs		(988)	_	_	(3,564)	_	_
	\$	(2,369) \$	(1,381) \$	156	\$ (4,105)	\$ (541)	\$ 2,541

		,					Six months en	ded June 30
					2014			2013
(thousands of dollars)	Co	ncluded in nsolidated ements of Income	ı	Included in FFO	Included in AFFO	Included in consolidated atements of Income	Included in FFO	Included in AFFO
Realized gains on sale of marketable securities	\$	637 \$	\$	637	\$ 637	\$ 2,247	\$ 2,247 \$	2,247
Change in cumulative unrealized gains (losses) on marketable securities classified as FVTPL		1,231		1,231	_	(965)	(965)	_
Losses on prepayments of debt		(338)		(338)	_	(4,035)	(4,035)	_
Unrealized losses on hedges		(39)		(39)	_	263	263	_
Gain on foreign currency exchange		3		3	3	50	50	50
Pre-selling costs of residential inventory		(37)		(37)	_	(73)	(73)	(226)
Transition services and protective rights agreement		(1,450)		(1,450)	_	_	_	_
Net gain on sale of residential inventory		_		_	_	2,965	2,965	2,965
Investment properties – selling costs		(1,130)		_	_	(4,719)	_	_
	\$	(1,123) \$	\$	7	\$ 640	\$ (4,267)	\$ 452 \$	5,036

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the losses on prepayments of debt primarily relate to penalties for the early repayment of \$54 million of mortgages payable in the first quarter of 2014.

The losses on hedges represent the change in fair value for those derivatives to which the Company does not apply hedge accounting, as well as the ineffectiveness of those hedges to which the Company applies hedge accounting.

Investment properties – selling costs were incurred on dispositions of properties and properties held for sale.

#### **Income Taxes**

	Three months er	ided June 30	Six months ended June 3		
(thousands of dollars)	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Deferred income taxes	\$ <b>17,870</b> \$	17,332 \$	<b>28,354</b> \$	30,459	

Deferred income taxes decreased compared to the same prior year period primarily due to the difference in the fair value gain on investment properties.

# **CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND LIQUIDITY**

# **Capital Employed**

The ratios below include measures not specifically defined in IFRS. Certain calculations are required pursuant to debt covenants and for this reason are meaningful measures.

(thousands of dollars, except for other data)	June 30, 2014	De	cember 31, 2013
Enterprise value			
Common shares outstanding (in thousands)	209,736		208,356
Mortgages and credit facilities (principal amount)	\$ 1,260,536	\$	1,350,307
Mortgage on equity accounted joint venture (principal amount at the Company's interest)	10,645		10,859
Senior unsecured debentures (principal amount)	2,325,000		1,875,000
Convertible debentures (principal amount)	392,903		392,917
Equity capitalization			
Common shares (based on closing per share price of \$18.62; December 31, 2013 – \$17.71)	3,905,293		3,689,981
Total enterprise value (total capital employed)	\$ 7,894,377	\$	7,319,064
Net debt to total assets (1)	43.1%		42.9%
Net debt to total assets (at invested cost) (1)	50.7%		50.5%
Net debt to total assets (based on unsecured debt covenants) (1) (2)	44.1%		44.6%
Net debt to enterprise value (1)	43.7%		44.3%
Weighted average interest rate on fixed rate debt and senior unsecured debentures	5.01%		5.09%
Net debt/EBITDA <sup>(3)</sup>	8.46		8.21
Net debt/EBITDA – on run rate on components of EBITDA (3)	8.28		8.18
Weighted average maturity on mortgages, other secured debt and senior unsecured debentures (years) <sup>(4)</sup>	5.9		5.3
Unencumbered aggregate assets to unsecured debt			
Total, based on IFRS value (5)	2.08		2.29
Based on unsecured debt covenants (6)	2.02		2.15
EBITDA interest coverage (1)	2.35		2.38
EBITDA interest coverage excluding capitalized interest on development (1)	2.73		2.76

<sup>(1)</sup> Calculated with the joint venture and Main and Main Developments proportionately consolidated.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes investment properties at IFRS value, calculated using the average capitalization rate over the last 10 fiscal quarters.

 $<sup>^{(3)}</sup>$  Calculated with the joint venture proportionately consolidated.

<sup>(4)</sup> Weighted average term to maturity is calculated net of cash balances as at the end of the period.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm (5)}\,$  Includes all unencumbered assets at IFRS values.

<sup>(6)</sup> Includes unencumbered assets as defined by debt covenants, except investment properties under development and deferred tax assets, with shopping centres valued under IFRS using the average capitalization rate over the last 10 fiscal quarters.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - continued

Measures used in these ratios are defined below:

- Debt consists of principal amounts outstanding on credit facilities and mortgages, and the par value of senior unsecured debentures. Convertible debentures are excluded as it is the Company's intention to continue to satisfy its obligations of principal and interest payments in respect of all of its outstanding convertible debentures by the issuance of common shares;
- Net debt is calculated as Debt, as defined above, reduced by cash balances at the end of the period;
- Secured indebtedness includes mortgages and credit facilities which are collateralized against investment property;
- Enterprise value consists of the market value of the Company's common shares, the par value of senior unsecured debentures and convertible debentures, and principal amounts outstanding on mortgages and credit facilities;
- EBITDA is calculated as net income, adding back income tax expense, interest expense and amortization and excluding the increase or decrease in the value of investment properties, other gains (losses) and (expenses) and other non-cash or non-recurring items. The Company also adjusts for incremental leasing costs and costs not capitalized during the development period, which are recognized adjustments to FFO and AFFO, respectively.
- Unencumbered assets include the value of assets that have not been pledged as security under any credit agreement or mortgage. The unencumbered asset value ratio is calculated as unencumbered assets divided by the principal amount of the unsecured debt, which consists of the senior unsecured debentures;
- Run rate is an annualized NOI for a property based upon the existing tenants in place and current operating cost profile for the property.

The real estate business is capital intensive by nature. The Company's capital structure is key to financing growth and providing sustainable cash dividends to shareholders. In the real estate industry, financial leverage is used to enhance rates of return on invested capital. Management believes that the combination of debt, convertible debentures and equity in First Capital Realty's capital structure provides stability and reduces risk, while generating an acceptable return on investment, taking into account the long-term business strategy of the Company.

The Company continues to make progress in reducing the cost of debt and extending and staggering debt maturities. Improvements have been made in key debt metrics over the past several years including weighted average interest rate, weighted average remaining term, and interest coverage ratios.

Since January 1, 2013, the Company has issued \$900 million of unsecured debt for terms from 7.6 years to 11.1 years using certain proceeds to repay early over \$250 million in debt and over \$170 million in debt upon maturity resulting in an extension of the term to maturity for all term debt from 5.3 years at January 1, 2013 to 5.9 years at June 30, 2014. In addition, the Company increased its equity capital by approximately \$53 million since the beginning of 2013.

These financings, along with planned and completed financings subsequent to June 30, 2014, and availability on existing credit facilities, address substantially all of the remaining contractual 2014 debt maturities and contractually committed costs to complete current development projects.

The Company also uses convertible debentures as a part of its overall capital structure. Consistent with First Capital Realty's practice, it is the Company's current intention to continue to satisfy its obligations of principal and interest payments in respect of all of its outstanding convertible debentures through the issuance of common shares. Since issuance, the Company has made all principal and interest payments on its convertible debentures using common shares.

The Company intends to maintain financial strength to achieve the lowest cost of debt and equity capital over the long term. When it is deemed appropriate, the Company will raise equity as a source of financing and may strategically sell non-core assets to best redeploy capital and take advantage of market opportunities.

# **Credit Ratings**

Since November 14, 2012, DBRS rates the Company's senior unsecured debentures as BBB (high) with a stable trend. According to DBRS, a credit rating in the BBB category is generally an indication of adequate credit quality and an acceptable capacity for the payment of financial obligations. DBRS indicates that BBB rated obligations may be vulnerable to future events. A rating trend, expressed as positive, stable or negative, provides guidance in respect of DBRS' opinion regarding the outlook for the rating in question.

Since November 20, 2012, Moody's rates the Company's senior unsecured debentures as Baa2 with a stable outlook. As defined by Moody's, a credit rating of Baa2 denotes that these debentures are subject to moderate credit risk and are of medium grade and, as such, may possess certain speculative characteristics. A rating outlook provided by Moody's, expressed as positive, stable, negative or developing, is an opinion regarding the outlook for the rating in question over the medium term.

# **Consolidated Debt and Principal Amortization Maturity Profile**

(thousands of dollars, except for other data)	Of	Mortgages and Sther Secured Debt	Senior Unsecured Debentures	Total	% Due
2014 (remainder of the year)	\$	123,493	\$ 100,000 \$	223,493	6.22%
2015		242,117	125,000	367,117	10.24%
2016		178,436	_	178,436	4.98%
2017		141,835	250,000	391,835	10.93%
2018		139,530	150,000	289,530	8.07%
2019		120,268	150,000	270,268	7.54%
2020		57,530	175,000	232,530	6.49%
2021		83,055	175,000	258,055	7.20%
2022		170,863	450,000	620,863	17.32%
2023		1,214	300,000	301,214	8.40%
2024 – 2025		2,195	450,000	452,195	12.61%
		1,260,536	2,325,000	3,585,536	100.00%
Add (deduct): unamortized deferred financing costs and premium and discounts, net		9,097	(11,851)	(2,754)	_
	\$	1,269,633	\$ 2,313,149 \$	3,582,782	100.00%

## **Mortgages and Credit Facilities**

The changes in the book value of the Company's mortgages and credit facilities during the six months ended June 30, 2014, which excludes the \$10.6 million mortgage on the equity accounted joint venture, are set out below:

(thousands of dollars, except for percentages)	Nortgages and Other Secured Debt	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Outstanding cheques	Secured Credit Facilities	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Total
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 1,361,582	5.21%	\$ 5,000 \$	_	<b>–</b> \$	1,366,582
Additional borrowings	33	2.72%	_	38,411	2.84%	38,444
Repayments	(109,953)	5.69%	(5,000)			(114,953)
Scheduled amortization	(18,256)		_	_		(18,256)
Amortization and expensing of issue costs and net premium	(2,184)		_	_		(2,184)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 1,231,222	5.16%	\$ - \$	38,411	2.84% \$	1,269,633

As at June 30, 2014, 96% (December 31, 2013 – 97%) of the outstanding mortgage and property-specific debt liabilities bore interest at fixed interest rates. The fixed mortgage rates provide an effective matching for rental income from leases, which typically have fixed terms ranging from five to 10 years, and incremental contractual rent steps during the term of the lease. The average remaining term of mortgages outstanding has increased from 4.0 years as at December 31, 2013 on \$1.4 billion of mortgages to 4.5 years as at June 30, 2014 on \$1.0 billion of mortgages after reflecting the application of cash balances, borrowing activity, assumptions and repayments during the period.

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company prepaid or repaid at maturity \$110.0 million amount of mortgage financing with a weighted average interest rate of 5.69% per annum.

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company committed to finance approximately \$79.5 million of mortgages which will be secured on three of its properties.

## Mortgages and Other Secured Debt Maturity and Lender Type Profile

								vn of Mortgage N by Type of Lender	
(thousands of dollars, except for percentages)	А	Scheduled mortization	P	ayments on Maturity	Total	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Percent with Banks	Percent with Conduits	Percent with Insurance Co's and Pension Funds
2014 (remainder of the year)	\$	17,239	\$	106,254	\$ 123,493	5.94%	9.28%	52.02%	38.70%
2015		29,007		213,110	242,117	4.98%	7.78%	32.85%	59.37%
2016		23,403		155,033	178,436	5.07%	33.02%	5.26%	61.72%
2017		20,522		121,313	141,835	3.53%	6.46%	39.50%	54.04%
2018		16,485		123,045	139,530	5.53%	4.00%	0.36%	95.64%
2019		13,554		106,714	120,268	6.36%	32.98%	0.43%	66.59%
2020		11,672		45,858	57,530	5.20%	8.21%	0.95%	90.84%
2021		9,658		73,397	83,055	5.05%	70.22%	0.69%	29.09%
2022		3,801		167,062	170,863	3.99%	31.39%	7.84%	60.77%
2023		1,214		_	1,214	-%	-%	-%	100.00%
2024 – 2025		2,195		_	2,195	6.20%	-%	-%	100.00%
Total	\$	148,750	\$ :	1,111,786	\$ 1,260,536	4.98%	21.10%	17.15%	61.75%

The Company's strategy is to manage its long-term debt by staggering maturity dates in order to mitigate risk associated with short-term volatility in the debt markets. As at June 30, 2014, the Company had mortgages maturing in 2014 of \$106.3 million at an average interest rate of 5.94% per annum and \$17.2 million of scheduled amortization of principal balances in 2014. The Company's liquidity position, as at June 30, 2014 in excess of \$1.0 billion, including \$261 million in cash, also provides the Company with significant flexibility in addressing these 2014 maturities.

#### **Credit Facilities**

The Company has the flexibility under its credit facilities to draw funds based on bank prime rates, Canadian bankers' acceptances ("BA"), LIBOR-based advances or U.S. prime for U.S. dollar-denominated borrowings or Euro dollars. The BAs currently provide the Company with the lowest cost means of borrowing under these credit facilities. The credit facilities provide liquidity primarily for financing acquisitions, development and redevelopment activities and for general corporate purposes.

On June 13, 2014, the Company completed an increase and extension of its senior unsecured revolving credit facility with a syndicate of nine banks, increasing the availability from \$600 million to \$700 million and extending the maturity to June 30, 2017. The facility pricing was also reduced from BA + 1.325% or Prime rate + 0.325% to BA + 1.20% or Prime rate + 0.20%.

On June 30, 2014, the Company extended the maturity of, and reduced the pricing on its \$75 million secured credit facility. The maturity has been extended by one year to December 31, 2015 and the facility pricing has been reduced from BA + 1.25% or Prime rate + 0.25% to BA + 1.125% or Prime rate + 0.125%.

The following table summarizes the details of the Company's lines of credit as at June 30, 2014:

(thousands of dollars, except other data)	Borrowin Capacit		Amounts Drawn	utstanding Letters of Credit	Available to be Drawn	Interest Rates	Maturity Date
Secured by development properties	\$ 75,00	) \$	<b>–</b> \$	(23) \$	74,977	BA + 1.125% or Prime + 0.125%	December 31, 2015
Secured by development properties (1)	45,00	0	(38,411) \$	_	6,589	BA + 1.50% or the bank's prime rate	May 25, 2017
Unsecured	700,00	0	_	(40,528)	659,472	C\$ BA + 1.20% or Prime + 0.20% or US\$ LIBOR + 1.20%	June 30, 2017
Total secured and unsecured facilities	\$ 820,00	) \$	(38,411) \$	(40,551) \$	741,038		

<sup>(1)</sup> The credit facility is held within Main and Main Developments and is secured by certain properties owned by Main and Main Developments.

#### **Senior Unsecured Debentures**

(thousands of dollars, ex	ccept for other data)			Intere	st Rate		Principal O	utstanding
Maturity Date	Interest Payment Dates	Series	Date of Issue	Coupon	Effective	Remaining Term to Maturity (yrs)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
October 30, 2014	April 30, October 30	F	April 5, 2007	5.32%	5.47%	0.3	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
June 1, 2015	June 1, December 1	G	November 20, 2009	5.95%	6.13%	0.9	125,000	125,000
January 31, 2017	July 31, January 31	Н	January 21, 2010	5.85%	5.99%	2.6	125,000	125,000
November 30, 2017	May 30, November 30	1	April 13, 2010	5.70%	5.85%	3.4	50,000	50,000
November 30, 2017	May 30, November 30	1	April 13, 2010	5.70%	5.82%	3.4	25,000	25,000
November 30, 2017	May 30, November 30	1	June 14, 2010	5.70%	5.70%	3.4	50,000	50,000
August 30, 2018	February 28, August 30	J	July 12, 2010	5.25%	5.66%	4.2	50,000	50,000
November 30, 2018	May 31, November 30	K	August 25, 2010	4.95%	5.30%	4.4	50,000	50,000
November 30, 2018	May 31, November 30	K	October 26, 2010	4.95%	5.04%	4.4	50,000	50,000
July 30, 2019	January 30, July 30	L	January 21, 2011	5.48%	5.61%	5.1	150,000	150,000
April 30, 2020	April 30, October 30	М	March 30, 2011	5.60%	5.73%	5.8	110,000	110,000
April 30, 2020	April 30, October 30	М	June 13, 2011	5.60%	5.39%	5.8	65,000	65,000
March 1, 2021	March 1, September 1	N	April 4, 2012	4.50%	4.63%	6.7	175,000	175,000
January 31, 2022	January 31, July 31	0	June 1, 2012	4.43%	4.56%	7.6	100,000	100,000
January 31, 2022	January 31, July 31	0	July 17, 2012	4.43%	4.42%	7.6	50,000	50,000
January 31, 2022	January 31, July 31	0	August 29, 2013	4.43%	4.83%	7.6	50,000	50,000
December 5, 2022	June 5, December 5	Р	December 5, 2012	3.95%	4.16%	8.4	150,000	150,000
December 5, 2022	June 5, December 5	Р	January 14, 2013	3.95%	4.20%	8.4	100,000	100,000
October 30, 2023	April 30, October 30	Q	March 26, 2013	3.90%	4.06%	9.3	125,000	125,000
October 30, 2023	April 30, October 30	Q	May 15, 2013	3.90%	3.90%	9.3	175,000	175,000
August 30, 2024	August 30, February 28	R	January 20, 2014	4.79%	4.91%	10.2	150,000	_
August 30, 2024	August 30, February 28	R	February 18, 2014	4.79%	4.63%	10.2	75,000	_
August 30, 2024	August 30, February 28	R	March 11, 2014	4.79%	4.43%	10.2	75,000	_
July 31, 2025	July 31, January 31	S	June 17, 2014	4.32%	4.43%	11.1	150,000	
				4.82%	4.93%	6.7	\$ 2,325,000	\$ 1,875,000

On January 20, 2014, the Company completed the issuance of \$150 million principal amount of senior unsecured debentures, Series R, due August 30, 2024. These debentures bear interest at a coupon rate of 4.79% per annum payable semi-annually commencing August 30, 2014. On February 18, 2014, the Company completed the issuance of an additional \$75 million principal amount of the senior unsecured debentures, Series R, which was a re-opening of this series of debentures with an effective rate of 4.63% per annum. On March 11, 2014, the Company completed the issuance of an additional \$75 million principal amount of the senior unsecured debentures, Series R, which was a second re-opening of this series of debentures with an effective rate of 4.43% per annum.

On June 17, 2014, the Company completed the issuance of \$150 million principal amount of senior unsecured debentures, Series S, due July 31, 2025. These debentures bear interest at a coupon rate of 4.32% per annum payable semi-annually commencing January 31, 2015. On July 14, 2014, the Company completed the issuance of an additional \$60 million principal amount of the senior unsecured debentures, Series S, which was a re-opening of this series of debentures with an effective rate of 4.33% per annum.

On July 14, 2014, the Company redeemed \$50 million principal amount outstanding of its \$100 million 5.32% Series F senior unsecured debentures due October 30, 2014. The debentures were redeemed at a price of \$1,011.77 for each \$1,000 principal amount of debentures outstanding. In addition, accrued and unpaid interest was paid on the debentures up to but excluding the redemption date. In connection with the redemption, total cash of \$51 million was paid to the holders, which consisted of \$50 million of principal, \$0.6 million in premium and \$0.5 million in accrued but unpaid interest. On July 8, 2014, the Company announced that it will redeem in full on August 7, 2014 the remaining outstanding aggregate principal amount of this series of debentures at a price of \$1,009.13 for each \$1,000 principal amount of debentures outstanding. In addition, accrued and unpaid interest will be paid on the debentures up to but excluding the redemption date.

#### **Convertible Debentures**

(thousands of dollar	rs, except for other	data)								
As at June 30, 2014										
				Intere	est Rate		_			
Maturity Date	Interest Payment Dates	Series	Date of Issue	Coupon	Effective	Remaining Term to Maturity (yrs)	Principal at Issue Date	Principal	Liability	Equity
June 30, 2017	March 31 September 30	D	December 30, 2009	5.70%	6.88%	3.0	\$ 50,000	\$ 42,903	\$ 41,556 \$	984
January 31, 2019	March 31 September 30	Е	April 28, 2011	5.40%	6.90%	4.6	57,500	57,500	54,147	2,192
January 31, 2019	March 31 September 30	F	August 9, 2011	5.25%	6.07%	4.6	57,500	57,500	55,647	390
March 31, 2018	March 31 September 30	G	December 15, 2011	5.25%	6.66%	3.8	50,000	50,000	47,691	1,155
March 31, 2017	March 31 September 30	Н	February 16, 2012	4.95%	6.51%	2.8	75,000	75,000	72,092	1,495
July 31, 2019	March 31 September 30	1	May 22, 2012	4.75%	6.19%	5.1	52,500	52,500	49,552	1,439
February 28, 2020	March 31 September 30	J	February 19, 2013	4.45%	5.34%	5.7	57,500	57,500	55,191	403
				5.08%	6.35%	4.2		\$ 392,903	\$ 375,876 \$	8,058

#### (i) Principal and Interest

The Company uses convertible debentures as a part of its overall capital structure. Consistent with First Capital Realty's practice, it is the Company's current intention to continue to satisfy its obligations of principal and interest payments in respect of all of its outstanding convertible debentures by the issuance of common shares. Since issuance, the Company has made all principal and interest payments on its convertible debentures using common shares.

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, 0.6 million common shares (six months ended June 30, 2013 - 0.5 million common shares) were issued totalling \$10.0 million (six months ended June 30, 2013 - \$8.8 million) to pay interest to holders of convertible debentures.

## (ii) Principal Redemptions

For the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company did not issue any common shares in connection with debentures redeemed or converted, as there were no redemptions or conversions.

#### (iii) Normal Course Issuer Bid

On August 23, 2013, the Company renewed its NCIB for all of its then outstanding series of convertible unsecured subordinated debentures. The NCIB will expire on August 26, 2014 or such earlier date as First Capital Realty completes its purchases pursuant to the NCIB. All purchases made under the NCIB are at market prices prevailing at the time of purchase determined by or on behalf of First Capital Realty.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, principal amounts of convertible debentures purchased and amounts paid for the purchases are represented in the table below:

		Six months ended Ju						
(thousands of dollars)			2014		2013			
	P	rincipal Amount Purchased	Amount Paid	Principal Amount Purchased	Amount Paid			
Total	\$	14	\$ 15	\$ 1,929	\$ 2,130			

# Shareholders' Equity

Shareholders' equity amounted to \$3.4 billion as at June 30, 2014, compared to \$3.3 billion as at December 31, 2013.

As at June 30, 2014, the Company had 209.7 million (December 31, 2013 – 208.4 million) issued and outstanding common shares with a stated capital of \$2.5 billion (December 31, 2013 – \$2.5 billion). During the six months ended June 30, 2014, a total of 1.4 million common shares were issued for proceeds of \$22.6 million as follows: 0.6 million shares for interest payments on convertible debentures and 0.8 million shares from the exercise of common share options.

As at July 28, 2014, there were 209.8 million common shares outstanding.

#### **Share Purchase Options**

As at June 30, 2014, the Company had outstanding 5.5 million share purchase options, with an average exercise price of \$16.63. The options are exercisable by the holder at any time after vesting up to 10 years from the date of grant. The options have been issued at various times pursuant to the Company's stock option plan to the employees, officers and directors of the Company. The options granted permit the holder to acquire shares at an exercise price approximately equal to the market price of such shares at the date the option is granted. The purpose of granting options is to encourage the holder to acquire an ownership interest in the Company over a period of time, which acts as a financial incentive to align the interests of the holder with the long-term interests of the Company and its shareholders.

If all options outstanding as at June 30, 2014 were exercised, 5.5 million shares would be issued and the Company would receive proceeds of approximately \$91.0 million.

### Liquidity

(millions of dollars)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Revolving credit facilities approved	\$ 820	\$ 675
Cash and cash equivalents	261	5
Unencumbered assets		
Total, based on IFRS value <sup>(1)</sup>	4,844	4,292
Based on debt covenants (2)	4,688	4,038

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes all unencumbered assets at IFRS values.

Cash flow from operations is dependent on occupancy levels of properties, rental rates achieved, collections of rent and costs to maintain or lease space. The Company's strategy is to maintain debt in the range of 35% to 50% of enterprise value based on current market conditions. As at June 30, 2014, this debt ratio was 43.7% based on the Company's calculation. Maturing debt is generally repaid from proceeds from refinancing such debt.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes unencumbered assets as defined by debt covenants, except investment properties under development and deferred taxes, with shopping centres valued under IFRS at the average capitalization rate over the last 10 fiscal quarters.

Cash and cash equivalents were \$261.2 million as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – \$5.0 million). As at June 30, 2014, the Company had secured and unsecured credit facilities totalling \$820.0 million of which \$741.0 million is available to be drawn. The Company also had unencumbered assets with a fair value of approximately \$4.8 billion. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company issued \$450.0 million of senior unsecured debentures, the net proceeds of which are being used to repay secured and unsecured debt maturing throughout 2014 and 2015. This increased liquidity was partially used to prepay or repay \$110.0 million of mortgage debt during the six months ended June 30, 2014. As a result, the Company also held average cash balances of approximately \$103.8 million during the period. These transactions demonstrate the Company's access to capital and various sources of financing. Management believes that it has sufficient resources to meet its operational and investing requirements in the near and longer term based on the availability of capital in various markets.

The Company has historically used secured mortgages, term loans and revolving credit facilities, senior unsecured debentures, convertible debentures and equity issues to finance its growth and repay debt. The actual level and type of future borrowings will be determined based on prevailing interest rates, various costs of debt and equity capital, capital market conditions and Management's general view of the required leverage in the business.

#### **Cash Flows**

	Three months end	ded June 30	Six months en	ded June 30
(thousands of dollars)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Adjusted cash flow from operating activities	\$ <b>57,265</b> \$	56,476 \$	120,210 \$	112,422
Net change in non-cash operating items	(768)	(15,372)	(17,666)	(27,586)
Receipts of proceeds from sales of residential inventory	_	_	27,711	_
Expenditures on residential development inventory	(481)	(2,153)	(4,108)	(7,666)
Cash provided by operating activities	56,016	38,951	126,147	77,170
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	137,635	(47,349)	274,931	135,076
Cash used in investing activities	(25,598)	(79,456)	(144,870)	(134,613)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ <b>168,053</b> \$	(87,854) \$	<b>256,208</b> \$	77,633

#### **Operating Activities**

Cash provided by operating activities increased due to cash flow generated from growth in net operating income from the Company's shopping centre portfolio, the receipts of proceeds from sales of residential inventory and the timing of receipts and payments on working capital and other non-cash items.

### Financing Activities

Financing activities are higher as a result of net debenture issuance and draw on credit facilities during the year. These activities are more fully described in the "Capital Structure and Liquidity" section of this MD&A.

## **Investing Activities**

The decrease in cash used in investing activities for the three months ended June 30, 2014 is due to decreased investments in loans, mortgages and other real estate assets, decreased proceeds from property dispositions and decreased investment property acquisition activity compared to the same prior year period. The increase in cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2014 results from decreased net proceeds from property dispositions, offset by decreased capital expenditure on the portfolio in 2014 and decreased investments in loans, mortgages and other real estate assets as compared to the prior period activity. Details of the Company's investments in acquisitions and developments are provided in the "Business and Operations Review" section of this MD&A.

### **Contractual Obligations**

				Pay	ments Due	by Pe	riod		
(thousands of dollars)	Re	emainder of 2014	201	15 to 2016	2017 to	2018	7	Thereafter	Total
Mortgages									
Scheduled amortization	\$	17,239	\$	52,410	\$ 37	,007	\$	42,094	\$ 148,750
Payments on maturity		106,254		368,143	244	,358		393,031	1,111,786
Total mortgage obligations		123,493		420,553	281	,365		435,125	1,260,536
Mortgage on equity accounted joint venture		220		10,425		_		_	10,645
Senior unsecured debentures		100,000		125,000	400	,000	1	,700,000	2,325,000
Loans and mortgage payable (1)		16,814		3,590		_		_	20,404
Interest obligations (2)		83,750		295,922	233	,127		326,404	939,203
Land leases (expiring between 2023 and 2061)		490		1,964	1	,989		18,623	23,066
Contractual committed costs to complete current development projects		33,526		19,282		_		_	52,808
Other committed costs		34,000		_		_		_	34,000
Total contractual obligations (3)	\$	392,293	\$	876,736	\$ 916	,481	\$ 2	,480,152	\$ 4,665,662

<sup>(1)</sup> Loans and mortgage payable include a \$3.6 million loan relating to residential development inventory and a \$16.7 million third -party loan which is secured by \$16.7 million in Government of Canada bonds.

In addition, the Company has \$40.6 million of outstanding letters of credit that have been issued by financial institutions primarily to support certain of the Company's obligations related to its development projects.

The Company's estimated cost to complete properties currently under development is \$269.8 million, of which \$52.8 million is contractually committed. The balance of the costs to complete will only be committed once leases are signed and/or construction activities are underway. These contractual and potential obligations primarily consist of construction contracts and additional planned development expenditures and are expected to be funded in the normal course as the work is completed.

# **Contingencies**

The Company is involved in litigation and claims which arise from time to time in the normal course of business. In the opinion of Management, none of these contigencies, individually or in the aggregate, would result in a liability that would have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Company.

The Company is contingently liable, jointly and severally, for approximately \$59.2 million (December 31, 2013 – \$60.0 million) to various lenders in connection with certain obligations, including loans advanced to its partners secured by the partners' interest in the entity and underlying assets. Refer to the Note 28 to the interim consolidated financial statements.

<sup>(2)</sup> Interest obligations include expected interest payments on mortgages and credit facilities as at June 30, 2014 (assuming balances remain outstanding through to maturity) and senior unsecured debentures, as well as standby credit facility fees.

<sup>(3)</sup> Consistent with existing practice, it is the Company's current intention to continue to satisfy its obligations of principal and interest payments in respect of all of its outstanding convertible debentures by the issuance of common shares and, as such, convertible debentures have been excluded from this table.

## **DIVIDENDS**

The Company has paid regular quarterly dividends to common shareholders since it commenced operations as a public company in 1994. Dividends on the common shares, if any, that are declared are at the discretion of the Board of Directors and are set from time to time after taking into consideration the Company's capital requirements, its alternative sources of capital and common industry cash distribution practices.

	-	Three months end	ed June 30	Six months ended June		
		2014	2013	2014	2013	
Regular dividends paid per common share	\$	0.21 \$	0.21 \$	0.42 \$	0.42	
Payout ratio calculated as a percentage of:						
Funds from operations		81.9%	82.0%	82.1%	82.5%	
Adjusted funds from operations		83.9%	82.2%	85.9%	84.3%	

## **Quarterly Dividend**

The Company announced that it will pay a third quarter dividend of \$0.215 per common share on October 7, 2014 to shareholders of record on September 26, 2014. On an annualized basis, this represents a 2.4% increase of the Company's dividend from \$0.84 to \$0.86 per common share.

#### SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL RESULTS OF LONG-TERM DEBT GUARANTORS

The Company's senior unsecured debentures are guaranteed by the wholly owned subsidiaries of First Capital Realty, other than nominee subsidiaries and inactive subsidiaries. All such current and future wholly owned subsidiaries will provide a guarantee of the debentures. In the case of default by First Capital Realty, the indenture trustee will, subject to the indenture, be entitled to seek redress from such wholly owned subsidiaries for the guaranteed obligations in the same manner and upon the same terms that it may seek to enforce the obligations of First Capital Realty. These guarantees are intended to eliminate structural subordination, which arises as a consequence of a significant portion of First Capital Realty's assets being held in various subsidiaries.

The following tables set forth selected consolidating summary information for the Company for the periods identified below presented separately for (i) First Capital Realty (denoted as FCR); (ii) guarantor subsidiaries; (iii) non-guarantor subsidiaries; (iv) consolidating adjustments; and (v) the total consolidated amounts.

	FCR (1)		Guarantors	(2)	Non-Guaranto	rs <sup>(3)</sup>	Consolidation Adjus	tments (4)	Total Consolida	ated
(millions of dollars)								Three mor	nths ended J	une 30
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Statement of Income Data:										
Property rental revenue	\$ <b>65</b> \$	55 <b>\$</b>	<b>101</b> \$	109 \$	<b>2</b> \$	2	\$ (7) \$	(8) \$	<b>161</b> \$	158
NOI	42	34	60	65	1	1	(1)	(1)	102	99
Net income attributable to common shareholders	78	73	72	69	1	2	(73)	(71)	78	73

	FCR (1)		Guarantors	(2)	Non-Guaranto	rs <sup>(3)</sup>	Consolidation Adjus	tments (4)	Total Consolida	ated
(millions of dollars)								Six mor	nths ended J	une 30
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Statement of Income Data:										
Property rental revenue	\$ <b>133</b> \$	110 \$	204 \$	218 \$	<b>3</b> \$	2 \$	\$ (16) \$	(14) \$	<b>324</b> \$	316
NOI	83	68	118	128	2	1	(2)	_	201	197
Net income attributable to common shareholders	113	126	118	123	1	2	(119)	(125)	113	126

(millions of dollars)		FCR (1)	Guarantors (2)	Non-Guarantors (3)	Consolidation Adjustments (4)	Total Consolidated
Balance Sheet Data (at pe	eriod end):					June 30, 2014
Current assets	\$	555 \$	234 \$	5	\$ (52) \$	742
Non-current assets		6,756	4,441	196	(4,117)	7,276
Current liabilities		752	133	19	(98)	806
Non-current liabilities		3,192	570	143	(60)	3,845

(millions of dollars)		FCR (1)	Guarantors (2)	Non-Guarantors (3)	Consolidation Adjustments (4)	Total Consolidated
Balance Sheet Data (at pe	eriod end):					December 31, 2013
Current assets	\$	203 \$	129 \$	3	\$ (3) \$	332
Non-current assets		6,630	4,324	176	(3,866)	7,264
Current liabilities		544	110	17	(56)	615
Non-current liabilities		2,966	635	122	(65)	3,658

<sup>(1)</sup> This column accounts for investments in all subsidiaries of FCR under the equity method.

## **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

# (a) Major Shareholder

Gazit-Globe Ltd. ("Gazit") is the principal shareholder of the Company, and, as of June 30, 2014, beneficially owns 44.9% (December 31, 2013 – 45.3%) of the common shares of the Company. Norstar Holdings Inc. is the ultimate controlling party. As of June 30, 2014, Alony-Hetz Properties and Investments Ltd. ("Alony-Hetz") also beneficially owns 8.5% (December 31, 2013 – 8.5%) of the common shares of the Company. Alony-Hetz and Gazit have entered into a shareholders' agreement pursuant to which, among other terms, (i) Gazit has agreed to vote its common shares of the Company in favour of the election of up to two representatives of Alony-Hetz to the Board of Directors of the Company, and (ii) Alony-Hetz has agreed to vote its common shares of the Company in favour of the election of the nominees of Gazit as the remaining directors of the Company.

Gazit reimburses the Company for certain accounting and administrative services provided to it by the Company.

Refer to Note 29 to the Company's interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, as well as the Company's annual consolidated audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 for a description and the amounts of related party transactions, as well as the amounts due from Gazit.

<sup>(2)</sup> This column accounts for investments in subsidiaries of the Company other than the guarantors under the equity method.

<sup>(3)</sup> This column accounts for investments in all subsidiaries of the Company other than guarantors on a combined basis.

<sup>(4)</sup> This column includes the necessary amounts to eliminate the inter-company balances between FCR, the guarantors, and other subsidiaries to arrive at the information for the Company on a consolidated basis.

# (b) Subsidiaries of the Company

The interim consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of First Capital Realty and First Capital Holdings Trust. First Capital Holdings Trust is the only significant subsidiary of First Capital Realty and is wholly owned by the Company.

# **QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

	20	)14				20	013	}				20	)12	
(thousands of dollars, except per share and other data, and thousands of shares)	Q2		Q1		Q4	Q3		Q2		Q1		Q4		Q3
Property rental revenue	\$ 161,197	\$	162,867	\$	161,094	\$ 154,804	\$	157,910	\$	157,797	\$	155,021	\$	146,130
Property operating costs	59,155		64,283		58,588	56,436		58,518		60,054		58,908		50,794
Net operating income	102,042		98,584		102,506	98,368		99,392		97,743		96,113		95,336
Increase (decrease) in value of investment properties, net <sup>(1)</sup>	43,476		(6,288)		2,261	1,125		41,848		15,599		32,813		73,608
Net income attributable to common shareholders	77,707		35,214		47,901	41,078		73,163		52,720		69,890		101,873
Net income per share attributable to common shareholders:														
Basic	0.37		0.17		0.23	0.20		0.35		0.25		0.34		0.54
Diluted	0.36		0.17		0.23	0.20		0.34		0.25		0.33		0.51
Weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding – EPS	231,141		209,597		228,908	208,819		225,785		211,581		222,633		208,131
FFO	\$ 54,031	\$	53,461	\$	55,816	\$ 53,535	\$	53,305	\$	52,879	\$	49,099	\$	47,660
FFO per diluted share	0.26		0.26		0.27	0.26		0.26		0.25		0.24		0.25
Cash provided by operating activities	56,016		70,131		84,556	51,181		38,951		38,220		66,012		42,712
Weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding – FFO	210,786		209,597		209,486	208,819		209,010		208,207		207,930		189,028
AFFO	\$ 56,961	\$	53,978	\$	57,190	\$ 56,069	\$	57,699	\$	54,252	\$	52,374	\$	49,960
AFFO per diluted share	0.25		0.24		0.25	0.25		0.26		0.24		0.24		0.24
Weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding – AFFO	227,449		226,260		226,183	225,539		225,785		223,686		222,632		208,131
Regular dividend	\$ 0.21	\$	0.21	\$	0.21	\$ 0.21	\$	0.21	\$	0.21	\$	0.21	\$	0.21
Fair value of investment properties – shopping centres	7,283,908		7,210,150		7,126,008	6,996,401		6,920,530		6,940,557		6,849,078		6,588,478
Weighted average capitalization rate of shopping centres	5.85%	6	5.86%	ś	5.86%	5.89%	6	5.89%	5	5.98%	5	6.00%	5	6.11%
Total assets	\$ 8,017,673	\$	7,784,774	\$	7,596,255	\$ 7,580,839	\$	7,531,620	\$	7,518,732	\$	7,261,617	\$	7,156,689
Total mortgages and credit facilities	1,269,633		1,245,691		1,366,583	1,371,047		1,387,240		1,547,530		1,597,234		1,626,621
Shareholders' equity	3,363,510		3,321,059		3,319,370	3,313,802		3,304,866		3,267,033		3,245,168		3,214,577
Other data														
Number of properties	164		164		164	164		164		172		175		172
Gross leasable area (in thousands)	24,373		24,525		24,462	24,313		24,123		25,029		24,969		24,152
Occupancy %	95.5%	6	95.3%	ś	95.5%	95.0%	6	95.2%	,	95.1%	,	95.6%	5	95.6%

<sup>(1)</sup> Increase (decrease) in value of investment properties, net have been restated for 2013 only. Refer to the "Adoption of New Accounting Standards" section of this MD&A.

## **OUTLOOK AND CURRENT BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT**

The forward-looking statements contained in this section and elsewhere in this MD&A are not historical facts but, rather, reflect the Company's current expectations regarding future results or events and are based on information currently available to Management. Certain material factors and assumptions were applied in providing these forward-looking statements. See the "Forward-Looking Statement Advisory" section of this MD&A.

Since 2001, First Capital Realty has successfully grown its business across the country, focussing on key urban markets, reducing leverage and achieving the highest credit rating on its unsecured debt for a publicly traded real estate entity in Canada (presently held by the Company and one other public Canadian real estate entity), while dramatically enhancing the quality of its portfolio and generating modest accretion in funds from operations. The Company will continue to grow its business and portfolio of high quality properties in urban markets in the context of the acquisition, financing, demographics, shopping trends and tenant dynamics in Canada, and its long-term value creation strategy. The Company defines a quality property by its location, taking into consideration the demographics and the retail supply and demand factors in each property trade area, and the ability to grow the property cash flow.

There are three market dynamics on which the Company is focussed over the long term in the retail and urban markets in Canada. First, the Company is observing a surge in entry and expansion into the Canadian retail landscape from major U.S. retailers, including Whole Foods, Target, Marshalls, Dollar Tree and others, which is serving as a catalyst for growth and repositioning of retail tenants and space in most of the Company's markets. This typically will result in new opportunities for the Company, but also brings increased competition. Second, the Company is focussed on changes in consumer habits and preferences occurring in the industry. These changes include the younger generation of consumers whose shopping patterns are significantly influenced by wireless communications and on-line business and information; and an aging population whose needs will increasingly focus on convenience and health-related goods and services. Another trend that Management observes relates to lifestyles in urban markets, where consumers choose to incorporate visits to gyms, coffee shops and local restaurants into their everyday life. There is also a shift in consumer demand driven by pockets of ethnic consumers as a result of Canada's immigration policies. Management observes retailers incrementally responding to these consumer changes and works to support the retailer response through its tenant mix and shopping centre configuration and amenities. Last, a number of corporate transactions involving major retailers have been completed recently. In the past six months, two transactions involving four of the Company's tenants, Loblaws and Shoppers Drug Mart, as well as Sobey's and Safeway Canada, brought further tenant consolidation into the Canadian market. This followed Canadian Tire's acquisition in 2011 of The Forzani Group (Sport Chek and a number of other sporting goods retail banners). As a result, the Company is highly focussed on ensuring the competitive position of its shopping centres in various retail trade areas. The Company will continue to closely follow all demographics and goods and services shopping trends and retailer responses in addition to the retail competition. The leasing strategy takes these factors into consideration in each trade area and the Company's proactive management strategy helps ensure its properties remain attractive to high quality tenants and their customers.

Urban municipalities where the Company operates continue to focus on increasing density within the existing boundaries of infrastructure. This provides the Company with multiple density development and redevelopment opportunities in its existing portfolio of urban properties, which includes an inventory of adjacent land sites and development land. Development activities continue to provide the Company with growth within its existing portfolio of assets. These activities also typically generate higher returns on investment over the long term and improve the quality and increase sustainable growth of property rental income. The Company's development activities primarily comprise redevelopments and expansions of existing properties in established retail trade areas in urban markets. These projects typically carry risk associated with project execution rather than market risk due to the complexity of developing properties in dense urban markets. The Company has a long and successful track record of these development activities and will continue to carefully manage the risks associated with such projects.

The urban property acquisition environment remains extremely competitive for assets of similar quality to those the Company owns. The transaction activity in all classes of commercial real estate has recently moderated, though there are many bids on quality properties, and asset valuations reflect this strong demand for well-located income-producing assets.

The Company continues to carefully scrutinize its properties to ensure that they meet the quality criteria it has adopted, and will occasionally sell properties. This allows the Company to recycle capital back into its urban redevelopment projects where population, rent growth and consumer trends present the best opportunities for long-term growth.

Canada's economy is growing at a relatively modest pace but uncertainty remains with the pace of growth in the United States and timing of changes in monetary policies by the U.S. Federal Reserve Bank. There is also uncertainty in the global economic environment and, as a result, long-term bond yields have increased in volatility while declining overall in the first six months of 2014. The equity and long-term debt markets are accessible, though pricing can vary based on current market outlook for growth and interest rates. In this environment, the Company will continue to focus on maintaining access to all sources of long-term capital at the lowest possible cost. In particular, the Company is focussed on continuing to extend the term and stagger the maturity of its debt.

Currently, financing is readily available in Canada from both financial institutions and the capital markets, particularly for entities with good credit, including large real estate companies. However, relative to pricing currently sought by vendors of high quality, well-located urban properties that meet the Company's criteria, spreads also continue to be very tight and have tightened even further. In addition, well-located urban properties rarely trade in the market and attract significant competition. As a result, the urban property acquisitions completed by the Company typically do not provide material accretion to the Company's results in the immediate term. However, the Company will continue to selectively acquire high quality, well-located properties that add strategic value and/or operating synergies, provided that they will be accretive to FFO over the long term, and that equity and long-term debt capital can be priced and committed to maintain conservative leverage. The Company has been recycling its capital by selling assets in certain markets that are no longer aligned with its core strategies and will continue to do so, subject to market conditions.

With respect to acquisitions of both income-producing and development properties, as well as in its existing portfolio, the Company will continue to focus on the quality, sustainability and growth potential of rental income. Consistent with First Capital Realty's past practices and in the normal course of business, the Company is engaged in discussions, and has various agreements, with respect to possible acquisitions of new properties and dispositions of existing properties in its portfolio. However, there can be no assurance that these discussions or agreements will result in acquisitions or dispositions, or if they do, what the final terms or timing of such acquisitions or dispositions would be. The Company expects to continue current discussions and actively pursue other acquisition, investment and disposition opportunities.

Specifically, Management is focussed on the following six areas to achieve its objectives through 2014 and into 2015:

- development, redevelopment and repositioning activities including land use intensification;
- selective acquisitions of strategic assets and adjacent sites;
- selective dispositions of non-core assets;
- proactive portfolio management that results in higher rent growth;
- increase efficiency and productivity of operations; and
- maintain financial strength to achieve the lowest cost of capital.

Overall, Management is confident that the quality of the Company's balance sheet and the defensive nature of its assets and operations will continue to serve it well in the current environment.

#### Guidance

Readers should refer to the Company's 2014 second quarter press release dated July 28, 2014, as filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com, for a discussion of the Company's 2014 specific guidance.

The purpose of the Company's guidance is to provide readers with Management's view as to the expected financial performance of the Company, using factors that are commonly accepted and viewed as meaningful indicators of financial performance in the real estate industry.

# **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND POLICIES**

# **Summary of Critical Accounting Estimates**

The Company's interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board. The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by applying the same accounting policies and methods of computation as compared with the most recent annual consolidated audited financial statements, except for the adoption of IFRIC 21 and the interpretation of IAS 17 with respect to the meaning of "incremental costs". Refer to Note 3 to the interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 for further discussion.

The MD&A for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 contains a discussion of the significant accounting policies most affected by estimates and judgments used in preparation of the consolidated financial statements, being the accounting policies relating to estimates of fair values of investment properties, valuation of financial instruments both for disclosure and measurement purposes; valuation of stock options; assessment of hedge effectiveness and estimating deferred tax assets and liabilities. Management determined that as at June 30, 2014, there is no change to the assessment of the significant accounting policies most affected by estimates and judgments as detailed in the MD&A for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

#### **FUTURE ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES**

Refer to Note 4 to the interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 for details on future accounting policy changes.

#### **CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

As at June 30, 2014, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, with the assistance of other staff and Management of the Company to the extent deemed necessary, have designed the Company's disclosure controls and procedures to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the various reports filed or submitted by the Company under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported accurately and have designed internal controls over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. In the design of its internal controls over financial reporting, the Company used the 1992 framework published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the "1992 COSO Framework").

Management has undertaken an assessment of its internal controls and procedures in preparation for the transition to COSO 2013. Based on its assessment to date, Management does not foresee any significant changes to its existing design.

The Company did not make any changes in its internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2014 that have had, or are reasonably likely to have, a material effect on the Company's internal controls over financial reporting. On an ongoing basis, the Company will continue to analyze its controls and procedures for potential areas of improvement.

Management does recognize that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can only provide reasonable assurance and not absolute assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In the unforeseen event that lapses in the disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls over financial reporting occur and/or mistakes happen, the Company intends to take the necessary steps to minimize the consequences thereof.

## **RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

First Capital Realty, as an owner of income-producing properties and development properties, is exposed to numerous business risks in the normal course of its business that can impact both short- and long-term performance. Income-producing and development properties are affected by general economic conditions and local market conditions such as oversupply of similar properties or a reduction in tenant demand. It is the responsibility of Management, under the supervision of the Board of Directors, to identify and, to the extent possible, mitigate or minimize the impact of all such business risks. The major categories of risk the Company encounters in conducting its business and some of the actions it takes to mitigate these risks are outlined in the Company's 2013 Annual Report. The Company's most current Annual Information Form provides a more detailed discussion of these and other risks and can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and the Company's website at www.firstcapitalrealty.ca.

# **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

As at			
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Notes	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Real Estate Investments			
Investment properties – shopping centres	5	\$ <b>7,026,107</b> \$	6,989,055
Investment properties – development land	5	126,869	147,497
Investment in joint venture		38,423	38,166
Loans, mortgages and other real estate assets	6	67,744	71,781
Total real estate investments		7,259,143	7,246,499
Other non-current assets	9	16,589	17,965
Total non-current assets		7,275,732	7,264,464
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	27(d)	261,183	4,975
Loans, mortgages and other real estate assets	7	80,673	77,449
Residential development inventory		24,700	21,569
Amounts receivable	8	21,833	18,600
Other assets	9	68,155	53,699
		456,544	176,292
Investment properties classified as held for sale	5(d)	285,397	155,499
Total current assets		741,941	331,791
Total assets		\$ <b>8,017,673</b> \$	7,596,255
LIABILITIES			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Mortgages and credit facilities	11	\$ <b>922,276</b> \$	1,089,969
Senior unsecured debentures	12	2,088,389	1,762,026
Convertible debentures	13	375,876	374,012
Other liabilities	14	21,001	21,476
Deferred tax liabilities	22	437,044	410,278
Total non-current liabilities		3,844,586	3,657,761
Current Liabilities			
Current portion of mortgages and credit facilities	11	312,642	254,367
Current portion of senior unsecured debentures	12	224,760	99,927
Accounts payable and other liabilities	15	234,088	238,945
		771,490	593,239
Mortgages on investment properties classified as held for sale	5(d), 11	34,715	22,247
Total current liabilities		806,205	615,486
Total liabilities		4,650,791	4,273,247
EQUITY	,		
Shareholders' equity	16	3,363,510	3,319,370
Non-controlling interest		3,372	3,638
Total equity		3,366,882	3,323,008
Total liabilities and equity		\$ <b>8,017,673</b> \$	

See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors:

Chaim Katzman Chairman of the Board Dori J. Segal Director

# **Consolidated Statements of Income**

(unaudited)			Three month	ns en	ded June 30	Six months en	ded June 30
(thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)	Notes		2014		2013	2014	2013
				(R	estated – Note 3)	(R	estated – Note 3)
Property rental revenue		\$	161,197	\$	157,910 \$	<b>324,064</b> \$	315,707
Property operating costs			59,155		58,518	123,438	118,572
Net operating income	17		102,042		99,392	200,626	197,135
Other income and expenses							
Interest and other income	18		2,799		3,413	5,409	4,704
Interest expense	19		(42,697)		(42,283)	(85,054)	(82,860)
Corporate expenses	20		(7,041)		(7,239)	(15,057)	(14,438)
Abandoned transaction costs			(233)		(83)	(281)	(554)
Amortization expense			(1,067)		(945)	(2,090)	(1,923)
Share of profit from joint venture			706		558	1,391	1,120
Other gains (losses) and (expenses)	21		(2,369)		(4,105)	(1,123)	(4,267)
Increase in value of investment properties, net	5		43,476		41,848	37,188	57,446
			(6,426)		(8,836)	(59,617)	(40,772)
Income before income taxes			95,616		90,556	141,009	156,363
Deferred income taxes	22		17,870		17,332	28,354	30,459
Net income		\$	77,746	\$	73,224 \$	<b>112,655</b> \$	125,904
Net income attributable to:					,		
Common shareholders		\$	77,707	\$	73,163 <b>\$</b>	<b>112,921</b> \$	125,883
Non-controlling interest			39		61	(266)	21
		\$	77,746	\$	73,224 \$	<b>112,655</b> \$	125,904
Net income per share attributable to common shareholders:							
Basic	23	\$	0.37	\$	0.35 \$	<b>0.54</b> \$	0.61
Diluted	23	\$	0.36	\$	0.34 \$	<b>0.53</b> \$	0.60

See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

(unaudited)		Three months e	nded June 30	Six months of	ended June 30
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net income		\$ <b>77,746</b> \$	73,224	\$ 112,655 \$	125,904
Other comprehensive (loss) income					
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to net income					
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale marketable securities		86	30	67	(350)
Reclassification of gains on available-for-sale marketable securities to net income		16	_	52	27
Unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges		(1,367)	3,071	(6,209)	2,863
Reclassification of losses on cash flow hedges to net income		87	728	165	807
		(1,178)	3,829	(5,925)	3,347
Deferred tax (recovery) expense		(323)	999	(1,572)	919
Other comprehensive (loss) income	26	(855)	2,830	(4,353)	2,428
Comprehensive income		\$ <b>76,891</b> \$	76,054	\$ 108,302 \$	128,332
Comprehensive income attributable to:					
Common shareholders		\$ <b>76,852</b> \$	75,993	<b>\$ 108,568</b> \$	128,311
Non-controlling interest		39	61	(266)	21
		\$ <b>76,891</b> \$	76,054	\$ 108,302 \$	128,332

See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity**

(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Othe Comprehensive Loss		Contributed Surplus and Other Equity Items	Total Shareholders' Equity	Non- Controlling Interest	Total Equity
		(Note 26(a)	(Note 16(a))	(Note 16(b))			
December 31, 2013	\$ 817,867	\$ (407	) \$2,457,310	\$ 44,600	\$3,319,370	\$ 3,638	\$3,323,008
Changes during the period:							
Net income	112,921	_		_	112,921	(266)	112,655
Issue costs, net of tax and other	_	_	(9)	_	(9)	_	(9
Dividends	(88,181)	_	_	_	(88,181)	_	(88,181
Convertible debentures, net	_	_	9,980	_	9,980	_	9,980
Options, deferred share units and restricted share units, net	_	_	12,599	1,183	13,782	_	13,782
Other comprehensive loss	_	(4,353	<u> </u>	_	(4,353)	_	(4,353
June 30, 2014	\$ 842,607	\$ (4,760	\$2,479,880	\$ 45,783	\$3,363,510	\$ 3,372	\$3,366,882

See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity**

(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Retained Earnings		Cumulated Other orehensive Loss	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus and Other Equity Items	Total Shareholders' Equity	Non- Controlling Interest	Total Equity
		(No	te 26(a))	(Note 16(a))	(Note 16(b))			
December 31, 2012	\$ 778,096	\$	(4,180)	\$2,426,836	\$ 44,416	\$3,245,168	\$ 3,386	\$3,248,554
Changes during the period:								
Net income	125,883		_	_	_	125,883	21	125,904
Issue costs, net of tax and other	_		_	(74)	_	(74)	_	(74)
Dividends	(87,345)	١	_	_	_	(87,345)	_	(87,345)
Convertible debenture, net	_		_	8,768	272	9,040	_	9,040
Options, deferred share units and restricted share units, net	_		_	8,035	1,731	9,766	_	9,766
Other comprehensive income	_		2,428	_	_	2,428	_	2,428
Contributions from non-controlling interest	_		_	_	_	_	107	107
June 30, 2013	\$ 816,634	\$	(1,752)	\$2,443,565	\$ 46,419	\$3,304,866	\$ 3,514	\$3,308,380

See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(unaudited)		Thi	ree months end	led June 30	Six months end	ed June 30
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	Notes		2014	2013	2014	2013
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN):						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Net income		\$	<b>77,746</b> \$	73,224 \$	<b>112,655</b> \$	125,904
Adjustments for:						
Increase in value of investment properties, net	5		(43,476)	(41,848)	(37,188)	(57,446)
Interest expense	19		42,697	42,283	85,054	82,860
Capitalized interest	19		6,230	5,488	11,170	10,981
Cash interest paid	19		(44,704)	(43,361)	(79,215)	(82,102)
Amortization expense			1,067	945	2,090	1,923
Share of profit of joint venture			(706)	(558)	(1,391)	(1,120)
Items not affecting cash and other items	27(a)		17,762	19,800	25,902	30,433
Distribution from joint venture			649	503	1,133	989
Net change in non-cash operating items	27(b)		(768)	(15,372)	(17,666)	(27,586)
Receipts of proceeds from sales of residential inventory			_	_	27,711	_
Expenditures on residential development inventory			(481)	(2,153)	(4,108)	(7,666)
Cash provided by operating activities			56,016	38,951	126,147	77,170
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Mortgage financings and credit facilities						
Borrowings, net of financing costs			38,374	437	38,407	437
Mortgage financings and loans on residential development inventory			_	3,397	_	6,493
Repayment of mortgage and loans on residential development inventories and other			(784)	_	(9,415)	_
Principal installment payments			(9,007)	(10,101)	(18,256)	(20,603)
Repayments			(4,648)	(121,089)	(110,713)	(167,392)
Issuance of senior unsecured debentures, net of issue costs	12		148,565	175,282	450,503	397,025
Repayment of senior unsecured debentures	12		_	(55,350)	_	(55,350)
Issuance of convertible debentures, net of issue costs	13		_	_	_	55,488
Purchase of convertible debentures	13(b)		_	(1,212)	(15)	(2,133)
Issuance of common shares, net of issue costs	(,		8,934	4,680	11,974	7,805
Payment of dividends			(43,799)	(43,402)	(87,554)	(86,801)
Net contributions from non-controlling interest			_	9	_	107
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities			137,635	(47,349)	274,931	135,076
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				(17,51.5)		100,070
Acquisition of shopping centres	5(c)		(3,463)	(69,487)	(56,961)	(104,321)
Acquisition of development land	5(c)		(15,495)	-	(19,050)	(11,731)
Net proceeds from property dispositions	5(d)		51,462	156,258	55,400	182,935
Deferred purchase price of shopping centre	15		(4,993)	_	(4,993)	_
Capital expenditures on investment properties	13		(53,804)	(62,676)	(95,679)	(124,478)
Changes in investing-related prepaid expenses and other liabilities			8,806	(10,097)	(4,636)	(3,741)
Changes in loans, mortgages and other real estate assets	27(c)		(8,111)	(93,454)	(18,951)	(73,277)
Cash used in investing activities	_, (0)		(25,598)	(79,456)	(144,870)	(134,613)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			168,053	(87,854)	256,208	77,633
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period			93,130	229,502	4,975	64,015
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	27(d)	Ś	<b>261,183</b> \$	141,648 \$	261,183 \$	141,648
See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements	2, (u)	7		1-1,U-U <b>J</b>		1-1,0-0

See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements.

# **Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

## 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPANY

First Capital Realty Inc. (the "Company") is a corporation existing under the laws of Ontario and engages in the business of acquiring, developing, redeveloping, owning and managing well-located, high quality urban retail-centered properties. The Company is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "FCR", and its head office is located at 85 Hanna Avenue, Suite 400, Toronto, Ontario, M6K 3S3.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (a) Statement of compliance

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and as such, do not include all of the disclosures that would be included in annual consolidated audited financial statements. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

## (b) Basis of presentation

The interim consolidated financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis and have been presented in Canadian dollars rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise indicated. The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently in all material respects. These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by applying the same accounting policies, assessments of estimates and judgments, and methods of computation as compared with the most recent annual consolidated financial statements, except for those items identified in Note 3 – "Change in Accounting Policies".

Comparative information in the interim consolidated financial statements includes reclassification of certain balances to provide consistency with current period classification. The current period classification more appropriately reflects the Company's core operations and is not material to the interim consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Additionally, management, in measuring the Company's performance or making operating decisions, distinguishes its operations on a geographical basis. The Company operates in Canada and has three operating segments: Eastern, which includes operations primarily in Quebec and Ottawa; Central, which includes the Company's Ontario operations excluding Ottawa; and Western, which includes operations in Alberta and British Columbia. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker, who is the President and Chief Executive Officer.

Changes in standards effective for future accounting periods are described in Note 4 – "Future Accounting Policy Changes".

#### (c) Approval of interim consolidated financial statements

These interim consolidated unaudited financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on July 28, 2014.

### 3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company adopted each of the standards below on January 1, 2014:

## (a) Levies

IFRIC 21, "Levies" ("IFRIC 21") clarifies that an entity recognizes a liability for a levy when the activity that triggers payment, as identified by the relevant legislation, occurs. It also clarifies that a levy liability is accrued ratably only if the activity that triggers payment occurs over a period of time, in accordance with the relevant legislation. The interpretation applies to realty taxes and has been applied retrospectively to the prior period presented. For a levy that is triggered upon reaching a minimum threshold, the interpretation clarifies that no liability should be anticipated before the specified minimum threshold is reached. The interpretation does not apply to accounting for income taxes or fines and penalties.

The primary consideration for the Company, in the adoption of IFRIC 21, relates to the timing of recognizing a liability to pay realty taxes. The adoption of IFRIC 21 did not result in a material impact to the interim consolidated financial statements, as the relevant municipal legislation governing realty taxes indicates that recognition progressively through the year is appropriate, which is consistent with the Company's current accounting.

## (b) Internal leasing costs

In March 2014, the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") issued a decision related to the meaning of "incremental costs" in the context of initial direct leasing costs in IAS 17, "Leases" ("IAS 17"). The IFRIC determined that internal fixed costs, such as the salary costs of permanent staff involved in negotiating and arranging new leases, do not qualify as incremental costs within the context of IAS 17 and, therefore, should not be capitalized as initial direct leasing costs.

Prior to January 1, 2014, the Company's accounting policy was to capitalize internal leasing costs to investment properties, which was then adjusted to fair value through net income. Adoption of this interpretation resulted in an increase in corporate expenses and an increase in fair value gains (or decrease in fair value losses) on investment properties in the Consolidated Statements of Income, with no change in net income. There is no material impact on the Consolidated Balance Sheets or the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The impact of the Company's adoption of the interpretation on the Consolidated Statements of Income for the year ended December 31, 2013 is as follows:

(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)		Three mor	nths ended		Year ended
	March 31, 2013	June 30, 2013	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Increase in value of investment properties, net	\$ 1,436 \$	1,103	\$ 1,125	\$ 1,083	\$ 4,747
Increase in corporate expenses	1,436	1,103	1,125	1,083	4,747
Net income impact	_	_	_	_	_

## 4. FUTURE ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES

#### **Financial instruments**

IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments" ("IFRS 9"), will replace IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" ("IAS 39"). This standard addresses the classification and measurement of all financial assets and financial liabilities within the scope of the current IAS 39. Included in IFRS 9 are the requirements to measure debt-based financial assets at either amortized cost or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") and to measure equity-based financial assets as either held-for-trading or as fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"). No amounts are reclassified out of other comprehensive income ("OCI") if the FVTOCI option is elected. Additionally, embedded derivatives in financial assets would no longer be bifurcated and accounted for separately under IFRS 9.

A new general hedge accounting standard, part of IFRS 9 (2013), was issued in November 2013 permitting more hedging strategies used for risk management to qualify for hedge accounting.

IFRS 9 has been deferred and will be effective no earlier than annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The IASB has tentatively decided to set January 1, 2018 as the effective date for the mandatory application of IFRS 9 with such date to be finalized with the issuance of the final phase of IFRS 9 on impairment. Earlier adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of IFRS 9 on its consolidated financial statements.

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("IFRS 15"), was issued in May 2014, which will replace IAS 11, "Construction Contracts", IAS 18, "Revenue Recognition", IFRIC 13, "Customer Loyalty Programmes", IFRIC 15, "Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate", IFRIC 18, "Transfers of Assets from Customers", and SIC-31, "Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services". IFRS 15 provides a single, principles based five-step model that will apply to all contracts with customers with limited exceptions, including, but not limited to, leases within the scope of IAS 17; financial instruments and other contractual rights or obligations within the scope of IFRS 9, IFRS 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements" and IFRS 11, "Joint Arrangements". In addition to the five-step model, the standard specifies how to account for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract. The incremental costs of obtaining a contract must be recognized as an asset if the entity expects to recover these costs. The standard's requirements will also apply to the recognition and measurement of gains and losses on the sale of some non-financial assets that are not an output of the entity's ordinary activities.

IFRS 15 is required for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. Earlier adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of IFRS 15 on its consolidated financial statements.

## **5. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

## (a) Activity

(unaudited)								ix months ende	d June 30, 2014
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	C	entral Region	E	astern Region	We	estern Region	Total	Shopping Centres	Development Land
Balance at beginning of period	\$	3,141,304	\$	1,639,162	\$	2,511,585 \$	7,292,051 \$	7,126,008 \$	166,043
Acquisitions		24,112		9,301		42,598	76,011	56,961	19,050
Capital expenditures		39,607		31,318		24,754	95,679	88,587	7,092
Dispositions		(18,170)		(3,310)		(34,871)	(56,351)	(39,081)	(17,270)
Reclassifications between shopping centres and development land		_		_		_	_	17,618	(17,618)
Increase (decrease) in value of investment properties, net		16,543		11,856		8,789	37,188	40,020	(2,832)
Straight-line rent and other changes		243		190		403	836	836	_
Revaluation of deferred purchase price of shopping centre (Note 15)		_		_		(7,041)	(7,041)	(7,041)	_
Balance at end of period	\$	3,203,639	\$	1,688,517	\$	2,546,217 \$	7,438,373 \$	7,283,908 \$	154,465
Investment properties – non-current							\$	7,026,107 \$	126,869
Investment properties classified as he	ld fo	r sale						257,801	27,596
Total							\$	7,283,908 \$	154,465

(unaudited)								Year ended D	ece	ember 31, 2013
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	(	Central Region	E	astern Region	W	estern Region	Total	Shopping Centres		Development Land
	(	Restated – Note 3)	(	Restated – Note 3)	(	Restated – Note 3)	(Restated – Note 3)	(Restated – Note 3)		(Restated – Note 3)
Balance at beginning of year	\$	2,975,141	\$	1,588,179	\$	2,413,163	\$ 6,976,483	\$ 6,849,078	\$	127,405
Acquisitions		130,481		24,090		70,094	224,665	188,224		36,441
Capital expenditures		89,397		107,124		70,005	266,526	254,804		11,722
Dispositions		(93,231)		(92,401)		(56,559)	(242,191)	(232,486)		(9,705)
Reclassifications between shopping centres and development land		_		_		_	_	1,528		(1,528)
Increase in value of investment properties, net		37,583		9,818		13,432	60,833	59,125		1,708
Straight-line rent and other changes		1,933		2,352		1,450	5,735	5,735		_
Balance at end of year	\$	3,141,304	\$	1,639,162	\$	2,511,585	\$ 7,292,051	\$ 7,126,008	\$	166,043
Investment properties – non-current								\$ 6,989,055	\$	147,497
Investment properties classified as he	ld fo	or sale						136,953		18,546
Total								\$ 7,126,008	\$	166,043

Investment properties with a fair value of \$2.6 billion (December 31, 2013 – \$3.0 billion) are pledged as security for \$1.3 billion in mortgages and credit facilities.

## (b) Investment property valuation

## Valuation method

Investment properties are recorded at fair value, which reflects current market conditions, at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses from changes in fair values are recorded in net income in the period in which they arise.

#### NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – continued

The determination of fair values requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the values presented, such that actual values in sales transactions may differ from those presented.

The Company has three approaches to determine the fair value of an investment property at the end of each reporting period:

- 1. External appraisals by an independent national appraisal firm, according to professional appraisal standards and IFRS. On an annual basis, the Company has a minimum threshold of approximately 25% (as measured by fair value) of the property portfolio requiring external appraisal.
- 2. Internal appraisals by staff appraisers employed by the Company, according to professional appraisal standards and IFRS.
- 3. Value updates primarily consisting of management review of the key assumptions from previous appraisals and updating the value for changes in the property cash flow, physical condition and changes in market conditions.

The selection of the approach for each property is made based upon the following criteria:

- Property type this includes an evaluation of a property's complexity, stage of development, time since acquisition, and other specific opportunities or risks associated with the property. Stable properties and recently acquired properties will generally receive a value update, while properties under development will typically be valued using internal or external appraisals until completion.
- Market risks specific risks in a region or a trade area may warrant a full internal or external appraisal for certain properties.
- Changes in overall economic conditions significant changes in overall economic conditions may increase the number of external or internal appraisals performed.
- Business needs financings or acquisitions and dispositions may require an external appraisal.

The Company makes no adjustments for portfolio premiums and discounts, nor for any value attributable to the Company's management platform, as required by IFRS.

Shopping centres are appraised primarily based on stabilized cash flows from existing tenants with the property in its existing state, since purchasers typically focus on expected income. External and internal appraisals are conducted using and placing reliance on both the direct capitalization method and the discounted cash flow method (including the estimated proceeds from a potential future disposition). Value updates use the direct capitalization method.

Properties undergoing development, redevelopment or expansion are valued using the stabilized cash flows expected upon completion, with a deduction for costs to complete the project; capitalization rates are adjusted to reflect lease-up assumptions and construction risk, when appropriate. Adjacent land parcels held for future development are valued based on comparable sales of commercial land.

The primary method of appraisal for development land is the comparable sales approach, which considers recent sales activity for similar land parcels in the same or similar markets to estimate a value on either a per acre basis or on a basis of per square foot buildable. Such values are applied to the Company's properties after adjusting for factors specific to the site, including its location, zoning, servicing and configuration.

The cost of development properties includes direct development costs, including internal development and incremental initial leasing costs, realty taxes and borrowing costs attributable to the development. Borrowing costs associated with expenditures on properties under development or redevelopment are capitalized. Borrowing costs are also capitalized on land or properties acquired specifically for development or redevelopment when activities necessary to prepare the asset for development or redevelopment are in progress. The amount of borrowing costs capitalized is determined first by reference to borrowings specific to the project, where relevant, and otherwise by applying a weighted average cost of borrowings to eligible expenditures after adjusting for borrowings associated with other specific developments. Where borrowings are associated with specific developments, the amount capitalized is the gross cost incurred on those borrowings, less any interest income earned on funds not yet employed in construction funding.

Capitalization of borrowing costs and all other costs commence when the activities necessary to prepare an asset for development or redevelopment begin, and continue until the date that construction is complete and all necessary occupancy and related permits have been received, whether or not the space is leased. If the Company is required as a condition of a lease to construct tenant improvements that enhance the value of the property, then capitalization of costs

continues until such improvements are completed. Capitalization ceases if there are prolonged periods when development activity is interrupted.

Capitalization rates by region, for investment properties – shopping centres are set out in the table below:

As at (unaudited)			June 30, 2014		De	ecember 31, 2013
Shopping Centres	Fair Value (1) (C\$ millions)	SNOI <sup>(2)</sup> (C\$ millions)	Weighted Average Capitalization Rate	Fair Value <sup>(1)</sup> (C\$ millions)	SNOI <sup>(2)</sup> (C\$ millions)	Weighted Average Capitalization Rate
Central Region	\$ 3,078.8	\$ 168.0	<b>5.71%</b> \$	3,021.9	3 167.0	5.75%
Eastern Region	1,680.0	107.0	6.26%	1,630.7	104.0	6.31%
Western Region	2,525.1	142.0	5.76%	2,473.4	143.0	5.70%
	\$ 7,283.9	\$ 417.0	<b>5.85%</b> \$	7,126.0	\$ 414.0	5.86%

<sup>(1)</sup> Fair value of properties under development includes a deduction for costs to complete of \$269.8 million as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – \$95.5 million).

## (c) Investment properties - Acquisitions

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company acquired shopping centres and development lands for rental income and future development and redevelopment opportunities as follows:

Three months ended June 30			2014					2013
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Shopping Centres	(	Development Land		Shoppi Centr		Develop	oment Land
Total purchase price, including acquisition costs	\$ 3,463	\$	15,495	\$	75,3	L4 :	\$	_
Mortgage assumptions and vendor take-back mortgages on acquisitions	_		_		(5,29	€3)		_
Difference between principal amount and fair value of assumed mortgage financing	_		_		(53	34)		_
Total cash paid	\$ 3,463	\$	15,495	\$	69,48	37 .	\$	_
Six months ended June 30			2014					2013
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Shopping Centres		Development Land		Shopp Cent	_	Develo	pment Land
Total purchase price, including acquisition costs	\$ 56,961	\$	19,050	Ç	115,0	06	\$ 1	1,731
Mortgage assumptions and vendor take-back mortgages on acquisitions	_		_		(9,9	57)		_
Difference between principal amount and fair value of assumed mortgage financing	_		_		(7	28)		_
Total cash paid	\$ 56,961	\$	19,050	Ç	5 104,3	21	\$ 1	1,731

## (d) Investment properties classified as held for sale

The Company has certain investment properties classified as held for sale. These properties are considered to be non-core assets and are as follows:

As at (unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars, except other data)	June 30, 2014	De	cember 31, 2013
Aggregate fair value	\$ 285,397	\$	155,499
Mortgages secured by investment properties classified as held for sale	\$ 34,715	\$	22,247
Weighted average coupon interest rate of mortgages secured by investment properties	4.23%		4.03%

<sup>(2)</sup> SNOI is not a measure defined by IFRS. SNOI reflects long-term, stable property operations, assuming a certain level of vacancy, capital and operating expenditures required to maintain a stable occupancy rate. The average vacancy rates used in determining SNOI for non-anchor tenants generally range from 2% to 5%.

#### NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company sold shopping centres and development land as follows:

Three months ended June 30	2014	2013
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Shopping Centres and Development Land	Shopping Centres and Development Land
Total sales price	\$ 52,305	\$ 204,222
Mortgages assumed and vendor take-back mortgages on sale	_	(46,442)
Property selling costs	(843)	(1,522)
Total cash proceeds	\$ 51,462	\$ 156,258
Six months ended June 30	2014	2013
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Shopping Centres and Development Land	Shopping Centres and Development Land
Total sales price	\$ 56,351	\$ 233,443
Mortgages assumed and vendor take-back mortgages on sale	_	(48,268)
Property selling costs	(951)	(2,240)
Total cash proceeds	\$ 55,400	\$ 182,935

## (e) Reconciliation of investment properties to total assets

Shopping centres and development land by region are as set out in the tables below:

As at June 30, 2014 (unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Central Region	Eastern Region	Western Region	Total
Total shopping centres and development land (1)	\$ 3,203,639	\$ 1,688,517	\$ 2,546,217	\$ 7,438,373
A reconciliation of shopping centres and development land to total assets is as follows:				
Cash and cash equivalents				261,183
Loans, mortgages and other real estate assets				148,417
Other assets				84,744
Amounts receivable				21,833
Investment in joint venture				38,423
Residential development inventory				24,700
Total assets				\$ 8,017,673

As at December 31, 2013 (unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Central Region	Eastern Region	Western Region	Total
Total shopping centres and development land (1)	\$ 3,141,304	\$ 1,639,162	\$ 2,511,585	\$ 7,292,051
A reconciliation of shopping centres and development land to total assets is as follows:				
Cash and cash equivalents				4,975
Loans, mortgages and other real estate assets				149,230
Other assets				71,664
Amounts receivable				18,600
Investment in joint venture				38,166
Residential development inventory				21,569
Total assets				\$ 7,596,255

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\scriptsize (1)}}$  Includes investment properties classified as held for sale.

## 6. LOANS, MORTGAGES AND OTHER REAL ESTATE ASSETS (NON-CURRENT)

As at (unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Jun	<b>e 30, 2014</b> Dece	mber 31, 2013
Loans and mortgages receivable (a)	\$	<b>63,901</b> \$	68,150
Available-for-sale ("AFS") investments in equity securities		3,843	3,631
	\$	<b>67,744</b> \$	71,781

(a) Loans and mortgages receivable are secured by interests in investment properties or shares of entities owning investment properties and bear interest at a weighted average coupon and effective interest rate as at June 30, 2014 of 5.9% and 6.3% per annum, respectively (December 31, 2013 – 6.3% per annum). The loans and mortgages receivable mature between 2014 and 2025.

Scheduled principal receipts of current and non-current loans and mortgages receivable as at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars, except other data)	Payments on Maturity	Total	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate
2014 (remainder of the year)	\$ 37,522	\$ 37,522	9.24%
2015	14,961	14,961	7.19%
2016	5,979	5,979	8.40%
2017	3,522	3,522	5.29%
2019 to 2025	47,833	47,833	5.53%
	\$ 109,817	\$ 109,817	7.17%
Unamortized deferred financing fees, premiums and discounts, net and interest receivable		1,101	
		\$ 110,918	
Current (Note 7)		\$ 47,017	9.33%
Non-current		63,901	6.30%
		\$ 110,918	7.17%

As at June 30, 2014, the fair value of the Company's loans and mortgages receivable was approximately \$109.8 million (December 31, 2013 – \$91.6 million).

# 7. LOANS, MORTGAGES AND OTHER REAL ESTATE ASSETS (CURRENT)

As at (unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
FVTPL investments in equity securities (a)	\$ 31,005	\$ 27,764
AFS investments in equity securities	400	455
Loans and mortgages receivable (b)	47,017	24,457
Loans receivable from sales of residential inventory	_	22,522
Other receivable	2,251	2,251
	\$ 80,673	\$ 77,449

- (a) The Company invests from time to time in publicly traded real estate and related securities. These securities are recorded at market value. Unrealized gains and losses on FVTPL securities are recorded in other gains (losses) and (expenses).
- (b) The Company has loans and mortgages receivable secured by interests in investment properties (or shares of entities owning investment properties) and bear interest at a weighted average coupon and effective interest rate of 9.3% per

annum (December 31, 2013 - 9.5% per annum). The loans and mortgages receivable mature during the 12 months ending June 30, 2015. Refer to Note 6(a).

## 8. AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE

As at (unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Trade receivables (net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$3.0 million (December 31, 2013 – \$2.8 million))	\$ 20,514	\$ 17,161
Construction and development related chargebacks and receivables	374	348
Corporate and other amounts receivable	945	1,091
	\$ 21,833	\$ 18,600

The Company determines its allowance for doubtful accounts on a tenant-by-tenant basis considering lease terms, industry conditions, and the status of the tenant's account, among other factors.

## 9. OTHER ASSETS

As at (unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Note	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Non-current			
Fixtures, equipment and computer hardware and software (net of accumulated amortization of \$7.2 million)	\$	8,199	\$ 8,070
Deferred financing costs on credit facilities (net of accumulated amortization of \$2.4 million)		1,820	1,451
Environmental indemnity and insurance proceeds receivable	14	6,570	8,444
	\$	16,589	\$ 17,965
Current			
Deposits and costs on investment properties under option	\$	8,681	\$ 8,095
Prepaid expenses		29,059	6,648
Other deposits		2,146	2,826
Restricted cash	15 (b)	11,208	10,366
Derivatives at fair value	15 (a)	342	3,148
Residential inventory deposits		_	5,189
Held to maturity investment in bond (a)	15 (d)	16,719	17,427
	\$	68,155	\$ 53,699

<sup>(</sup>a) In connection with the acquisition of a property, the Company assumed a third-party loan that had previously been defeased. The defeasance collateral is a bond issued by an agency of the Canadian federal government with an effective interest rate of 1.25% per annum (contractual rate of 5.96% per annum) and matures in November 2014 (Note 15(d)).

## **10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Company manages its capital, taking into account the long-term business objectives of the Company, to provide stability and reduce risk while generating an acceptable return on investment over the long term to shareholders. The Company's capital structure currently includes common shares, senior unsecured debentures, convertible debentures and secured and unsecured term financings and revolving credit facilities, which together provide the Company with financing flexibility to meet its capital needs. Primary uses of capital include development activities, acquisitions, capital improvements, leasing costs and debt principal repayments. The actual level and type of future financings to fund these capital requirements will be determined based on prevailing interest rates, various costs of debt and/or equity capital, capital market conditions and management's general view of the required leverage in the business.

The components of the Company's capital are set out in the table below:

As at (unaudited) (millions of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Liabilities (principal amounts outstanding)		
Mortgages	\$ 1,260	\$ 1,350
Mortgage on equity accounted joint venture (at the Company's interest)	11	11
Senior unsecured debentures	2,325	1,875
Convertible debentures	393	393
Equity Capitalization		
Common shares based on closing per share price of \$18.62 (December 31, 2013 – \$17.71)	3,905	3,690
	\$ 7,894	\$ 7,319

The Company monitors a number of financial ratios in conjunction with its credit agreements and financial planning. All ratios are calculated with the joint venture and Main and Main Developments proportionately consolidated, unless otherwise noted. These ratios are set out in the table below:

As at (unaudited)	Measure/ covenant	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Net debt to enterprise value	N/A	43.7%	44.3%
Net debt to total assets (investment properties at cost)	<65%		
Joint ventures proportionately consolidated		52.6%	50.5%
Joint ventures proportionately consolidated, cash balances, net		50.7%	50.5%
Net debt to total assets (investment properties at IFRS value)	<65%		
Joint ventures proportionately consolidated		45.0%	43.0%
Joint ventures proportionately consolidated, cash balances, net		43.1%	42.9%
Joint ventures proportionately consolidated, cash balances, net, using ten quarter average capitalization rate (1)		44.1%	44.6%
Unencumbered aggregate assets to unsecured debt (investment properties at IFRS value)	>1.30		
Joint ventures proportionately consolidated		2.08	2.29
Joint ventures proportionately consolidated, using ten quarter average capitalization rate $^{(1)}$		2.02	2.15
Unencumbered aggregate assets to unsecured debt (investment properties at cost)	>1.30		
Joint ventures proportionately consolidated		1.70	1.90
Shareholders' equity, using four quarter average (billions of Canadian dollars) (1)	>\$1.5	\$ 3.3	\$ 3.3
Secured indebtedness to total assets (investment properties at fair value) (1)	<40%	15.9%	18.2%

#### NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

(unaudited) Rolling four quarters ended	Measure/ Covenant	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Net debt/EBITDA (2)		8.46	8.21
Interest coverage (EBITDA to interest expense)	>1.65		
Joint ventures proportionately consolidated (1)		2.35	2.38
Fixed charges coverage (consolidated EBITDA to debt service)	>1.5		
Joint ventures proportionately consolidated (1)		1.93	1.92

<sup>(1)</sup> Calculations required under the Company's credit facility agreements or indenture governing the senior unsecured debentures.

The above ratios include measures not specifically defined in IFRS. They are calculations required pursuant to debt covenants and for this reason are meaningful measures. Measures used in these ratios are defined as follows:

Debt consists of principal amounts outstanding on mortgages and credit facilities and the par value of senior unsecured debentures. Convertible debentures are excluded as it is the Company's intention to continue to satisfy its obligations of principal and interest payments in respect of all of its outstanding convertible debentures by the issuance of common shares.

Net debt is calculated as Debt, as defined above, reduced by cash balances at the end of the period.

Secured indebtedness includes mortgages which are collateralized against investment property.

Enterprise value consists of the market value of the Company's common shares, the par value of senior unsecured debentures and convertible debentures, and principal amounts outstanding on mortgages, loans and credit facilities.

EBITDA is calculated as net income, adding back income tax expense, interest expense and amortization and excluding the increase or decrease in the value of investment properties, other gains (losses) and (expenses) and other non-cash or non-recurring items. The Company also adjusts for incremental leasing costs and costs not capitalized during the development period, which are recognized adjustments to FFO and AFFO, respectively.

Fixed charges include regular principal and interest payments and capitalized interest in the calculation of interest expense and do not include non-cash interest on convertible debentures.

Unencumbered assets include the value of assets that have not been pledged as security under any credit agreement or mortgage. The unencumbered asset value ratio is calculated as unencumbered assets divided by the principal amount of the unsecured debt, which consists of the senior unsecured debentures.

The Company's strategy involves maintaining its moderate leverage and continuing to improve the interest coverage and fixed charges coverage ratios to allow continued access to capital at the lowest possible cost. The Company's senior unsecured debentures are currently rated BBB (high) with a stable trend by Dominion Bond Rating Service Ltd. and Baa2 with a stable outlook by Moody's Investors Service.

The Company's long-term financial objectives have remained substantially unchanged during the past eight years. Since becoming an investment grade rated company in 2005, the Company has financed its growth through common shares, warrants and convertible debentures (cashless) for the equity component and through senior unsecured debentures, mortgages and credit facilities for the debt component.

The Company's long-term financing strategy is based on maintaining flexibility in accessing various forms of debt and equity capital by maintaining a pool of unencumbered assets and investment grade credit ratings from rating agencies. The Company periodically re-evaluates its overall financing and capital execution strategy to ensure the best access to available capital at the lowest possible cost.

The Company is subject to financial covenants in agreements governing its senior unsecured debentures and secured revolving credit facilities. Based on the above calculations, the Company remains in compliance with all of its applicable financial covenants.

<sup>(2)</sup> Calculated with Main and Main Developments consolidated at 100%.

## 11. MORTGAGES AND CREDIT FACILITIES

As at		
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Fixed rate mortgages	\$ 1,223,437	\$ 1,331,833
Floating rate mortgages and secured credit facilities	7,786	29,750
Outstanding cheques	_	5,000
Credit facilities	38,410	_
	\$ 1,269,633	\$ 1,366,583
Current	\$ 312,642	\$ 254,367
Mortgages on investment properties classified as held for sale	34,715	22,247
Non-current	922,276	1,089,969
	\$ 1,269,633	\$ 1,366,583

Mortgages and the secured credit facilities are secured by investment properties. Of the fair value of investment properties of \$7.4 billion as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – \$7.3 billion), approximately \$2.6 billion (December 31, 2013 – \$3.0 billion) has been pledged as security under the mortgages and the secured credit facilities.

As at June 30, 2014, the fair value of the Company's mortgages and credit facilities was approximately \$1.3 billion (December 31, 2013 – \$1.4 billion).

## (i) Mortgages

Mortgages bear coupon interest at a weighted average interest rate of 4.98% per annum as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – 5.21% per annum) and mature in the years ranging from 2014 to 2025. The weighted average effective interest rate on all fixed rate mortgage financing as at June 30, 2014 is 4.85% per annum (December 31, 2013 – 4.90% per annum).

## (ii) Credit facilities

On June 13, 2014, the Company completed an increase and extension of its senior unsecured revolving credit facility with a syndicate of nine banks, increasing the availability from \$600 million to \$700 million and extending the maturity to June 30, 2017. The facility pricing was also reduced from BA + 1.325% or Prime rate + 0.325% to BA + 1.20% or Prime rate + 0.20%.

On June 30, 2014, the Company extended the maturity of, and reduced the pricing on its \$75 million secured credit facility. The maturity has been extended by one year to December 31, 2015 and the facility pricing has been reduced from BA + 1.25% or Prime rate + 0.25% to BA + 1.125% or Prime rate + 0.125%.

The following table summarizes the details of the Company's credit facilities as at June 30, 2014:

(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars, except other data)	Borrowing Capacity	Amounts Drawn	Outs	tanding Letters of Credit	Available to be Drawn	Interest Rates	Maturity Date
Secured by development properties	\$ 75,000 \$	_	\$	(23) \$	74,977	BA + 1.125% or Prime + 0.125%	December 31, 2015
Secured by development properties (1)	45,000	(38,411)	\$	_	6,589	BA + 1.50% or the bank's prime rate	May 25, 2017
Unsecured	700,000	_		(40,528)	659,472	C\$ BA + 1.20% or Prime + 0.20% or US\$ LIBOR + 1.20%	June 30, 2017
Total facilities	\$ 820,000 \$	(38,411)	\$	(40,551) \$	741,038		

<sup>(1)</sup> The credit facility is held within Main and Main Developments and is secured by certain properties owned by Main and Main Developments.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – continued

Principal repayments of mortgages and credit facilities outstanding as at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars, except other data)	Scheduled Amortization	Payments on Maturity	Total	Coupon Weighted Average Interest Rate
2014 (remainder of the year)	\$ 17,239	\$ 106,254 \$	123,493	5.94%
2015	29,007	213,110	242,117	4.98%
2016	23,403	155,033	178,436	5.07%
2017	20,522	121,313	141,835	3.53%
2018	16,485	123,045	139,530	5.53%
2019 to 2025	42,094	393,031	435,125	4.97%
	\$ 148,750	\$ 1,111,786 \$	1,260,536	4.98%
Unamortized deferred financing costs, premiums and discounts, net			9,097	
		\$	1,269,633	

As at June 30, 2014, the Company had mortgages maturing of \$106.3 million at an average interest rate of 5.94% per annum and \$17.2 million of scheduled amortization of principal balances during the remainder of 2014.

## 12. SENIOR UNSECURED DEBENTURES

(unaudited) (thousand	ls of Cand	ndian dollars, except other	data)				June 30, 2014	December 31, 20
			Intere	st Rate	_			
Maturity Date	Series	Date of Issue	Coupon	Effective		Principal Outstanding	Liability	Liabil
October 30, 2014	F	April 5, 2007	5.32%	5.47%	\$	100,000 \$	99,958	\$ 99,9
June 1, 2015	G	November 20, 2009	5.95%	6.13%		125,000	124,802	124,6
January 31, 2017	Н	January 21, 2010	5.85%	5.99%		125,000	124,576	124,5
November 30, 2017	1	April 13, 2010	5.70%	5.85%		50,000	49,770	49,7
November 30, 2017	I	April 13, 2010	5.70%	5.82%		25,000	24,908	24,8
November 30, 2017	1	June 14, 2010	5.70%	5.70%		50,000	49,994	49,9
August 30, 2018	J	July 12, 2010	5.25%	5.66%		50,000	49,410	49,3
November 30, 2018	K	August 25, 2010	4.95%	5.30%		50,000	49,321	49,2
November 30, 2018	K	October 26, 2010	4.95%	5.04%		50,000	49,821	49,8
July 30, 2019	L	January 21, 2011	5.48%	5.61%		150,000	149,154	149,0
April 30, 2020	M	March 30, 2011	5.60%	5.73%		110,000	109,304	109,2
April 30, 2020	М	June 13, 2011	5.60%	5.39%		65,000	65,678	65,7
March 1, 2021	N	April 4, 2012	4.50%	4.63%		175,000	173,753	173,6
January 31, 2022	0	June 1, 2012	4.43%	4.56%		100,000	99,209	99,1
January 31, 2022	0	July 17, 2012	4.43%	4.42%		50,000	50,035	50,0
January 31, 2022	0	August 29, 2013	4.43%	4.83%		50,000	48,736	48,6
December 5, 2022	Р	December 5, 2012	3.95%	4.16%		150,000	147,813	147,7
December 5, 2022	Р	January 14, 2013	3.95%	4.20%		100,000	98,213	98,1
October 30, 2023	Q	March 26, 2013	3.90%	4.06%		125,000	123,437	123,3
October 30, 2023	Q	May 15, 2013	3.90%	3.90%		175,000	174,992	174,9
August 30, 2024	R	January 20, 2014	4.79%	4.91%		150,000	148,564	
August 30, 2024	R	February 18, 2014	4.79%	4.63%		75,000	75,949	
August 30, 2024	R	March 11, 2014	4.79%	4.43%		75,000	77,183	
July 31, 2025	S	June 17, 2014	4.32%	4.43%		150,000	148,569	
			4.82%	4.93%	\$	2,325,000 \$	2,313,149	\$ 1,861,9
Current						\$	224,760	\$ 99,9
Non-current							2,088,389	1,762,0
		-			-	\$	2,313,149	\$ 1,861,9

Interest on the senior unsecured debentures is payable semi-annually and principal is payable on maturity.

On January 20, 2014, the Company completed the issuance of \$150 million principal amount of senior unsecured debentures, Series R, due August 30, 2024. These debentures bear interest at a coupon rate of 4.79% per annum payable semi-annually commencing August 30, 2014. On February 18, 2014, the Company completed the issuance of an additional \$75 million principal amount of the senior unsecured debentures, Series R, which was a re-opening of this series of debentures with an effective rate of 4.63% per annum. On March 11, 2014, the Company completed the issuance of an additional \$75 million principal amount of the senior unsecured debentures, Series R, which was a second re-opening of this series of debentures with an effective rate of 4.43% per annum.

On June 17, 2014, the Company completed the issuance of \$150 million principal amount of senior unsecured debentures, Series S, due July 31, 2025. These debentures bear interest at a coupon rate of 4.32% per annum payable semi-annually commencing July 31, 2014. On July 14, 2014, the Company completed the issuance of an additional \$60 million principal amount of the senior unsecured debentures, Series S, which was a re-opening of this series of debentures with an effective rate of 4.33% per annum.

On July 14, 2014, the Company redeemed \$50 million principal amount outstanding of its \$100 million 5.32% Series F senior unsecured debentures due October 30, 2014. The debentures were redeemed at a price of \$1,011.77 for each \$1,000 principal amount of debentures outstanding. In addition, accrued and unpaid interest was paid on the debentures up to but excluding the redemption date. In connection with the redemption, total cash of \$51.1 million was paid to the holders, which consisted of \$50.0 million of principal, \$0.6 million in premium and \$0.5 million in accrued but unpaid interest. On July 8, 2014, the Company announced that it will redeem in full on August 7, 2014 the remaining outstanding aggregate principal amount of this series of debentures at a price of \$1,009.13 for each \$1,000 principal amount of debentures outstanding. In addition, accrued and unpaid interest will be paid on the debentures up to but excluding the redemption date.

The fair value of the senior unsecured debentures is approximately \$2.5 billion as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – \$1.9 billion).

#### 13. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

As at (unaudited) (thousand	ds of Canadian dollars, exc		June	30, 2014		December 31, 2013				
		Intere	st Rate							
Maturity Date	Date of Issue	Coupon	Effective	-	Principal	Liability	Equity	Principal	Liability	Equity
June 30, 2017	December 30, 2009	5.70%	6.88%	\$	42,903 \$	41,556 \$	<b>984</b> \$	42,917 \$	41,362 \$	984
January 31, 2019	April 28, 2011	5.40%	6.90%		57,500	54,147	2,192	57,500	53,844	2,192
January 31, 2019	August 9, 2011	5.25%	6.07%		57,500	55,647	390	57,500	55,477	390
March 31, 2018	December 15, 2011	5.25%	6.66%		50,000	47,691	1,155	50,000	47,427	1,155
March 31, 2017	February 16, 2012	4.95%	6.51%		75,000	72,092	1,495	75,000	71,620	1,495
July 31, 2019	May 22, 2012	4.75%	6.19%		52,500	49,552	1,439	52,500	49,277	1,439
February 28, 2020	February 19, 2013	4.45%	5.34%		57,500	55,191	403	57,500	55,005	403
		5.08%	6.35%	\$	392,903 \$	375,876 \$	<b>8,058</b> \$	392,917 \$	374,012 \$	8,058

## (a) Principal and interest

The Company has the option of repaying the convertible debentures on maturity through the issuance of common shares at 97% of the weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares. The Company also has the option of paying the semi-annual interest through the issuance of common shares valued in the same manner. In addition, the Company has the option of repaying the convertible debentures prior to the maturity date under certain circumstances, either in cash or in common shares. Consistent with existing practice, it is the Company's current intention to continue to satisfy its obligations of principal and interest payments in respect of all of its outstanding convertible debentures by the issuance of common shares. Since issuance, the Company has made all principal and interest payments on its convertible debentures using common shares.

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, 0.6 million common shares (six months ended June 30, 2013 – 0.5 million common shares) were issued for \$10.0 million (six months ended June 30, 2013 – \$8.8 million) to pay interest to holders of the convertible debentures. Each series of the Company's convertible unsecured subordinated debentures bears interest payable semi-annually and is convertible at the option of the holders in the conversion periods into common shares of the Company at the conversion prices indicated below.

Maturity Date	Coupon Rate	TSX	Holder Option to Convert at the Conversion Price	Company Option to Redeem at Principal Amount (conditional <sup>(1)</sup> )	Company Option to Redeem at Principal Amount <sup>(2)</sup>	Conversion Price
June 30, 2017	5.70%	FCR.DB.D	2009-2016	Jun 30, 2013 - Jun 29, 2015	Jun 30, 2015 - Jun 30, 2017	\$18.75
January 31, 2019	5.40%	FCR.DB.E	2011-2019	Jan 31, 2015 - Jan 30, 2017	Jan 31, 2017 - Jan 31, 2019	\$22.62
January 31, 2019	5.25%	FCR.DB.F	2011-2019	Jan 31, 2015 - Jan 30, 2017	Jan 31, 2017 - Jan 31, 2019	\$23.77
March 31, 2018	5.25%	FCR.DB.G	2011-2018	Mar 31, 2015 - Mar 30, 2016	Mar 31, 2016 - Mar 30, 2018	\$23.25
March 31, 2017	4.95%	FCR.DB.H	2012-2017	Mar 31, 2015 - Mar 30, 2016	Mar 31, 2016 - Mar 31, 2017	\$23.75
July 31, 2019	4.75%	FCR.DB.I	2012-2019	Jul 31, 2015 - Jul 30, 2017	Jul 31, 2017 - Jul 31, 2019	\$26.75 - \$27.75 <sup>(3)</sup>
February 28, 2020	4.45%	FCR.DB.J	2013-2020	Feb 28, 2016 - Feb 27, 2018	Feb 28, 2018 - Feb 28, 2020	\$26.75 - \$27.75 <sup>(4)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Period of time during which the Company may redeem the debentures at their principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, provided that the volume weighted average trading price for the 20 consecutive trading days ending five days prior to the notice of redemption is not less than 125% of the Conversion Price, by giving between 30 and 60 days' written notice.

## (b) Normal course issuer bid

On August 23, 2013, the Company renewed its normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") for all of its then outstanding series of convertible unsecured subordinated debentures. The NCIB will expire on August 26, 2014 or such earlier date as the Company completes its purchases pursuant to the NCIB. All purchases made under the NCIB are at market prices prevailing at the time of purchase determined by or on behalf of the Company.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, principal amounts of convertible debentures purchased and amounts paid for the purchases are represented in the table below:

(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Six months end	ded June 30, 2014	S	ix months end	ded June 3	30, 2013
	Principal Amount Purchased	Amount Paid		al Amount Purchased	Amo	unt Paid
Total	\$ 14 \$	15	\$	1,929	\$	2,130

## (c) Fair value

Based on TSX closing bid prices, as at June 30, 2014, the fair value of the convertible debentures was approximately \$397.2 million (December 31, 2013 – \$390.1 million).

### 14. OTHER LIABILITIES

As at (unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Asset retirement obligations (a)	\$ 10,846	\$ 11,168
Ground leases payable	10,155	10,308
	\$ 21,001	\$ 21,476

(a) The Company has obligations for environmental remediation at certain sites within its property portfolio. The amounts recorded as liabilities include those environmental indemnity and insurance proceeds receivable (Note 9).

<sup>(2)</sup> Period of time during which the Company may redeem the debentures at their principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest by giving between 30 and 60 days' written notice

<sup>(3)</sup> These debentures are convertible at the option of the holder into common shares of the Company at a conversion price of \$26.75 per common share until July 31, 2017 and \$27.75 per common share thereafter.

<sup>(4)</sup> These debentures are convertible at the option of the holder into common shares of the Company at a conversion price of \$26.75 per common share until February 28, 2018 and \$27.75 per common share thereafter.

## 15. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES

As at (unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Note	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Trade payables and accruals		\$ 59,247	\$ 46,618
Construction and development payables		35,759	41,260
Dividends payable		44,045	43,755
Interest payable		37,696	32,021
Tenant deposits		18,239	18,779
Derivatives at fair value (a)		191	936
Short positions in marketable securities (b)		9,087	8,089
Mortgage payable (c)		3,572	8,800
Loan payable (d)	9 (a)	16,719	17,427
Deferred purchase price of investment property – shopping centre		9,533	21,260
		\$ 234,088	\$ 238,945

(a) The Company enters into forward contracts and interest rate swaps as part of its strategy for managing certain interest rate risks. For those contracts to which the Company has applied hedge accounting, the Company has recorded the changes in fair value for the effective portion of the derivative in OCI from the date of designation. For those interest rate swaps to which the Company does not apply hedge accounting, the change in fair value is recognized in other gains (losses) and (expenses) (Note 21).

The following are the fair values of the Company's asset (liability) hedging instruments:

As at (unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Designated as Hedging Instrument	Maturity	,	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Bond forward contracts	Yes	September 2014	\$	(167)	\$ 321
Interest rate swaps	Yes	March 2022 through October 2022		318	2,827
Interest rate swaps	N/A	Settled in Q1 2014		_	(936)
			\$	151	\$ 2,212

- (b) The Company invests from time to time in long and short positions in publicly traded real estate and related securities, which are recorded at market value (Note 7). As at June 30, 2014, a restricted cash balance of \$11.2 million (Note 9) was maintained on account with the Company's security broker as collateral for the Company's investment in short positions.
- (c) The mortgage payable relating to residential development inventory bears interest at an effective rate of 1% per annum. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, \$5.2 million of this loan had been repaid.
- (d) In connection with the acquisition of a property, the Company assumed a third-party loan that had previously been defeased. The defeasance collateral is a bond issued by an agency of the Canadian federal government. The effective interest rate of the loan is 1.25% per annum (contractual rate of 5.96% per annum) and matures in November 2014 (Note 9(a)).

## 16. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

## (a) Share capital

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of authorized preference shares and common shares. The preference shares may be issued from time to time in one or more series, each series comprising the number of shares, designations, rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions which the Board of Directors determines by resolution; preference shares are non-voting and rank in priority to the common shares with respect to dividends and distributions upon dissolution. No preference shares have been issued. The common shares carry one vote each and participate equally in the income of the Company and the net assets of the Company upon dissolution. Dividends are payable on the common shares as and when declared by the Board of Directors.

The following table sets forth the particulars of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company:

		Six months er	nde	d June 30, 2014	Six months ended June 30, 2013			
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars and thousands of common shares)	Note	Number of Common Shares		Stated Capital	Number of Common Shares	Stated Capital		
Issued and outstanding at beginning of period		208,356	\$	2,457,310	206,546 \$	2,426,836		
Payment of interest on convertible debentures	13	582		9,980	475	8,768		
Exercise of options		798		12,599	573	8,035		
Share issue costs and other, net of tax effect		_		(9)	_	(74)		
Issued and outstanding at end of period		209,736	\$	2,479,880	207,594 \$	2,443,565		

## (b) Contributed surplus and other equity items

Contributed surplus and other equity items comprise the following:

(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)		Six	month	s ended Jun	e 30, 2014			Six months ended June 30, 2013				
	Contributed Surplus	Convertible Debentures Equity Component		Options Restricted and Deferred Share Units	Contributed <b>Total</b> Surplus		Convertible Debentures Equity Component	Options Restricted and Deferred Share Units	Warrants	Total		
		(N	ote 13)				(Note 13)					
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 19,278	\$	8,058	\$ 17,264	\$ 44,600	\$19,401	\$ 7,702	\$15,636	\$ 1,677	\$ 44,416		
Issuance of convertible debentures	_		_	_	_	_	403	_	_	403		
Purchase of convertible debentures	_		_	_	_	(103)	(28)	_	_	(131)		
Options vested	_		_	350	350	_	_	574	_	574		
Exercise of options	_		_	(625)	(625)	_	_	(205)	_	(205)		
Deferred share units vested	_		_	519	519	_	_	427	_	427		
Restricted share units vested	_		_	939	939	_	_	935	_	935		
Balance at end of period	\$ 19,278	\$	8,058	\$ 18,447	\$ 45,783	\$ 19,298	\$ 8,077	\$ 17,367	\$ 1,677	\$ 46,419		

## (c) Stock options

As of June 30, 2014, the Company is authorized to grant up to 15.2 million (December 31, 2013 – 15.2 million) common share options to the employees, officers and directors of the Company. As of June 30, 2014, 3.5 million (December 31, 2013 – 3.8 million) common share options are available to be granted. Options granted by the Company generally expire 10 years from the date of grant and vest over five years.

#### NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

The outstanding options as at June 30, 2014 have exercise prices ranging from \$9.81 - \$18.97 (December 31, 2013 - \$9.81 - \$18.97) and comprise the following:

(unaudited) (In Canadian dollars, except other data)  June 30, 2014						30, 2014				Ju	ine	30, 2013	
			Outstand	ling Options	Vested Options			Outstan	ding Options	Vested Options		d Options	
Exercise Price Range	Number of Common Shares Issuable (in thousands)		Weighted Average Exercise Price per Common Share	Weighted Average Remaining Life (years)	Number of Common Shares Issuable (in thousands)		Weighted Average Exercise Price per Common Share	Number of Common Shares Issuable (in thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price per Common Share	Weighted Average Remaining Life (years)	Number of Common Shares Issuable (in thousands)		Weighted Average Exercise Price per Common Share
\$ 9.81 - \$10.81	99	\$	9.81	4.7	99	\$	9.81	130	\$ 9.85	5.7	130	\$	9.85
\$13.00 - \$14.26	793	\$	13.83	4.7	793	\$	13.83	1,186	\$ 13.75	5.3	1,178	\$	13.75
\$15.46 - \$16.96	2,534	\$	16.40	3.7	2,228	\$	16.50	2,857	\$ 16.37	4.8	2,324	\$	16.52
\$17.77 – \$18.97	2,048	\$	18.34	8.4	479	\$	18.39	1,878	\$ 18.48	9.3	206	\$	18.04
\$ 9.81 – \$18.97	5,474	\$	16.63	5.6	3,599	\$	15.98	6,051	\$ 16.37	6.3	3,838	\$	15.52

During the three months ended June 30, 2014, \$0.1 million (three months ended June 30, 2013 – \$0.3 million) was recorded as an expense related to stock options. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, \$0.3 million (six months ended June 30, 2013 – \$0.5 million) was recorded as an expense related to stock options.

(unaudited) (In Canadian dollars, except other data)	Six months e	Six months ended June 30, 2013		
	Number of Common Shares Issuable (in thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Common Shares Issuable (in thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of period	5,968	\$ 16.37	5,676 \$	15.65
Granted (a)	494	\$ 17.77	1,036 \$	18.97
Exercised (b)	(799)	\$ 14.99	(573) \$	13.81
Forfeited	(145)	\$ 18.03	(62) \$	17.09
Expired	(44)	\$ 18.54	(26) \$	17.02
Outstanding at end of period	5,474	\$ 16.63	6,051 \$	16.37

(a) The fair value associated with the options issued was calculated using the Black-Scholes model for option valuation based on the following assumptions:

(unaudited)	Six months	ended June 30
	2014	2013
Share options granted (thousands)	494	1,036
Term to expiry	10 years	10 years
Exercise price	\$ <b>17.77</b> \$	18.97
Weighted average volatility rate	15.0%	15.0%
Weighted average expected option life	6 years	6 years
Weighted average dividend yield	4.72%	4.32%
Weighted average risk free interest rate	1.87%	1.39%
Fair value (thousands)	\$ <b>548</b> \$	1,233

(b) The weighted average market share price at which options were exercised for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$18.27 (six months ended June 30, 2013 – \$19.12).

## (d) Share unit plans

The Company's share unit plans include a Directors' Deferred Share Unit Plan and a Restricted Share Unit Plan. Under the plans, a participant is entitled to receive one common share, or equivalent cash value, at the Company's option, (i) in the case of a Deferred Share Unit ("DSU"), upon redemption by the holder after the date that the holder ceases to be a director of the Company and any of its subsidiaries (the "Retirement Date") but no later than December 15 of the first calendar year commencing after the Retirement Date, and (ii) in the case of a Restricted Share Unit ("RSU") on December 15 of the third calendar year following the year in respect of which the RSU is granted. Holders of RSUs and DSUs receive dividends in the form of additional units when the Company declares dividends on its common shares.

(unaudited)	Six months ende	d June 30, 2014	Six months ended June 30, 2013		
(in thousands)	Deferred Share Units	Restricted Share Units	Deferred Share Units	Restricted Share Units	
Outstanding at beginning of period	393	286	345	302	
Granted (a)	27	102	15	117	
Dividends declared	10	9	8	10	
Outstanding at end of period	430	397	368	429	
Share units available to be granted based on the current reserve	326	577	212	413	
Expense recorded for the period (thousands of Canadian dollars) \$	473 \$	<b>771</b> \$	316 \$	758	

(a) The fair value of the DSUs granted during the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$0.5 million (six months ended June 30, 2013 – \$0.3 million), measured based on the Company's prevailing share price on the date of grant. The fair value of the RSUs granted during the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$1.6 million (six months ended June 30, 2013 – \$2.2 million), measured based on the Company's share price on the date of grant.

## 17. NET OPERATING INCOME

Net operating income is as follows:

Net operating income	\$ 84,637	\$ 47,735	\$ 68,522	\$	200,894	\$ (268) \$	200,626
Property operating costs	53,902	35,448	34,352		123,702	(264)	123,438
Property rental revenue	\$ 138,539	\$ 83,183	\$ 102,874	\$	324,596	\$ (532) \$	324,064
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Region	Region	Region		Subtotal	Other (1)	Total
Six months ended June 30, 2014	Central	Eastern	 Western				
Net operating income	\$ 42,120	\$ 23,876	\$ 33,444	\$	99,440	\$ (48) \$	99,392
Property operating costs	25,874	16,000	16,901		58,775	(257)	58,518
Property rental revenue	\$ 67,994	\$ 39,876	\$ 50,345	\$	158,215	\$ (305) \$	157,910
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Region	 Region	Region		Subtotal	Other (1)	Total
Three months ended June 30, 2013	Central	Eastern	Western	-		_	
Net operating income	\$ 42,332	\$ 24,607	\$ 35,009	\$	101,948	\$ 94 \$	102,042
Property operating costs	26,126	16,705	16,804		59,635	(480)	59,155
Property rental revenue	\$ 68,458	\$ 41,312	\$ 51,813	\$	161,583	\$ (386) \$	161,197
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Region	Region	Region		Subtotal	Other (1)	Total
Three months ended June 30, 2014	Central	Eastern	Western				

Six months ended June 30, 2013	Central	Eastern	Western			
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Region	Region	Region	Subtotal	Other <sup>(1)</sup>	Total
Property rental revenue	\$ 135,942 \$	80,374 \$	100,021 \$	316,337 \$	(630) \$	315,707
Property operating costs	52,433	33,482	33,555	119,470	(898)	118,572
Net operating income	\$ 83,509 \$	46,892 \$	66,466 \$	196,867 \$	268 \$	197,135

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  Other items are principally operating costs and other adjustments that are not attributable to a region.

For the three months ended June 30, 2014, property operating costs includes \$5.8 million (three months ended June 30, 2013 – \$5.3 million) related to employee compensation. Property operating costs for the six months ended June 30, 2014 includes \$11.6 million (six months ended June 30, 2013 – \$10.4 million) related to employee compensation.

## 18. INTEREST AND OTHER INCOME

(unaudited)		Three months end	ded June 30	Six months ended June 30		
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	Notes		2014	2013	2014	2013
Interest, dividend and distribution income from marketable securities and cash investments	6,7	\$	<b>952</b> \$	997 \$	1,811 \$	1,564
Interest income from mortgages and loans receivable	6,7		1,847	1,670	3,598	2,358
Fees and other income			_	746	_	782
	-	\$	<b>2,799</b> \$	3,413 \$	<b>5,409</b> \$	4,704

## 19. INTEREST EXPENSE

(unaudited)		Three mon	ths en	ded June 30	Six months ended June 30		
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	Note	2014		2013	2014	-	2013
Mortgages and credit facilities		\$ 15,985	\$	19,550	\$ 32,501	\$	40,071
Senior unsecured debentures		27,005		22,316	51,945		42,416
Convertible debentures							
Coupon interest		4,977		5,005	9,898		9,632
Accretion of discounts		400		381	786		741
Amortization of deferred issue costs		560		519	1,094		981
		5,937		5,905	11,778		11,354
Total interest expense		48,927		47,771	96,224		93,841
Interest capitalized to investment properties and residential development inventory		(6,230)		(5,488)	(11,170)		(10,981)
Interest expense		\$ 42,697	\$	42,283	\$ 85,054	\$	82,860
Convertible debenture interest paid in common shares	13	_		_	(9,980)		(8,768)
Change in accrued interest		(3,481)		(3,875)	(5,675)		(2,006)
Effective interest rate in excess of coupon rate on senior unsecured and convertible debentures		(303)		(370)	(654)	1	(724)
Effective interest in excess of coupon interest on assumed mortgages		1,018		1,205	2,123		2,402
Other non-cash interest expense		(1,457)		(1,370)	(2,823)		(2,643)
Interest capitalized to investment properties and residential development inventory		6,230		5,488	11,170		10,981
Cash interest paid		\$ 44,704	\$	43,361	\$ 79,215	\$	82,102

## **20. CORPORATE EXPENSES**

(unaudited)	Three months end	ed June 30	Six months ended June 30	
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(Re	estated – Note 3)	(Restated – Note 3)	
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ <b>5,927</b> \$	5,805 \$	<b>12,169</b> \$	11,628
Non-cash compensation	681	808	1,329	1,465
Other corporate costs	2,333	2,345	5,008	4,725
	8,941	8,958	18,506	17,818
Amounts capitalized to investment properties under development and residential inventory	(1,900)	(1,719)	(3,449)	(3,380)
	\$ 7,041 \$	7,239 \$	<b>15,057</b> \$	14,438

# 21. OTHER GAINS (LOSSES) AND (EXPENSES)

(unaudited)		Three months en	ded June 30	Six months ended June 30		
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Realized gains on sale of marketable securities		\$ <b>156</b> \$	172 \$	<b>637</b> \$	2,247	
Change in cumulative unrealized gains (losses) on marketable securities classified as FVTPL		(54)	371	1,231	(965)	
Losses on prepayments of debt		(76)	(3,923)	(338)	(4,035)	
Unrealized gains (losses) on hedges	15(a)	60	384	(39)	263	
Investment properties – selling costs		(988)	(3,564)	(1,130)	(4,719)	
Net gain on sale of residential inventory (a)		_	2,499	_	2,965	
Pre-selling costs of residential inventory		(17)	(62)	(36)	(73)	
Gain on foreign currency exchange		_	18	2	50	
Transition services and protective rights agreement		(1,450)	_	(1,450)	_	
		\$ (2,369) \$	(4,105) \$	(1,123) \$	(4,267)	

## (a) The components of the Company's net gain on sale of residential inventory are as follows:

(unaudited)		Three months er	nded June 30	Six months ended June 30		
(thousands of Canadian dollars)		2014	2013	2014	2013	
Sales	\$	<b>-</b> \$	19,293 \$	<b>977</b> \$	28,184	
Cost of sales		_	(16,794)	(977)	(25,219)	
Net gain on sale	\$	<b>-</b> \$	2,499 \$	<b>-</b> \$	2,965	

## 22. INCOME TAXES

The major components of income tax expense include the following:

(unaudited)	Three months en	ded June 30	Six months ended June 30		
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Deferred income taxes	\$ <b>17,870</b> \$	17,332 \$	<b>28,354</b> \$	30,459	

The following reconciles the Company's statutory tax rate to its effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

#### NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

(unaudited)	Three months en	ded June 30	Six months ended June 30	
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Income tax expense at the Canadian federal and provincial income tax rate of 26.27% (2013 – 26.27%)	\$ <b>25,117</b> \$	23,789 \$	37,043 \$	41,044
(Decrease) increase in income taxes due to:				
Non-taxable portion of capital gains and other	(7,474)	(7,850)	(8,904)	(11,601)
Non-deductible interest	105	100	207	194
Changes in timing of reversals	_	993	_	993
Other	122	300	8	(171)
Deferred income taxes	\$ <b>17,870</b> \$	17,332 \$	<b>28,354</b> \$	30,459

## 23. PER SHARE CALCULATIONS

The following table sets forth the computation of per share amounts:

(unaudited)	Three months er	nded June 30	Six months ended June 30		
(thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts and other data)	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$ <b>77,707</b> \$	73,163 <b>\$</b>	<b>112,921</b> \$	125,883	
Adjustment for dilutive effect of convertible debentures, net of tax	4,378	4,406	8,685	8,485	
Income for diluted per share amounts	\$ <b>82,085</b> \$	77,569 \$	<b>121,606</b> \$	134,368	
(in thousands)					
Weighted average number of shares outstanding for basic per share amounts	210,183	208,192	209,658	207,736	
Options	603	818	535	869	
Convertible debentures	20,355	16,775	20,969	16,130	
Weighted average diluted share amounts	231,141	225,785	231,162	224,735	
Basic net income per share attributable to common shareholders	\$ 0.37 \$	0.35 \$	<b>0.54</b> \$	0.61	
Diluted net income per share attributable to common shareholders	\$ <b>0.36</b> \$	0.34 \$	<b>0.53</b> \$	0.60	

The following securities were not included in the diluted net income per share calculation as the effect would have been anti-dilutive:

Three months ended June 30	Number of Shares if Exercised							
(unaudited) (in Canadian dollars, number of options in thousands)		Exercise Price	2014	Exercise Price	2013			
Common share options	\$	18.97	<b>899</b> \$	18.97	1,036			

Six months ended June 30	Number of Shares if Exercised						
(unaudited) (in Canadian dollars, number of options in thousands)		Exercise Price	2014	Exercise Price	2013		
Common share options	\$	18.97	<b>899</b> \$	18.97	1,036		

Regular dividends paid per common share were \$0.21 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. Regular dividends paid per common share were \$0.42 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

#### 24. RISK MANAGEMENT

In the normal course of its business, the Company is exposed to a number of risks that can affect its operating performance. Certain of these risks, and the actions taken to manage them, are as follows:

## (a) Interest rate risk

The Company structures its financings so as to stagger the maturities of its debt, thereby mitigating its exposure to interest rate and other credit market fluctuations. A portion of the Company's mortgages, loans and credit facilities are floating rate instruments. From time to time, the Company may enter into interest rate swap contracts or other financial instruments to modify the interest rate profile of its outstanding debt or highly probable future debt issuances without an exchange of the underlying principal amount.

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that tenants and/or debtors may experience financial difficulty and be unable or unwilling to fulfill their lease commitments or loan obligations. The Company mitigates the risk of credit loss by investing in well-located properties in urban markets that attract high quality tenants, ensuring that its tenant mix is diversified, and by limiting its exposure to any one tenant. As at June 30, 2014, Loblaw Companies Limited ("Loblaws") accounts for 10.4% of the Company's annualized minimum rent and has an investment grade credit rating. Other than Loblaws, no other tenant accounts for more than 7.0% of the annualized minimum rent. A tenant's success over the term of its lease and its ability to fulfill its lease obligations is subject to many factors. There can be no assurance that a tenant will be able to fulfill all of its existing commitments and leases up to the expiry date.

The Company's leases typically have lease terms between 5 and 20 years and may include clauses to enable periodic upward revision of the rental rates, and lease contract extension at the option of the lessee.

### (c) Liquidity risk

Real estate investments are relatively illiquid. This will tend to limit the Company's ability to sell components of its portfolio promptly in response to changing economic or investment conditions. If the Company were required to quickly liquidate its assets, there is a risk that it would realize sale proceeds of less than the current value of its real estate investments.

An analysis of the Company's contractual maturities of its material financial liabilities and other contractual commitments as at June 30, 2014 is set out below:

(unaudited)	Payments Due by Period									
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	Rema	ainder of 2014		2015 to 2016		2017 to 2018	Thereafter	Total		
Mortgages										
Scheduled amortization	\$	17,239	\$	52,410	\$	37,007 \$	42,094 \$	148,750		
Payments on maturity		106,254		368,143		244,358	393,031	1,111,786		
Total mortgage obligations		123,493		420,553		281,365	435,125	1,260,536		
Mortgage on equity accounted joint venture		220		10,425		_	_	10,645		
Senior unsecured debentures		100,000		125,000		400,000	1,700,000	2,325,000		
Loans and mortgage payable (1)		16,814		3,590		_	_	20,404		
Interest obligations (2)		83,750		295,922		233,127	326,404	939,203		
Land leases (expiring between 2023 and 2061)		490		1,964		1,989	18,623	23,066		
Contractual committed costs to complete current development projects		33,526		19,282		_	_	52,808		
Other committed costs		34,000		_		_	_	34,000		
Total contractual obligations (3)	\$	392,293	\$	876,736	\$	916,481 \$	2,480,152 \$	4,665,662		

<sup>(1)</sup> Loans and mortgage payable include a \$3.6 million loan relating to residential development inventory (Note 15) and a \$16.7 million third–party loan which is secured by \$16.7 million in Government of Canada bonds (Note 15).

The Company's total estimated costs to complete development projects currently under construction are \$269.8 million with \$52.8 million contractually committed as at June 30, 2014.

The Company manages its liquidity risk by staggering debt maturities; renegotiating expiring credit arrangements proactively; using undrawn lines of credit; and issuing equity when considered appropriate. As at June 30, 2014, there was \$38.4 million (December 31, 2013 – nil) of cash advances drawn against the Company's revolving credit facilities.

In addition, as at June 30, 2014, the Company has \$40.6 million (December 31, 2013 – \$43.4 million) of outstanding letters of credit that have been issued by financial institutions primarily to support certain of the Company's contractual obligations.

## 25. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The fair value hierarchy of financial instruments measured at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets is as follows:

(unaudited)		<b>June 30, 2014</b> December 31, 2						
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	Notes	;	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets								
FVTPL investments in equity securities	7	\$	31,005 \$	<b>-</b> \$	<b>-</b> \$	27,764 \$	<b>-</b> \$	_
AFS investments in equity securities	6,7		400	_	3,843	455	_	3,631
Derivatives at fair value – assets	9		_	342	_	_	3,148	_
Financial Liabilities								
Derivatives at fair value – liabilities	15		_	191	_	_	936	_
Short positions in marketable securities	15		9,087	_	_	8,089	_	_

The fair values of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, deposits, loans receivable from sales of residential inventory, restricted cash and accounts payable and other liabilities approximate their carrying values as at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 due to their short term nature.

<sup>(2)</sup> Interest obligations include expected interest payments on mortgages and credit facilities as at June 30, 2014 (assuming balances remain outstanding through to maturity), and senior unsecured debentures, as well as standby credit facility fees.

<sup>(3)</sup> Consistent with existing practice, it is the Company's current intention to continue to satisfy its obligations of principal and interest payments in respect of all of its outstanding convertible debentures by the issuance of common shares, and as such convertible debentures have been excluded from this table.

The fair values of the Company's investments in FVTPL and AFS equity instruments as well as the short positions in marketable securities, are based on quoted market prices. The Company has an investment in a fund classified as a Level 3 AFS equity instrument, for which the fair value is based on the fair value of the properties held in the fund.

The fair value of derivative instruments is determined using present value forward pricing and swap calculations at interest rates that reflect current market conditions. The models also take into consideration the credit quality of counterparties, interest rate curves and forward rate curves. As at June 30, 2014, the interest rates ranged from 2.30% to 3.98% (December 31, 2013 - 2.77% to 4.50%).

## 26. SUPPLEMENTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) INFORMATION

## (a) Accumulated other comprehensive loss

Six months ended June 30			2014			2013
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Opening Balance January 1	Net Change During the Year	Closing Balance June 30	Opening Balance January 1	Net Change During the Year	Closing Balance June 30
Change in cumulative unrealized (losses) gains on available-for-sale marketable securities	\$ (124) \$	103 \$	(21) \$	19 \$	(238) \$	(219)
Unrealized losses on cash flow hedges	(283)	(4,456)	(4,739)	(4,199)	2,666	(1,533)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (407) \$	(4,353) \$	(4,760) \$	(4,180) \$	2,428 \$	(1,752)

## (b) Tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive (loss) income

Three months ended June 30			2014			2013
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Before-Tax Amount	Tax (Expense) Recovery	Net of Tax Amount	Before-Tax Amount	Tax (Expense) Recovery	Net of Tax Amount
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale marketable securities	\$ 86	\$ (11) \$	<b>75</b> \$	30 \$	(8) \$	22
Reclassification of gains on available- for-sale marketable securities to net income	16	(2) \$	14	_	_	_
Unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges	(1,367)	359 \$	(1,008)	3,071	(800)	2,271
Reclassification of losses on cash flow hedges to net income	87	(23) \$	64	728	(191)	537
Other comprehensive (loss) income	\$ (1,178)	\$ 323 \$	(855) \$	3,829 \$	(999) \$	2,830

Six months ended June 30			2014			2013
(unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	Before-Tax Amount	Tax (Expense) Recovery	Net of Tax Amount	Before-Tax Amount	Tax (Expense) Recovery	Net of Tax Amount
Unrealized gains (losses) on available- for-sale marketable securities	\$ 67	\$ (9) \$	58	\$ (350)	\$ 92	\$ (258)
Reclassification of gains (losses) on available-for-sale marketable securities to net income	52	(7)	45	27	(7)	20
Unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges	(6,209)	1,631	(4,578)	2,863	(792)	2,071
Reclassification of losses on cash flow hedges to net income	165	(43)	122	807	(212)	595
Other comprehensive (loss) income	\$ (5,925)	\$ 1,572 \$	(4,353)	\$ 3,347	\$ (919)	\$ 2,428

## 27. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

## (a) Items not affecting cash and other items

(unaudited)		Three months en	ded June 30	Six months en	ded June 30	
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	Notes	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Rental revenue recognized on a straight-line basis	\$	(1,714) \$	(2,430) \$	(3,489) \$	(5,788)	
Investment properties – selling costs	21	988	3,564	1,130	4,719	
Realized gains on sale of marketable securities	21	(156)	(172)	(637)	(2,247)	
Change in cumulative unrealized losses (gains) on marketable securities classified as FVTPL	21	54	(371)	(1,231)	965	
Losses on prepayments of debt	21	76	3,923	338	4,035	
Gain on sale of residential inventory	21	_	(2,499)	_	(2,965)	
Non-cash compensation expense		704	855	1,400	1,568	
Gain on foreign currency exchange	21	_	(18)	(2)	(50)	
Deferred income taxes	22	17,870	17,332	28,354	30,459	
Unrealized (gains) losses on hedges	21	(60)	(384)	39	(263)	
	\$	17,762 \$	19,800 \$	<b>25,902</b> \$	30,433	

# (b) Net change in non-cash operating items

The net change in non-cash operating assets and liabilities consists of the following:

(unaudited)	Three months er	nded June 30	Six months ended June 30		
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Amounts receivable	\$ <b>3,875</b> \$	(1,720) \$	(3,387) \$	(6,564)	
Prepaid expenses	(14,623)	(11,298)	(22,258)	(19,585)	
Trade payables and accruals	6,879	(1,263)	7,252	1,125	
Tenant security and other deposits	2,363	288	640	224	
Other working capital changes	738	(1,379)	87	(2,786)	
	\$ (768) \$	(15,372) \$	(17,666) \$	(27,586)	

# (c) Changes in loans, mortgages and other real estate assets

(unaudited)	Three months er	nded June 30	Six months ended Jur	
(thousands of Canadian dollars)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Increase in loans and mortgages receivable, net	\$ (8,642) \$	(73,529) \$	(17,545) \$	(62,917)
Investment in marketable securities, net	(7,275)	(25,318)	(16,463)	(35,268)
Proceeds from disposition of marketable securities	7,806	5,393	15,057	24,908
	\$ (8,111) \$	(93,454) <b>\$</b>	(18,951) \$	(73,277)

# (d) Cash and cash equivalents

As at (unaudited) (thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 30, 201	December 31, 2013
Cash	\$ 260,833	\$ 4,679
Term deposits	350	296
	\$ 261,183	\$ 4,975

#### 28. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- (a) The Company is involved in litigation and claims which arise from time to time in the normal course of business. None of these contingencies, individually or in aggregate, would result in a liability that would have a significant adverse effect on the financial position of the Company.
- (b) The Company is contingently liable, jointly and severally, for approximately \$59.2 million (December 31, 2013 \$60.0 million) to various lenders in connection with certain obligations, including loans advanced to its joint arrangement partners secured by the partners' interest in the joint arrangements and underlying assets.
- (c) The Company is contingently liable by way of letters of credit in the amount of \$40.6 million (December 31, 2013 \$43.4 million), issued by financial institutions on the Company's behalf in the ordinary course of business.
- (d) The Company has obligations as lessee under long-term finance leases for land. Annual commitments under these ground leases are approximately \$1.0 million (December 31, 2013 \$1.0 million) with a total obligation of \$23.1 million (December 31, 2013 \$23.5 million).
- (e) In two of the Company's shopping centres, the grocery store anchor tenant has a right to purchase its premises on terms that are potentially favourable to each such tenant.
- (f) As of June 30, 2014, the Company had outstanding commitments to purchase two properties for an aggregate amount of \$34.0 million, subject to customary closing conditions.
- (g) The Company has a call option, which expires in October 2022, to purchase an adjacent property. At the same time, there is a put option on the property by the owner that is exercisable between October 2015 and October 2022.

#### 29. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

## (a) Major Shareholder

Gazit-Globe Ltd. ("Gazit") is the principal shareholder of the Company and, as of June 30, 2014, beneficially owns 44.9% (December 31, 2013 – 45.3%) of the common shares of the Company. Norstar Holdings Inc. is the ultimate controlling party. As of June 30, 2014, Alony-Hetz Properties and Investments Ltd. ("Alony-Hetz") also beneficially owns 8.5% (December 31, 2013 – 8.5%) of the common shares of the Company. Alony-Hetz and Gazit have entered into a shareholders' agreement pursuant to which, among other terms, (i) Gazit has agreed to vote its common shares of the Company in favour of the election of up to two representatives of Alony-Hetz to the Board of Directors of the Company, and (ii) Alony-Hetz has agreed to vote its common shares of the Company in favour of the election of the nominees of Gazit as the remaining directors of the Company.

Corporate and other amounts receivable include amounts due from Gazit. Gazit reimburses the Company for certain accounting and administrative services provided to it by the Company.

Such amounts consist of the following:

(unaudited)	1	hree montl	ns end	led June 30	Six months ended June			ed June 30
(thousands of Canadian dollars)		2014		2013		2014		2013
Reimbursements for professional services	\$	175	\$	179	\$	380	\$	351

As at June 30, 2014, amounts due from Gazit were \$0.2 million (December 31, 2013 – \$0.2 million).

## (b) Subsidiaries of the Company

The interim consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of First Capital Realty and First Capital Holdings Trust. First Capital Holdings Trust is the only significant subsidiary of First Capital Realty and is wholly owned by the Company.

# **30. SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

## Dividend

The Company announced that it will pay a third quarter dividend of \$0.215 per common share on October 7, 2014 to shareholders of record on September 26, 2014. On an annualized basis, this represents a 2.4% increase of the Company's dividend from \$0.84 to \$0.86 per common share.

# **Shareholder Information**

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#### TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE LISTINGS

Common shares:

FCR

5.70% Convertible Debentures:

FCR.DB.

5.40% Convertible Debentures:

FCR.DB.E

5.25% Convertible Debentures:

FCR.DB.F

5.25% Convertible Debentures:

FCR.DB.G

4.95% Convertible Debentures:

FCR.DB.H

4.75% Convertible Debentures:

FCR.DB.I

4.45% Convertible Debentures:

FCR.DB.J

#### TRANSFER AGENT

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President and Chief Executive Officer

Karen H. Weaver, CPA, ICD.D Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Brian Kozak

Executive Vice President, Western Canada

Gregory J. Menzies

Executive Vice President, Eastern Canada

Jodi M. Shpigel

Senior Vice President, Central Canada

Roger J. Chouinard

General Counsel and Corporate Secretary

Ralph Huizinga

Vice President, Acquisitions & Development, Western Canada

Maryanne McDougald

Vice President, Property Management

Lynne Brejak

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Andrea Stephen, C.P.A., C.A.

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Allan S. Kimberley

Corporate Director

Toronto, Ontario

# LOCATION LOCATION LOCATION

